

**UG0596**  
**User Guide**  
**RTG4 FPGA Power Estimator**



---

a  **MICROCHIP** company



a  MICROCHIP company

**Microsemi Headquarters**

One Enterprise, Aliso Viejo,  
CA 92656 USA

Within the USA: +1 (800) 713-4113

Outside the USA: +1 (949) 380-6100

Sales: +1 (949) 380-6136

Fax: +1 (949) 215-4996

Email: [sales.support@microsemi.com](mailto:sales.support@microsemi.com)

[www.microsemi.com](http://www.microsemi.com)

©2020 Microsemi, a wholly owned subsidiary of Microchip Technology Inc. All rights reserved. Microsemi and the Microsemi logo are registered trademarks of Microsemi Corporation. All other trademarks and service marks are the property of their respective owners.

Microsemi makes no warranty, representation, or guarantee regarding the information contained herein or the suitability of its products and services for any particular purpose, nor does Microsemi assume any liability whatsoever arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit. The products sold hereunder and any other products sold by Microsemi have been subject to limited testing and should not be used in conjunction with mission-critical equipment or applications. Any performance specifications are believed to be reliable but are not verified, and Buyer must conduct and complete all performance and other testing of the products, alone and together with, or installed in, any end-products. Buyer shall not rely on any data and performance specifications or parameters provided by Microsemi. It is the Buyer's responsibility to independently determine suitability of any products and to test and verify the same. The information provided by Microsemi hereunder is provided "as is, where is" and with all faults, and the entire risk associated with such information is entirely with the Buyer. Microsemi does not grant, explicitly or implicitly, to any party any patent rights, licenses, or any other IP rights, whether with regard to such information itself or anything described by such information. Information provided in this document is proprietary to Microsemi, and Microsemi reserves the right to make any changes to the information in this document or to any products and services at any time without notice.

**About Microsemi**

Microsemi, a wholly owned subsidiary of Microchip Technology Inc. (Nasdaq: MCHP), offers a comprehensive portfolio of semiconductor and system solutions for aerospace & defense, communications, data center and industrial markets. Products include high-performance and radiation-hardened analog mixed-signal integrated circuits, FPGAs, SoCs and ASICs; power management products; timing and synchronization devices and precise time solutions, setting the world's standard for time; voice processing devices; RF solutions; discrete components; enterprise storage and communication solutions, security technologies and scalable anti-tamper products; Ethernet solutions; Power-over-Ethernet ICs and midspans; as well as custom design capabilities and services. Learn more at [www.microsemi.com](http://www.microsemi.com).

# Contents

---

1	Revision History .....	1
1.1	Revision 2.0 .....	1
1.2	Revision 1.0 .....	1
2	RTG4 FPGA Power Estimator .....	2
2.1	Introduction .....	2
2.1.1	Features .....	2
2.2	Additional Documentation .....	2
2.3	Launching Power Estimator .....	2
2.3.1	System Requirement .....	3
2.3.2	Downloading Power Estimator and Enabling Macros .....	3
2.3.3	Minimum Input Requirements .....	5
2.4	Power Estimator Excel Workbook .....	6
2.4.1	Cell Color-Coding .....	6
2.4.2	Recommended Flow .....	6
2.5	Step - 1: Settings .....	7
2.6	Step - 2: Active Mode Configuration .....	10
2.6.1	Initialize Power Estimator Wizard .....	10
2.6.2	FPGA Fabric Components .....	11
2.6.3	I/O .....	17
2.6.4	Built-in Blocks .....	19
2.7	Step - 3: Scenarios .....	22
2.8	Step - 4: Power Estimation Summary .....	23

# Figures

---

Figure 1	Macro Security Level Settings in Microsoft Excel 2003	3
Figure 2	Macro Security Level Settings in Microsoft Excel 2007	4
Figure 3	Macro Security Level Settings in Microsoft Excel 2010 and 2013	5
Figure 4	Settings Section in Summary Worksheet	7
Figure 5	Power Estimator Wizard	10
Figure 6	Clock Worksheet	12
Figure 7	Logic Worksheet	13
Figure 8	LSRAM Worksheet	14
Figure 9	uSRAM Worksheet	15
Figure 10	Math Block Worksheet	16
Figure 11	CCC Power Section	17
Figure 12	I/O Worksheet	18
Figure 13	SERDES Worksheet	20
Figure 14	Custom EPCS Speed	21
Figure 15	FDDR Power Section	21
Figure 16	Modes and Scenarios Section	22
Figure 17	Summary Worksheet	23
Figure 18	Summary Tab	24
Figure 19	IO Tab	24
Figure 20	Device Utilization Section	25
Figure 21	Errors Section	25

# Tables

---

Table 1	Supported Software .....	3
Table 2	Cell Color Coding .....	6
Table 3	General and Thermal Inputs Settings .....	8
Table 4	Clock Worksheet Parameters .....	12
Table 5	Logic Worksheet Parameters .....	13
Table 6	LSRAM Worksheet Parameters .....	14
Table 7	uSRAM Worksheet Parameters .....	15
Table 8	Math Block Worksheet Parameters .....	16
Table 9	CCC Section Parameters .....	17
Table 10	I/O Worksheet Parameters .....	18
Table 11	SERDES Worksheet Parameters .....	20
Table 12	FDDR Power Section Parameters .....	22
Table 13	Acceptable Rail Voltage Range .....	23

# 1 Revision History

---

The revision history describes the changes that were implemented in the document. The changes are listed by revision, starting with the most current publication.

