



High Voltage / High Current Next Generation Satellite Requirements

Microsemi Space Forum 2015

Kent Brooten, National Sales Manager

Agenda

- HV / HC challenges in a space environment
- Review a HV development project
- The Approach
- The Challenges
- The results
- Questions



Switching High Voltage and High Current in Space

A customer looking for a solution



The Project

- HV space grade relay capable of 10,000 V isolation
- 30A continuous, 47A peak
- 200°C operating temp
- 25 year life: 5 years on the ground, 20 years in space
- High shock and vibe



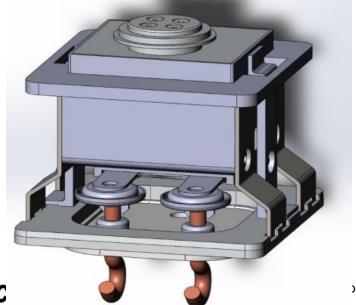
Microsemi Legacy Products

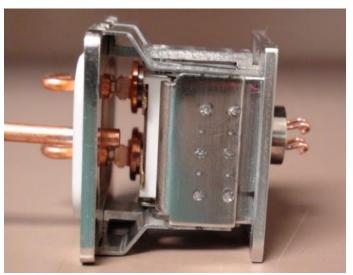
- Space Grade electromechanical relays since 1957
- Ultra high reliability
- Excellent performance in severe shock and vibe
- 25A devices in production
- 5A to 200A contactors (Military grade) with current sensing and remote control
- Longtime experience with hermetically sealed stainless steel cases
- Longtime experience with space application latching relays



Microsemi Design Approach

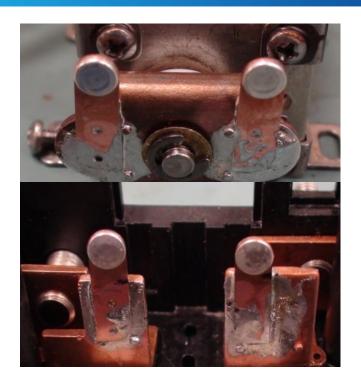
- Use legacy structure, just larger
- Use legacy contact materials with larger contacts
- Use legacy coil structure inside a sealed chamber
- Use high vacuum sealing
 - Up to 10⁻¹⁰ torr
- Use same vendor for ceramic header, same terminal types, same sealing procedure

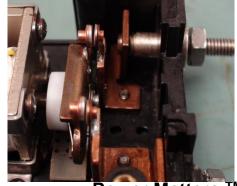




Heat Issues

- Contact size, material and shape all influence thermal performance
- Terminal design conducts heat away from the contacts
- Customer interconnect assists in thermal transfer
- Wear of contacts is both simulated and tested to insure long life over temp range





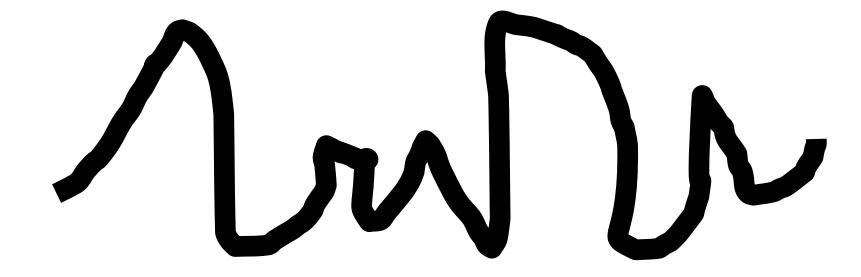


Stainless Steel Case – Low Voltage Assembly

- Historically baked the stainless case for 72 hours
- This drives out any surface gases trapped in metal surface microstructures
- All space units are assembled in clean room
- Unit is Electron Beam welded
- Mechanical life test results were initially poor the size of the LV assembly was not sufficiently anchored



