The 4370A DVB Sync Source is a flexible timing system designed for Single Frequency Network (SFN) synchronization for DVB/DAB applications. These applications require a precision time and frequency reference to synchronize transmitters across multiple locations. Without synchronization, networks are not able to reliably deliver video and audio content to the end user.

The 4370A enables Terrestrial and Mobile networks to be deployed across varied landscapes by providing access to low cost, reliable precision time and frequency reference signals, in multiple formats ensuring a robust and reliable network.

**REDUNDANCY AND RELIABILITY**

The 4370A receives reference-timing signals from GPS, fiber optic and E1 inputs and translates them to generate the output signals. In case of a loss of GPS, the 4370A automatically switches to and locks to the auxiliary fiber optic or 2 MHz, 2 Mbit/sec input to continually provide outputs that are traceable to a primary reference clock. The 4370As can be linked together via the optional fiber optic transceiver on the input, to provide a double redundant system with no single point of failure allowing for the utmost in system reliability. In this configuration, one 4370A is designated primary and one secondary. The primary 4370A synchronizes to the primary sync source—GPS. The secondary 4370A synchronizes to the primary through the fiber. All RF and pulse outputs from the two units are therefore coherently maintained at the same frequency and phase.

The input synchronization sources are assigned a priority order of use. For example, GPS could be given the highest priority. If the GPS receiver in the primary 4370A unit fails, the secondary 4370A unit assumes the primary role, meaning that it starts to track its GPS receiver, which is still functioning properly. The 4370A with the failed GPS then tracks the new primary 4370A. Since each 4370A contains a flywheel oscillator, the necessary switching occurs without any discontinuity in the phase or frequency of the outputs. Should both GPS receivers fail; either 4370A can begin to track one of the secondary inputs while the other 4370A continues to track the primary. In this manner, all outputs of two interconnected 4370A can be derived coherently from any one of the references connected to either unit.

All of the 4370A outputs are provided on hot swappable modules so each one can be removed if needed or additional outputs can be added without the need for powering down your network.
The 4370A can be remotely configured and monitored using SNMP. MIB definitions can be obtained from the DVB Sync Source web server. Once you download the MIB definition bundle, you can extract it for import into MIB browser applications or SNMP management software. The bundle contains MIB definitions for the chassis, plug-in module types, trap recipient registration, and a MIB module that holds only textual conventions used throughout the other MIB modules.

The pre installed GUI facilitates access to status of the power supply, reference clock, GPS receiver, and plug-in modules. The status information automatically updates about every 45 seconds. Third party SNMP management tools can alternatively be used to provide the same monitor and configuration capability.

STANDARD CONFIGURATION

The standard 4370A can be configured with AC/DC hot swap power supplies, 10MHz hot swap output modules and 1PPS hot swap output modules. The 4370A 1U chassis can support up to six hot swap output modules which will provide 24 total outputs in a single 1U chassis. When fully configured, the 4370A still provides dual power supplies and multiple input sources. The front panel includes a time display, status and alarm indicators, and access to redundant power supply modules. It also includes push buttons to display the IP address and manually set the selected input and switching mode. The rear panel provides access to all input and output modules, power supply connections, alarm connections, and Ethernet port.

DVB SYNC SOURCE GRAPHICAL USER INTERFACE

The 4370A can be remotely configured and monitored using SNMP. MIB definitions can be obtained from the DVB Sync Source web server. Once you download the MIB definition bundle, you can extract it for import into MIB browser applications or SNMP management software. The bundle contains MIB definitions for the chassis, plug-in module types, trap recipient registration, and a MIB module that holds only textual conventions used throughout the other MIB modules.
A ROBUST DVB SYNC SOURCE
Robust DVB synchronization (high reliability + high precision) calls for key attributes in the SFN’s timing reference. The DVB sync source addresses each of these key attributes within the core architecture and option modules.

HIGHLY ACCURATE TIMEKEEPING
Direct GPS input should provide < 50 nS accuracy to UTC (coordinated universal time — the international standard). This will maintain to the sub-millisecond level the spacing between bits traveling through the air — so bit echoes do not interfere with each other.

LOW PHASE NOISE
The timing source utilized to generate a signal on a channel can contribute to noise on that channel — which can interfere with clear reception of information. Low phase noise in the timing source reduces the likelihood of that occurring.

REDUNDANT TIME SOURCES THAT ARE ALSO HIGHLY ACCURATE
Planners should take into account what happens if GPS reception is lost. That requires a holdover clock that tracks GPS and maintains accuracy if GPS is lost — at least for a day, or longer should operators decide to protect against outages of greater duration. Alternatively, the sync source may also take advantage of other available timing sources, such as E1 networks.

REDUNDANT HOT SWAPPABLE DESIGN
Planners may also want the option to configure two sync sources — one as primary and one as backup — for automatic switchover if the primary fails. Designation of “primary” should depend on which has GPS reception. Even if the primary source goes down, the secondary should still track the primary’s GPS receiver if that receiver still functions properly. Redundant GPS receivers are also an option SFN planners may wish to consider. Making devices hot swappable means that technicians can replace modules in a chassis without powering down the system or disrupting the network. For example, network operators can specify dual hot swappable power supplies to further enhance reliability.

SNMP FOR CONFIGURATION AND MONITORING
Technicians in the network operations center will want network-wide visibility to anywhere an out-of-spec condition may occur so they can take immediate action. The ability to monitor alarms and be able to diagnose errors at a glance ensures robust network operation.
**4370A DVB SYNC SOURCE MODULES**
Symmetricom makes it easy to configure the 4370A DVB Sync Source to meet varying time and frequency requirements. Below is a description of available modules.