## 1.1 Revision 2.0

Updated for the RTG4 Power Estimator v6a.

## 1.2 Revision 1.0

This was the first release of this document.

## 2 RTG4 FPGA Power Estimator

---

### 2.1 Introduction

This user guide describes the RTG4™ Power Estimator for RTG4 Field Programmable Gate Array (FPGA) device families. Early power estimation helps designers to define the architecture within the power budget by applying power saving strategies. It also helps the board designers to design and select the power supplies and heat sink. The Power Estimator workbook is used to estimate the power consumption from early design concept to design implementation. It also provides details about thermal analysis and factors that contribute to power consumption. Device resources, operating frequency, clock resources, toggle rates, and many other parameters are entered into the Power Estimator workbook. These parameters are then combined with the power models to estimate the power. The power models are based on simulation or characterized device data.

The accuracy of power estimation depends on the data entered into the workbook. Therefore, ensure that realistic data is entered into the design. The actual power depends greatly on actual RTL design, place-and-route, and operating conditions. The Power Estimator result is an early estimation of power consumption rather than measured. Use the SmartPower tool in the Libero® System-on-Chip (SoC) software for accurate and detailed power estimations for designs after place-and-route. Power must be measured during device operation.

#### 2.1.1 Features

The RTG4 Power Estimator has the following features:

- Estimation of power consumption from the design concept phase to implementation.
- Integrated Graphical User Interface (GUI) in a worksheet to initialize the Power Estimator and for I/O Bank voltage settings.
- Power estimation of Active and Standby power modes.
- Power estimation using scenarios.
- Separate worksheet for device features and also a subtotal of power consumed by each device feature.
- Calculation of the Junction temperature and thermal input support.

### 2.2 Additional Documentation

- *RTG4 FPGA Product Brief*
- *RTG4 FPGA Pin Descriptions*
- *RTG4 FPGA Fabric User Guide*
- *RTG4 FPGA High Speed DDR Interfaces User's Guide*
- *RTG4 FPGA High Speed Serial Interfaces User Guide*
- *RTG4 FPGA Clocking Resources User Guide*
- *Libero SoC User Guide*

### 2.3 Launching Power Estimator

This section contains the following sub sections:

- System Requirement, page 3
- Downloading Power Estimator and Enabling Macros, page 3
- Minimum Input Requirements, page 5

## 2.3.1 System Requirement

- The Power Estimator workbook requires Microsoft Excel. Table 1 shows the supported software.
- Windows operating system.

**Table 1 • Supported Software**

Supported Software
Microsoft Excel 2003
Microsoft Excel 2007
Microsoft Excel 2010
Microsoft Excel 2013

**Note:** OpenOffice and Google Docs spreadsheet editors are not supported.

## 2.3.2 Downloading Power Estimator and Enabling Macros

The Power Estimator workbook for the RTG4 devices latest version can be downloaded from:  
[https://www.microsemi.com/document-portal/doc\\_download/1244030-rtg4-power-calculator](https://www.microsemi.com/document-portal/doc_download/1244030-rtg4-power-calculator)

The Power Estimator workbook has several built-in macros. By default, the macro security level in Microsoft Excel software is set to High. The macros are automatically disabled if the macro security level is set to High. Ensure that Microsoft Excel settings allow macro executions for the Power Estimator workbook to function properly.

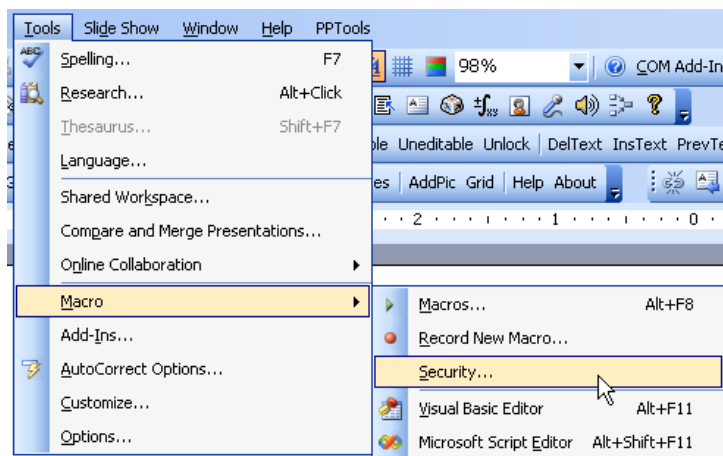
The following sections describe how to change the macro security settings in different versions of Microsoft Excel software:

- Microsoft Excel 2003, page 3
- Microsoft Excel 2007, page 3
- Microsoft Excel 2010 and 2013, page 5