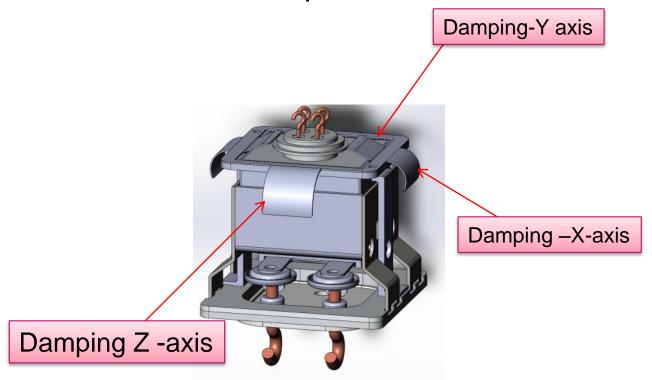
Shock Video





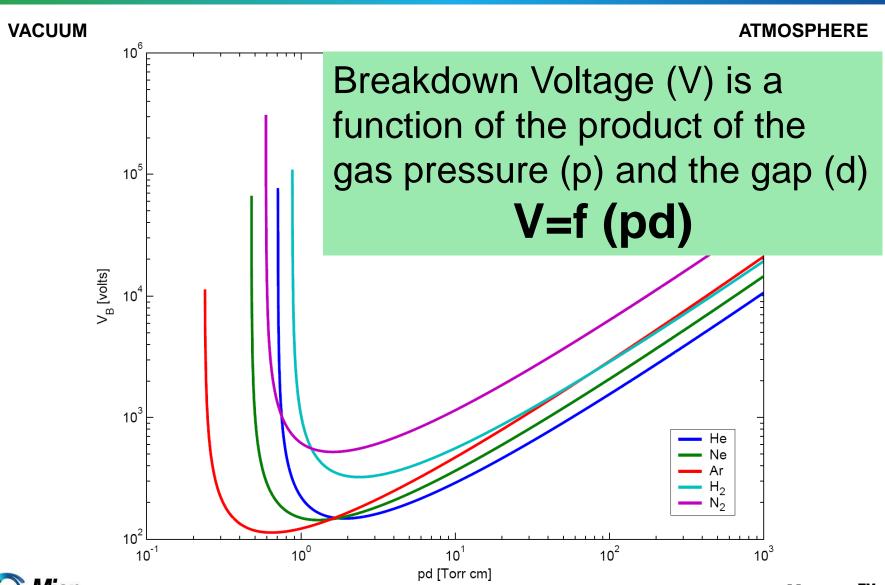
Preliminary Shock and Vibe

- Size of unit increased 3X from legacy unit
- Initial testing didn't survive shock and vibe
- Sturdier mounting spring clamps needed to be designed and implemented to meet requirements

