

UG0656
User Guide
PWM Scaling v4.1



Power Matters.™

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1 Revision History

The revision history describes the changes that were implemented in the document. The changes are listed by revision, starting with the most current publication.

1.1 Revision 3.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 3.0 of this document.

- The chapter title is changed from introduction to overview. For more information, see [Overview](#), page 2.
- The braces are adjusted in the scaling of phase voltages equation. For more information, see [Key Features](#), page 2.
- The key features heading is added. For more information, see [Key Features](#), page 2.
- The supported families section is added. For more information, see [Supported Families](#), page 2.
- The supported family details are removed from resource utilization section. For more information, see [Resource Utilization](#), page 4.
- The PWM switching equation is removed and a note is added about pwm_period variable. For more information, see [Key Features](#), page 2.

1.2 Revision 2.0

The following was a summary of the changes in revision 2.0 of this document.

- Added the IP version to the document title.
- Removed g_STD_IO_WIDTH configuration parameter from [Configuration Parameter](#), page 4 and [Resource Utilization](#), page 4.

1.3 Revision 1.0

Revision 1.0 was the first publication of this document.

2 Overview

Pulse width modulation (PWM) scaling is used to scale down the voltages computed from the field oriented control (FOC) to fit within the PWM carrier wave magnitude range. It also adds a bias to shift negative voltages to positive level.

2.1 Key Features

The PWM scaling IP block performs the following functions:

- Scaling of phase voltages according to the following equation:

$$V_{ph_o} = (pwm_period_i \times 32768 + (pwm_gain_i \times V_{ph_i})/2)/65536$$

- To use the advantage of voltage boost provided by space vector modulation (SVM), `pwm_gain_i` can be multiplied by a factor of 1.15 as shown in the following equation:

$$pwm_gain_i = \frac{pwm_period_i \times 1182}{1024}$$

Note: The `pwm_period` variable is related to PWM switching frequency configured in PWM3ph IP. For more information about PWM switching frequency, see [UG0362: Three-phase PWM User Guide](#).

2.2 Supported Families

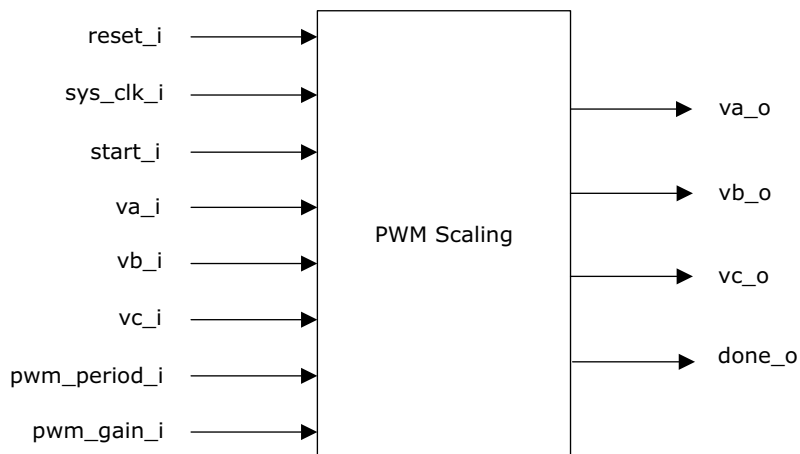
The PWM scaling IP block supports the following families:

- SmartFusion2® SoC FPGA
- IGLOO2® FPGA
- RTG4™ FPGA

3 Hardware Implementation

The following figure shows the block diagram of PWM scaling.

Figure 1 • System-Level Block Diagram of PWM Scaling



The PWM scaling calculates the scaled phase voltages. The number of clock cycles between the start_i and done_o is $4 \times g_NO_MCYCLE_PATH$ constant. After a computation is triggered, the next start must be triggered only after $4 \times g_NO_MCYCLE_PATH$ clock cycles.

3.1 Inputs and Outputs

The following table lists the input and output ports of PWM scaling.

Table 1 • Inputs and Outputs of PWM Scaling

Signal Name	Direction	Description
reset_i	Input	Active low asynchronous reset signal
sys_clk_i	Input	System clock
start_i	Input	A single bit start signal that must go high for one clock cycle to start PWM scaling computations
va_i	Input	Phase A voltage input
vb_i	Input	Phase B voltage input
vc_i	Input	Phase C voltage input
pwm_period_i	Input	PWM period value in number of system clock cycles
pwm_gain_i	Input	PWM gain input
va_o	Output	Scaled phase A voltage output
vb_o	Output	Scaled phase B voltage output
vc_o	Output	Scaled phase C voltage output
done_o	Output	Indicates completion of scaling operations is high for one clock cycle

3.2 Configuration Parameter

The following table shows the description of the configuration parameter used in the hardware implementation of PWM scaling. This is a generic parameter and can be varied as per the requirement of the application.

Table 2 • Configuration Parameter

Signal Name	Description
g_NO_MCYCLE_PATH	Defines the number of clock delays required before asserting the multiplier done signal.

3.3 Resource Utilization

The following table lists the resource utilization report after synthesis.

Table 3 • Resource Utilization Report of PWM Scaling

Resource	Count
Sequential elements	70
Combinational logic	50
MACC	1
RAM1Kx18	0
RAM64x18	0