### 2.3.2.1 Microsoft Excel 2003

1. Open the Power Estimator Excel file and select **Tools > Macro > Security** from the main menu.

**Figure 1 • Macro Security Level Settings in Microsoft Excel 2003**

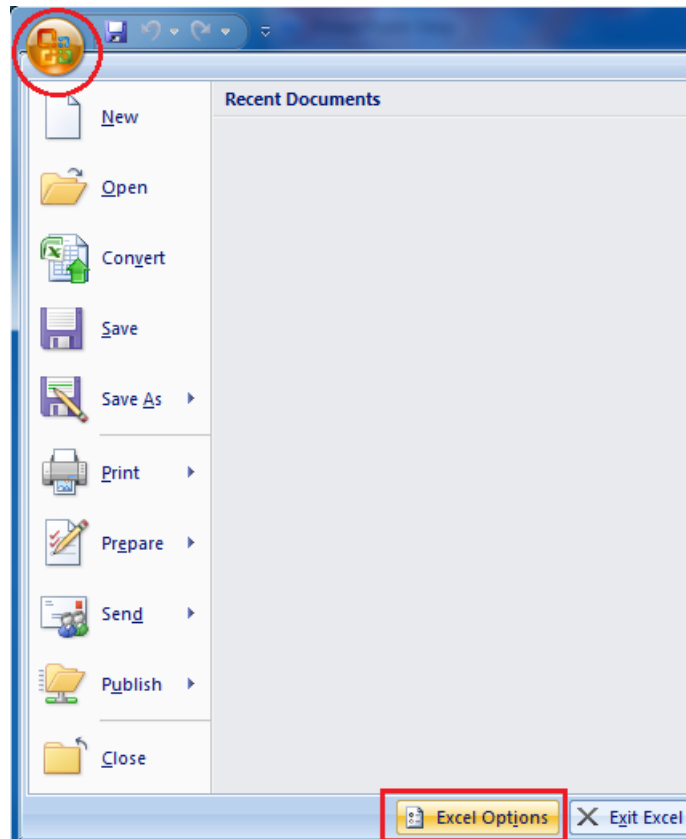


2. From the **Macro Security** dialogue box, click **Security Level** tab, and select **Medium**. Click **OK**.
3. Close the Power Estimator file and reopen it.
4. Click **Enable Macros** when prompted to enable macros.

### 2.3.2.2 Microsoft Excel 2007

1. Open the Power Estimator Excel file and click the **Office** button at the upper left corner.
2. Click **Excel Options**.



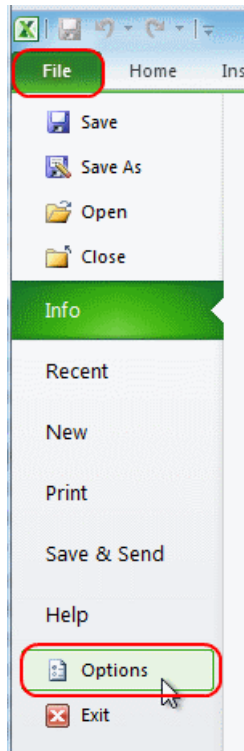
**Figure 2 • Macro Security Level Settings in Microsoft Excel 2007**

3. Click **Trust Center** from the left panel.
4. Click **Trust Center Settings**....
5. From the Trust Center window, click **Macro Settings** from the left panel. Select **Disable all macros with notification** and click **OK**.
6. Close the Power Estimator file and reopen it.
7. A security warning notification appears under the **Office** ribbon. Click **Options**.
8. Choose **Enable this content** in the **Microsoft Office Security Options** window.

### 2.3.2.3 Microsoft Excel 2010 and 2013

1. Open the Power Estimator Excel file.
2. Click the **File** tab and click **Options**.

**Figure 3 • Macro Security Level Settings in Microsoft Excel 2010 and 2013**



3. Click **Trust Center** from the left panel.
4. Click **Trust Center Settings....**
5. From the Trust Center window, click **Macro Settings** from the left panel. Select **Disable all macros with notification** and click **OK**.
6. Close the *Power Estimator* file and reopen it.
7. A security warning notification appears under the **Office** ribbon. Click **Options**.
8. Choose **Enable this content** in the **Microsoft Office Security Options** window.

### 2.3.3 Minimum Input Requirements

Estimating power for the RTG4 devices is highly dependent on the amount of logic present in the FPGA Fabric.

The following are the minimum input requirements for a reasonably accurate power estimation:

- Select a proper device with suitable operating conditions.
- Proper estimation of FPGA Fabric resources (for example, flip-flops, LUTs, LSRAM, uSRAM, MACC, and I/O).
- Proper estimation of high speed serial and DDR interfaces.
- System clock and clock domain.
- Toggle rates of logic and I/Os.
- Enable, write, and read rates for RAMs.