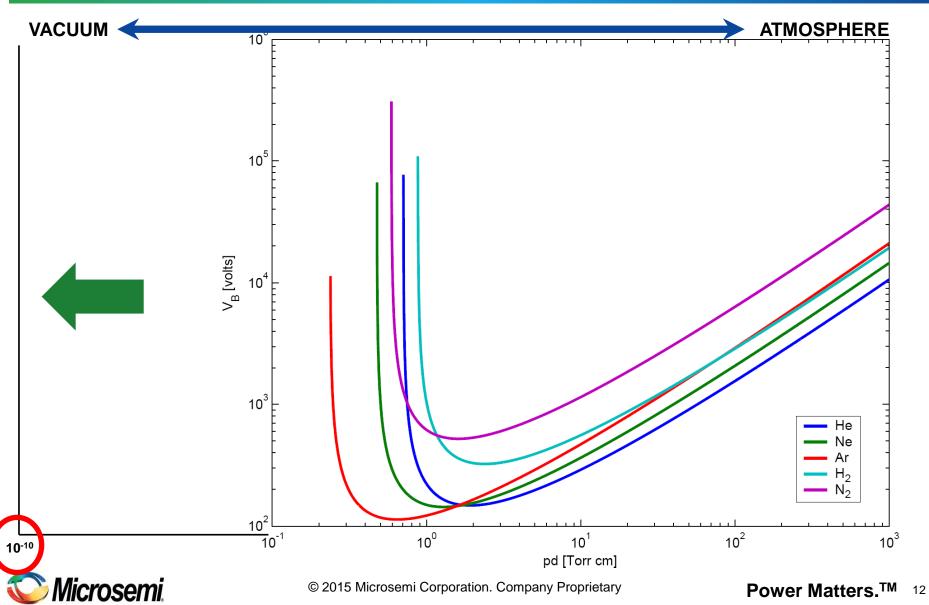




Paschen's Law, Paschen's Curve



Paschen's Curve



The Secret Ingredient

- Even when baked at high temp for an extended period of time under high vacuum, it isn't enough
- Stainless steel will slowly release (desorb) molecules into the chamber. Outside atmosphere will leak through the welded joints eventually. 2 ½ yrs @ 1 atm (760 torr) is limit
- If molecules in the chamber increase by a few orders of magnitude, the contacts will arch, causing transfer of materials from one contact to the other which results in a smaller gap and more arching
- How to re-clean the environment inside the sealed chamber?
- The problem was solved in the 1940's when vacuum tubes were the building blocks of electronics
- Enter the Getter

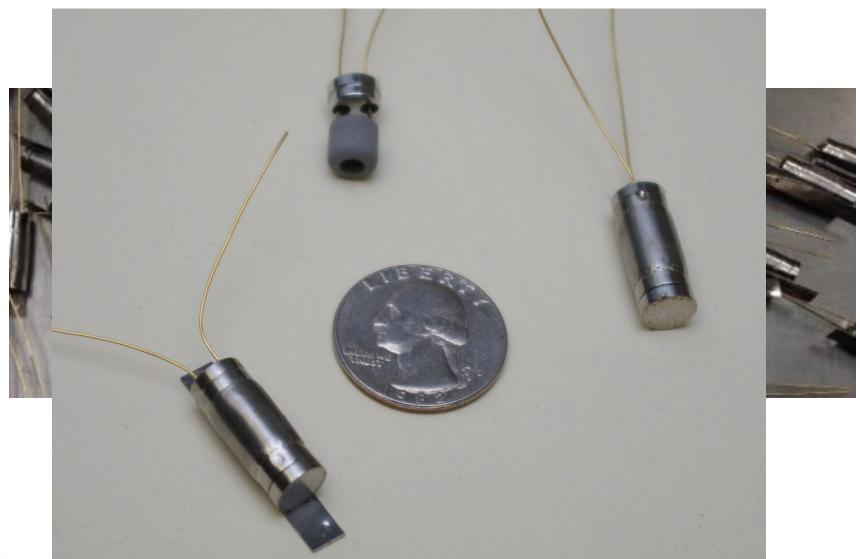


The Getter

- The Getter, when heated will cause a electrochemical reaction which will bond the stray molecules to the getter materials, effectively cleaning the unit on the inside.
- The user can activate the getter just before final assembly or launch (or even while in orbit) to return the chamber to near original factory condition.
- A patented¹ all stainless steel package had to be build that would keep the getter particles from getting out and still allow the gas in.
- A Packaging structure was designed to secure the getter during shock and vibe

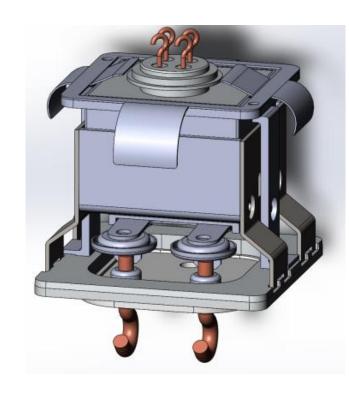


The Getter



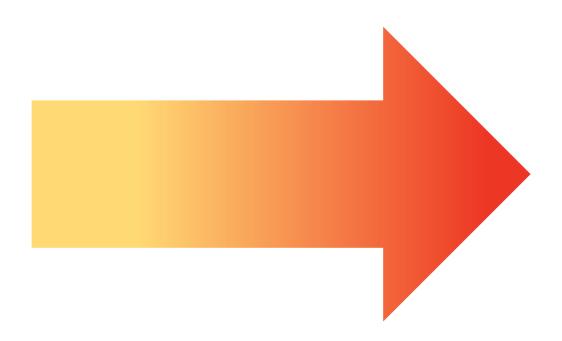
The Final Hurdle

- During qual it was discovered a small number of units would bind during life testing.
- After significant analysis and simulation it was discovered that since the coil box was sealed at a different pressure than the contact assembly, there was a minor deflection of the relay hinge (0.001 to 0.003)
- Sealing both assemblies at the same vacuum solved the problem