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### 10MHz Output Module

The 10MHz output card provides four low phase noise sine wave outputs through four BNC connectors. These outputs are phase locked to the host receiver’s disciplined reference oscillator. They are automatically enabled upon initialization and are independently selectable by the user with no configuration setup required.

This option is a hot swap module that can be added or removed from the 4370A without hardware or software modification and without disturbance to the main system.

Outputs are preconfigured at the factory but can be configured by the user via the network SNMP interface.

**10MHz OUTPUT SPECIFICATIONS**

- **Amplitude:** 1Vrms into 50 ohms
- **Harmonic distortion:** < -40dBc
- **Accuracy:** Function of input synchronization source
- **Squelch:** When signal accuracy out of specification
- **Connector:** BNC

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### 1PPS Output Module

The 1PPS output card provides pulse outputs through four BNC connectors. These outputs are phase locked to the host receiver’s disciplined reference oscillator. They are automatically enabled upon initialization and are independently selectable by the user with no configuration setup required.

This option is a hot swap module that can be added or removed from the 4370A without hardware or software modification and without disturbance to the main system.

Outputs are preconfigured at the factory but can be configured by the user via the network SNMP interface.

**1PPS OUTPUT SPECIFICATIONS**

- **Level:** >2.4V High
  <0.8V Low
- **Pulse width:** <100µS ±10µS
- **Rise time:** <15nS
- **Jitter:** <200pS
- **Squelch:** When signal accuracy out of specification
- **Connector:** BNC
Telecommunications Output Module

The E1 Output provides 2 MHz and 2 Mbit/sec outputs meeting the requirements of ITU-T G.703.10 and ITU-T G.703.6.

Oscillator Specifications

The below tables describe the Allan deviation and phase noise performance of the internal OCXO.

### Oscillator Specifications

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>OCXO</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Allan Deviation [σ(T)]</td>
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<tr>
<td>1s</td>
<td>2E-11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10s</td>
<td>2E-11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100s</td>
<td>2E-11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Holdover</td>
<td>1E-10/day</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Phase Noise [dBc/Hz]</th>
<th>OCXO</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1Hz</td>
<td>-95</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10Hz</td>
<td>-125</td>
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<tr>
<td>100Hz</td>
<td>-125</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1kHz</td>
<td>-130</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10kHz</td>
<td>-140</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Power Supply Module

The 4370A can be configured with dual redundant AC or DC hot swap power supply modules. Each module is inserted in the front of the 4370A for easy access.

### Power Supply Module Specifications

- **AC Power supply module**
  - 100 - 240VAC, 45-65Hz
  - Hot swap module
  - Status LED

- **DC Power supply module**
  - 49.5 - 70VDC
  - Hot swap module
  - Status LED
4370A SPECIFICATIONS

GPS RECEIVER
- TNC Connector Receiver input: 1575.42MHz L1 C/A code
- Tracking: 12 parallel channels
- Acquisition time: Cold start < 20 min
- 1PPS output accuracy: UTC(USNO) ≤ 50ns RMS 100ns peak when in fixed position mode, < 500ns, 2sigma in 3D mode
- Frequency output accuracy:
  - 1PPS output accuracy: 1E-11 @ 1 day
  - Allan deviation (Locked to GPS)
  - Averaging time: 100s < 1E-11
- Holdover
  - OCXO: 1E-10/day

STANDARD INPUT/OUTPUT SIGNALS
- Network Interface: Standard 10/100Base-T RJ-45, 8 pin connector
- Protocols: TCP/IP and SNMP
- 1PPS
  - Level: > 2.4V High
  - < 0.8V Low
  - Pulse width: < 100µs ± 10µs
  - Rise time: < 15µs
  - Fall time: < 200µs
  - Connector: BNC
  - Squelch: When signal accuracy out of specification
- 10MHz
  - Level: 13dBm ± 2dBm
  - Format: Sine wave
  - Harmonic: ≈ 400Bc
  - Impedance: 50Ω
  - Connector: BNC
  - Squelch: When signal accuracy out of specification
- Phase noise [dBc/Hz]
  - Offset (Hz)
    - 0Hz: OCXO
    - 1: -95
    - 10: -125
    - 100: -125
    - 1kHz: -130
    - 10kHz: -140
- E1
  - Format: 2MHz per ITU-T Rec. G.703 §10
  - 2Mb/s per ITU-T Rec. G.703 §6
  - Connector: BNC
  - Impedance: 75Ω
  - Squelch: When signal accuracy out of specification

MECHANICAL/ENVIRONMENTAL
- Power
  - Dual redundant supplies
  - 100 - 240VAC, 50-60Hz
  - 40 - 70VDC
  - 40W (full loaded chassis)
- Size
  - Height: 1.75”
  - Width: 17.00”
  - Depth: 19.00”
- Weight: Approximately 8.4 kg (18.5 pounds) with two power supplies and six plug-in modules
- Operating temperature: 0°C - 50°C
- Humidity: 0 - 90% non-condensing
- Display: Year, Day, Hour, Minute, Second
- Loss of input signal
- Optional antenna
  - Size: 3” dia x 3” H
  - Input: N Female to GPS receiver
  - Power: 5VDC
  - Operating temperature: -55°C to +85°C
  - Storage temperature: -55°C to +85°C
  - Humidity: 95% non-condensing
- Certification: CE

OPTIONS
- Telecommunications interface [2MHz & 2Mb/s outputs]
- Fiber optic interface

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