## 2.4 Power Estimator Excel Workbook

This section describes each worksheet of the RTG4 Power Estimator Excel workbook. Separate worksheets for device features are available. Also, a subtotal of power consumed by each device feature is available. The usage and activity details of the different resources available in the targeted RTG4 device can be entered (for example, flip-flops, LUTs, LSRAM, uSRAM, MACC, I/O, high speed serial and DDR interfaces, system clock and clock domain, toggle rates of logic, and I/Os). The Power Summary section in the Summary worksheet provides the total power and power breakdown by rail and resource type.

This section contains the following sub sections:

- Cell Color-Coding, page 6
- Recommended Flow, page 6

### 2.4.1 Cell Color-Coding

The RTG4 Power Estimator Excel workbook has several worksheets. The cells of each worksheet are color coded to simplify the data entry and review.

Table 2 lists the cell colors and description.

**Table 2 • Cell Color Coding**

Cell color	User Action	Description
	Editable	User can enter data
	Non Editable	User cannot enter data
	Read-Only	Calculated values
	Read-Only	Summary values
	Read-Only	Error

### 2.4.2 Recommended Flow

#### 2.4.2.1 Step - 1: Settings

Select the device, package, temperature grade, operating condition, and thermal inputs settings.

#### 2.4.2.2 Step - 2: Active Mode Configuration

Set up the design specific information that is used to compute the dynamic power.

- FPGA Fabric Components:
  - Set up the FPGA Fabric components and their operating frequencies.
- I/Os:
  - Set up the I/O technology and their operating frequencies.
- Built-in Blocks (SERDES and FDDR):
  - Configure the SERDES and DDR subsystems with appropriate settings.

#### 2.4.2.3 Step - 3: Scenarios

Optional: Update the percentage of time the device must be in a given mode during its operational time (for instance, 50% of the time Active and 50% in Standby).

### 2.4.2.4 Step - 4: Power Estimation Summary

The power summary section in the Summary worksheet provides the total power and its breakdown based on the power sources and rails. The total power for the scenario is described in [Step - 3: Scenarios](#), page 22.

The following sections describe these steps in detail:

- Step - 1: Settings, page 7
- Step - 2: Active Mode Configuration, page 10
- Step - 3: Scenarios, page 22
- Step - 4: Power Estimation Summary, page 23

## 2.5 Step - 1: Settings

Figure 4 shows the **Settings** section in the Summary worksheet.

**Figure 4 • Settings Section in Summary Worksheet**

Settings	
General	
Family	RTG4
Device	RT4G150L
Package	1657 CG
Range	Military
Core Voltage	1.2 V
Process	Typical
Data State	Production
Thermal Inputs	
<input checked="" type="radio"/> User Entered Tj	<input type="radio"/> Estimated Tj
Junction Temperature Tj (°C)	25.00
<input type="radio"/> Custom Theta JA	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Estimated Theta
Effective $\Theta_{JA}$	
Heat Sink	
Air Flow	
Custom $\Theta_{SA}$ (°C/W)	
Board Thermal Model	

Table 3 shows the General and Thermal Inputs settings in the Settings section of the Summary worksheet. Ensure that you select the device with the appropriate operating conditions.

**Table 3 • General and Thermal Inputs Settings**

Parameters	Description
<b>General Settings</b>	
Family	RTG4
Device	Select the device. The following devices are supported: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• RT4G150L</li> </ul>
Package	Select the package.
Range	Select the product grade. The following grades are available: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• E Military</li> </ul> Temperature grade for different ranges: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• E Military (-55°C to 125°C)</li> </ul>
Core Voltage	Core supply voltage (1.2 V)
Process	Select the process. The following conditions are available: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Typical</li> </ul> Process accounts for manufacturing process variations that affect power dissipation. <b>Typical</b> uses average power dissipation factors for your design. Voltage and Temperature are controlled independently of the process.
Data State	<p><b>Advanced:</b> Initial estimated information based on simulation, other products, devices, or speed grades. This information can be used as estimates, but not for production.</p> <p><b>Preliminary:</b> Information based on simulation and/or initial characterization. The information is believed to be correct, but changes are possible.</p> <p><b>Production:</b> Information that is considered to be final.</p>
<b>Thermal Inputs</b>	
Junction Temperature $T_J$ (°C) <b>Note:</b> Thermal data is not yet available. <b>User Entered <math>T_J</math></b> option is only supported.	Enter the Junction Temperature of the device. This field is available only when User <b>Entered <math>T_J</math></b> option is selected. In this case, other thermal input fields are disabled. When <b>Estimated <math>T_J</math></b> option is selected, the junction temperature is calculated based on the thermal inputs entered.
Ambient Temperature $T_a$ (°C)	Enter the temperature of the air surrounding the device. This field is available only if <b>Estimated <math>T_J</math></b> option is selected. Valid temperature ranges are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• E Military: -55°C to 125°C</li> </ul> When <b>Estimated Theta <math>J_A</math></b> option is selected, this field is used to calculate the junction temperature based on the thermal resistance and power dissipation. When <b>Custom Theta <math>J_A</math></b> option is selected, this field is used to calculate the junction temperature based on the Effective $\theta_{JA}$ and power dissipation.