Vibration Video





The Final Result

- HV isolation is 8,000V to 10,000V
 - Can design to >10kV
- Constant Carry Current is 30A with 47A peak
- Life is 25 years
- Contact life is 100,0000 cycles
 - Can be designed to 1,000,000 if necessary
- Mass is 120 grams
- Size is 1.5" X 1.5" X 1.25"

- Coil resistance is 150Ω
- Coil Voltage is 28V
- Shock is > 400G's, 0.5 mS pulse
 - Survivability up to 800
 G's 0.25 mS
- Vibration is > 24G sine, 25 g_{RMS} Random Vibe,
 - Survivability up to 35
 g_{RMS}
- Chatter < 500 μS
- Transfer = none



Modified or Customized Relays

- Microsemi presently builds space grade relays from 1A to 50A in multiple output configurations, latching or nonlatching, optional suppression diode, with a large variety of mounting options and termination styles
- Please contact us if you have electromechanical power switching needs that are not satisfied by existing catalog products
- If you are in need of a high current (~450A) space grade contactor, or high current relay (~50A), or high voltage (~15KV), with stringent shock and vibe testing requirements we'd like to understand and support your needs.
- Can modify for DPDT, 3PDT, 4PDT





Thank You



Power Matters.™

Microsemi Corporate Headquarters

One Enterprise, Aliso Viejo, CA 92656 USA Within the USA: +1 (800) 713-4113 Outside the USA: +1 (949) 380-6100 Sales: +1 (949) 380-6136

Fax: +1 (949) 215-4996

email: sales.support@microsemi.com

Microsemi Corporation (MSCC) offers a comprehensive portfolio of semiconductor and system solutions for communications, defense & security, aerospace and industrial markets. Products include high-performance and radiationhardened analog mixed-signal integrated circuits, FPGAs, SoCs and ASICs; power management products; timing and synchronization devices and precise time solutions, setting the world's standard for time; voice processing devices; RF solutions: discrete components: security technologies and scalable anti-tamper products: Ethernet solutions: Power-over-Ethernet ICs and midspans; as well as custom design capabilities and services. Microsemi is headquartered in Aliso Viejo, Calif., and has approximately 3,600 employees globally. Learn more at www.microsemi.com.

Microsemi makes no warranty, representation, or guarantee regarding the information contained herein or the suitability of its products and services for any particular purpose, nor does Microsemi assume any liability whatsoever arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit. The products sold hereunder and any other products sold by Microsemi have been subject to limited testing and should not be used in conjunction with mission-critical equipment or applications. Any performance specifications are believed to be reliable but are not verified, and Buyer must conduct and complete all performance and other testing of the products, alone and together with, or installed in, any end-products. Buyer shall not rely on any data and performance specifications or parameters provided by Microsemi. It is the Buyer's responsibility to independently determine suitability of any products and to test and verify the same. The information provided by Microsemi hereunder is provided "as is, where is" and with all faults, and the entire risk associated with such information is entirely with the Buyer. Microsemi does not grant, explicitly or implicitly, to any party any patent rights, licenses, or any other IP rights, whether with regard to such information itself or anything described by such information. Information provided in this document is proprietary to Microsemi, and Microsemi reserves the right to make any changes to the information in this document or to any products and services at any time without notice.

©2015 Microsemi Corporation. All rights reserved. Microsemi and the Microsemi logo are registered trademarks of Microsemi Corporation. All other trademarks and service marks are the property of their respective owners.