**Table 3 • General and Thermal Inputs Settings (continued)**

Parameters	Description
Effective $\theta_{JA}$	<p>Effective thermal resistance.</p> <p>User selected device, package, airflow, heat sink and board model are used with characterization and simulation data to calculate effective thermal resistance.</p> <p>To enter a custom effective Theta JA, select <b>Custom Theta JA</b> and enter a value, to account for conditions not covered by the available choices or where more extensive thermal modeling has been done.</p> <p>The following fields are disabled when <b>Custom Theta JA</b> is selected and enabled <b>Estimated Theta JA</b> is selected:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• E Heat Sink</li> <li>• E Air Flow</li> <li>• E Custom <math>\theta_{SA}</math> (<math>^{\circ}C/W</math>)</li> <li>• E Board Thermal Model</li> </ul>
Heat Sink	<p>Select one of the following options:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• None</li> <li>• Custom</li> <li>• 10 mm-Low Profile</li> <li>• 15 mm-Medium Profile</li> <li>• 20 mm-High Profile</li> </ul> <p>This field is enabled only when <b>Estimated T<sub>J</sub></b> and <b>Estimated Theta JA</b> options are selected.</p>
Airflow	<p>Select an ambient airflow in meter per second (m/s):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1.0 m/s</li> <li>• 2.5 m/s</li> </ul> <p>This field is enabled only when <b>Estimated T<sub>J</sub></b> and <b>Estimated Theta JA</b> options are selected.</p> <p>The junction temperature is reduced if the ambient airflow is increased.</p>
Custom $\theta_{SA}$ ( $^{\circ}C/W$ )	<p>If a custom heat sink is selected, enter the heat sink-to-ambient thermal resistance from the heat sink datasheet.</p> <p>This field is enabled only when <b>Estimated T<sub>J</sub></b> and <b>Estimated Theta JA</b> options are selected.</p>
Board Thermal Model	<p>Select one of the following options:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• None (Conservative)</li> <li>• JEDEC (2s2p)</li> </ul> <p>This field is enabled only when <b>Estimated T<sub>J</sub></b> and <b>Estimated Theta JA</b> options are selected.</p> <p>If <b>None (Conservative)</b> option is selected, the thermal model assumes that no heat is dissipated through the board.</p> <p>If <b>JEDEC (2s2p)</b> option is selected, the thermal model assumes that the characteristics is of the JEDEC 2s2p test board specified in standard JESD51-9.</p>

## 2.6 Step - 2: Active Mode Configuration

In this section, enter design specific information that can be used to compute dynamic power.

It contains the following subsections:

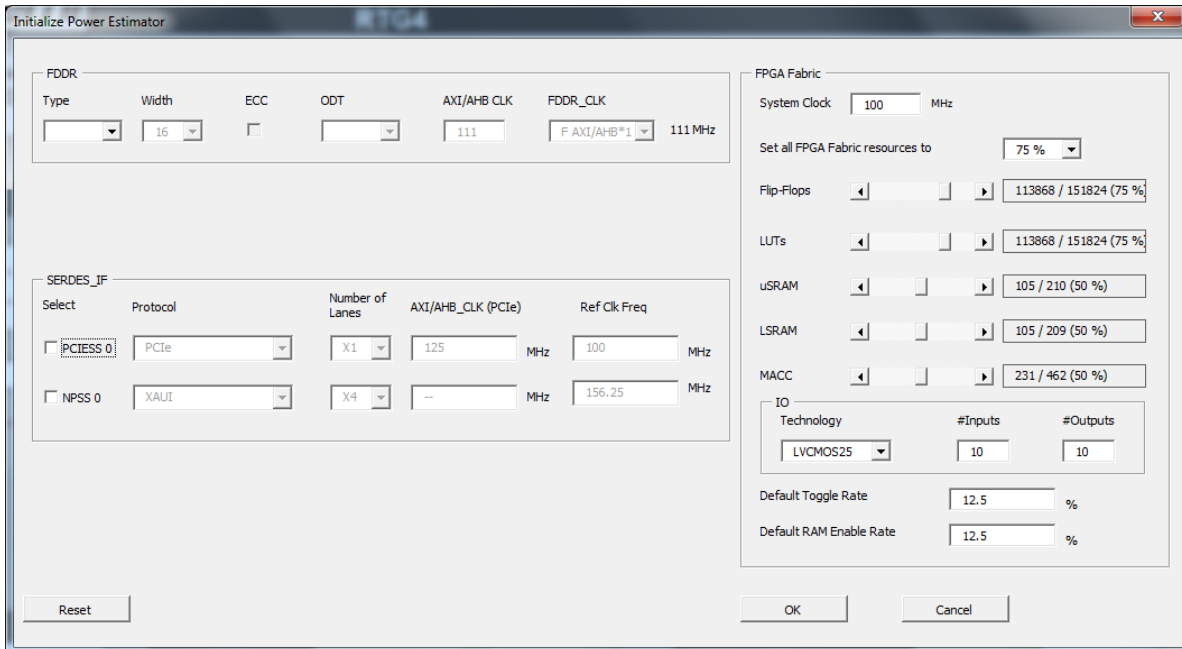
- Initialize Power Estimator Wizard, page 10
- FPGA Fabric Components, page 11
- I/O, page 17
- Built-in Blocks, page 19

### 2.6.1 Initialize Power Estimator Wizard

The Summary worksheet has an integrated power estimator wizard. Click **Initialize Power Estimator** at the top left of the worksheet to invoke the **Initialize Power Estimator** wizard. This wizard enables the user to select design specific information. Upon running the wizard, it populates the Power Estimator spreadsheet with design specific information and estimates power for the design. Change the wizard populated entries to provide more accurate inputs to the Power Estimator.

Figure 5 shows the **Initialize Power Estimator** wizard.

**Figure 5 • Power Estimator Wizard**



The **Power Estimator** wizard provides following fields depending on the product family selected:

- **FDDR**  
Select the memory type, width, ECC, ODT, and FDDR\_CLK.  
Maximum frequency of FDDR\_CLK is 333 MHz.
- **SERDES\_IF**  
Select PCIE sub-system (PCI ESS), non-PCIE sub-system (NPSS), Protocol, Number of Lanes, AXI/AHB\_CLK (PCIe) clock, and Ref Clk Freq.
- **FPGA Fabric**
  - **System Clock**  
Specify the Fabric clock frequency. By default, it is set to 100 MHz. Valid entries are between 0 and 300 MHz.

- **Design Utilization**  
Use the drop down menu against **Set all FPGA Fabric Resources to** set a percentage value for all the resources at one go. A percentage value for each resource to be utilized can be set using the slide bar against the resources.  
The following are the available resources:
  - \* Flip-Flops
  - \* LUTs
  - \* uSRAM
  - \* LSRAM
  - \* MACC
- **I/O**  
Select the I/O technology and enter the number of inputs and outputs.
- **Default Toggle Rate**  
Enter a toggle rate in percentage. This toggle rate applies to all logic module and I/Os.
- **Default RAM Enable Rate**  
Enter an enable rate in percentage. This enable rate applies to uSRAM and LSRAM.

**Note:** When the slider thumb moves between the end points of the slider track, the value is updated in the corresponding text field.

To populate the Power Estimator spreadsheet with the entered values, click **OK**.

## 2.6.2 FPGA Fabric Components

This section describes the design of specific information for FPGA Fabric components that are used to calculate dynamic power. The RTG4 Power Estimator workbook provides separate worksheets for each FPGA Fabric component. These worksheets are described in the following subsections:

- [Clock](#), page 11
- [Logic](#), page 12
- [LSRAM](#), page 13
- [uSRAM](#), page 14
- [Math Block](#), page 15
- [CCC](#), page 16

### 2.6.2.1 Clock

The RTG4 devices support only global clock networks. Each row in the Clock worksheet represents a separate clock domain.

Enter the following parameters for each clock domain:

- Name
- Clock Frequency (MHz)
- Fanout
- Global Enable Rate



Figure 6 shows the Clock worksheet.

**Figure 6 • Clock Worksheet**

Return to Summary			Clock Tree Power		
Rail	Voltage (V)	Power (mW)	Utilization		
VDD	1.200	0.00	Globals	0	0%
0% of total power 142.14 mW					
Name	Clock Frequency (MHz)	Fanout	Global Enable Rate	Power (mW)	
			100.0%	0.00	
			100.0%	0.00	
			100.0%	0.00	
			100.0%	0.00	

Table 4 shows the parameters to be entered in the Clock worksheet.

**Table 4 • Clock Worksheet Parameters**

Parameters	Description
Name	Enter a name for each clock domain (optional).
Clock Frequency (MHz)	Enter the clock frequency of the domain. The maximum frequency of the FPGA Fabric is 300 MHz.
Fanout	Enter the number of registers and other synchronous elements (LSRAM, uSRAM, Math Block, and I/O) clocked.
Global Enable Rate	Enter the average percentage of time that clock enable is high for each clock domain.

For more information about the clock networks of the supported device families, refer to *RTG4 FPGA Clocking Resources User Guide*.

### 2.6.2.2 Logic

Each row in the Logic worksheet represents a separate clock domain.

Enter the following parameters for each clock domain:

- Name
- Clock Frequency (MHz)
- Number of Registers
- Number of LUTs
- Fanout
- Toggle Rate

Figure 7 shows the Logic worksheet.

Figure 7 • Logic Worksheet

Return to Summary		Logic Power				
Rail	Voltage (V)	Power (mW)	Utilization			<a href="#">Fabric User Guide</a>
VDD	1.200	0.00	Registers	0	0%	<a href="#">MPE User Guide</a>
0% of total power 142.14 mW		LUTs	0	0%		
Name	Clock Frequency (MHz)	Number of Registers	Number of LUTs	Fanout	Toggle Rate	Power (mW)
				3.0	12.5%	0.00
				3.0	12.5%	0.00
				3.0	12.5%	0.00
				3.0	12.5%	0.00

Table 5 shows the parameters to be entered in the Logic worksheet.

Table 5 • Logic Worksheet Parameters

Parameters	Description
Name	Enter a name for each clock domain (optional).
Clock Frequency (MHz)	Enter the clock frequency of the domain. The maximum frequency of the FPGA Fabric is 300 MHz.
Number of Registers	Enter the number of registers for each clock domain.
Number of LUTs	Enter the number of regular LUT (combinatorial) modules.
Average Fanout	Enter the average fanout of the nets driven by the registers and LUTs.
Toggle Rate	Enter the toggle rate of register and LUTs outputs.

For more information about the Logic Element of the supported device families, refer to *RTG4 FPGAFabric User Guide*.

### 2.6.2.3 LSRAM

Each row in the LSRAM worksheet represents a separate clock domain.

Enter the following parameters for each clock domain:

- Name
- Number of LSRAM blocks
- Port A - Clock Frequency (MHz)
- Port A - Write Rate
- Port A - Enable Rate
- Port B - Clock Frequency (MHz)
- Port B - Write Rate
- Port B - Enable Rate

Figure 8 shows the LSRAM worksheet.

**Figure 8 • LSRAM Worksheet**

Return to Summary		LSRAM Power						
Rail	Voltage (V)	Power (mW)	Utilization				Fabric User Guide	
VDD	1.200	0.00	LSRAM	0	0%	MPE User Guide		
0% of total power 142.14 mW								
Name	Number of LSRAM Blocks	Port A			Port B			Power (mW)
		Clock Frequency (MHz)	Write Rate	Enable Rate	Clock Frequency (MHz)	Write Rate	Enable Rate	
			12.5%	12.5%		12.5%	12.5%	0.00
			12.5%	12.5%		12.5%	12.5%	0.00
			12.5%	12.5%		12.5%	12.5%	0.00
			12.5%	12.5%		12.5%	12.5%	0.00

Table 6 shows the parameters to be entered in the LSRAM worksheet.

**Table 6 • LSRAM Worksheet Parameters**

Parameters	Description
Name	Enter the name of the module or clock domain containing the LSRAM.
Number of LSRAM blocks	Enter the number of LSRAM blocks.
Port A - Clock Frequency (MHz)	Enter the clock frequency for Port A of the LSRAM blocks. It supports a maximum frequency of up to 300 MHz.
Port A - Write Rate	Enter the percentage of time that Port A is used for write operations. The remaining time is used for read operations.
Port A - Enable Rate	Enter the percentage of time that Port A is enabled.
Port B - Clock Frequency (MHz)	Enter the clock frequency for Port B of the LSRAM blocks. It supports a maximum frequency of up to 300 MHz.
Port B - Write Rate	Enter the percentage of time that Port B is used for write operations. The remaining time is used for read operations.
Port B - Enable Rate	Enter the percentage of time that Port B is enabled.

For more information about the LSRAM of the supported device families, refer to *RTG4 FPGA Fabric User Guide*.

### 2.6.2.4 uSRAM

Each row in the uSRAM worksheet represents a separate clock domain.

Enter the following parameters for each clock domain:

- Name
- Number of uSRAM blocks
- Port A - Read Clock Frequency (MHz)
- Port A - Enable Rate
- Port B - Read Clock Frequency (MHz)
- Port B - Enable Rate
- Port C - Write Clock Frequency (MHz)
- Port C - Enable Rate

Figure 9 shows the uSRAM worksheet.

**Figure 9 • uSRAM Worksheet**

Rail		Voltage (V)	Power (mW)	Utilization		Fabric User Guide		
VDD		1.200	0.00	uSRAM	0	0%	MPE User Guide	
0% of total power 142.14 mW								
Name	Number of uSRAM Blocks	Port A		Port B		Port C		Power (mW)
		Read Clock Frequency (MHz)	Enable Rate	Read Clock Frequency (MHz)	Enable Rate	Write Clock Frequency (MHz)	Enable Rate	
			12.5%		12.5%		12.5%	0.00
			12.5%		12.5%		12.5%	0.00
			12.5%		12.5%		12.5%	0.00
			12.5%		12.5%		12.5%	0.00
			12.5%		12.5%		12.5%	0.00

Table 7 shows the parameters to be entered in the uSRAM worksheet.

**Table 7 • uSRAM Worksheet Parameters**

Parameters	Description
Name	Enter the name of the module or clock domain containing the uSRAM.
Number of uSRAM blocks	Enter the number of uSRAM blocks.
Port A - Read Clock Frequency (MHz)	Enter the read clock frequency for Port A of the uSRAM blocks. It supports a maximum frequency of up to 300 MHz.
Port A - Enable Rate	Enter the percentage of time that Port A is enabled.
Port B - Read Clock Frequency (MHz)	Enter the read clock frequency for Port B of the uSRAM blocks. It supports a maximum frequency of up to 300 MHz.
Port B - Enable Rate	Enter the percentage of time Port B is enabled.
Port C - Write Clock Frequency (MHz)	Enter the write clock frequency for Port C of the uSRAM blocks. It supports a maximum frequency of up to 300 MHz.
Port C - Enable Rate	Enter the percentage of time that Port C is enabled.

For more information about the uSRAM of the supported device families, refer to *RTG4 FPGA Fabric User Guide*.

### 2.6.2.5 Math Block

Each row in the Math Block worksheet represents a separate clock domain.

Enter the following parameters for each clock domain:

- Name
- Clock Frequency (MHz)
- Number of Math Blocks
- Data Toggle Rate

Figure 10 shows the Math Block worksheet.

**Figure 10 • Math Block Worksheet**

Return to Summary			Math Block Power		
Rail	Voltage (V)	Power (mW)	Utilization		
VDD	1.200	0.00	Math Block	0	0%
0% of total power 142.14 mW					
Name	Clock Frequency (MHz)	Number of Math Blocks	Data Toggle Rate	Power (mW)	
			12.5%	0.00	
			12.5%	0.00	
			12.5%	0.00	
			12.5%	0.00	

Table 8 lists the parameters to be entered in the Math Block worksheet.

**Table 8 • Math Block Worksheet Parameters**

Parameters	Description
Name	Enter the name of the module or clock domain containing Math Block.
Clock Frequency (MHz)	Enter the clock frequency of the domain. The maximum frequency of the Math Block is 300 MHz.
Number of Math Blocks	Enter the number of math blocks for each clock domain.
Data Toggle Rate	Enter the average data bus toggle rate.

For more information about the Math Block of the supported device families, refer to *RTG4 FPGA Fabric User Guide*.

### 2.6.2.6 CCC

The RTG4 devices have eight CCCs. Each CCC enables flexible clocking schemes for the logic implemented in the FPGA Fabric and can provide the base clock for on-chip hard IP blocks such as FDDR and SERDESIF.

Enter the following parameters for each CCC:

- Name
- Reference Clock Frequency (MHz)
- PLL Output Frequency (MHz)
- Output1 Frequency (MHz)
- Output2 Frequency (MHz)
- Output3 Frequency (MHz)
- Output4 Frequency (MHz)

Figure 11 shows the CCC Power section in the CCC worksheet.

**Figure 11 • CCC Power Section**

Return to Summary		CCC Power						
Rail	Voltage (V)	Power (mW)	Resource	Power (mW)	Utilization			
VDD	1.200	0.00	CCC	0.00	CCC	0	0%	
PLL_VDDA	3.300	0.00			<a href="#">Clocking Resources User Guide</a>			
Total Power		0.00			<a href="#">MPE User Guide</a>			
0% of total power 142.14 mW								
CCC Power								
Name	Reference Clock Frequency (MHz)	PLL Output Clock Frequency (MHz)	Output1 Frequency (MHz)	Output2 Frequency (MHz)	Output3 Frequency (MHz)	Output4 Frequency (MHz)	VDD Power (mW)	PLL_VDDA Power (mW)
							0.00	0.00
							0.00	0.00
							0.00	0.00
							0.00	0.00

Table 9 shows the parameters to be entered in the CCC Power section of the CCC worksheet.

**Table 9 • CCC Section Parameters**

Parameters	Description
Name	Enter the name of the CCC module.
Reference Clock Frequency (MHz)	Enter the reference clock frequency.
PLL Output Frequency (MHz)	Enter the PLL output frequency.
Output1 Frequency (MHz)	Enter the output1 (GL0/Y0) frequency.
Output2 Frequency (MHz)	Enter the output2 (GL1/Y1) frequency.
Output3 Frequency (MHz)	Enter the output3 (GL2/Y2) frequency.
Output4 Frequency (MHz)	Enter the output4 (GL3/Y3) frequency.

For more information about the CCC of the supported device families, refer to *RTG4 FPGA Clocking Resources User Guide*.

### 2.6.3 I/O

Design specific information is entered in the I/O worksheet for the I/Os used to calculate dynamic power. Each row represents a clock frequency and an I/O domain.

Enter the following parameters for each row:

- Name
- Bank Type
- I/O standard
- I/P Pins
- O/P Pins
- Bidir Pins
- ODT
- Output Drive (mA)
- Output Load (pF)
- Clock (MHz)
- Data Rate
- Toggle Rate
- Output Enable
- ODT Enable

Figure 12 shows the I/O worksheet.

Figure 12 • I/O Worksheet

Rail				Voltage (V)				Current (mA)				Power (mW)			
VDD	1.200	0.00	0.00	VDDI 1.2	1.200	0.00	0.00	VDDI 1.5	1.500	0.00	0.00	VDDI 1.8	1.800	0.00	0.00
VDDI 1.2	1.200	0.00	0.00	VDDI 2.5	2.500	0.00	0.00	VDDI 3.3	3.300	0.00	0.00	SERDES_VDDI	3.300	0.00	0.00
VDDI 1.5	1.500	0.00	0.00	Total Thermal Power			0.00	Total Power			0.00	0% of total power	142.14 mW		

I/O Settings										I/O Activity					Thermal Power (mW)		
Name	Bank Type	I/O Standard	I/P Pins	O/P Pins	Bidir Pins	ODT	Output Drive (mA)	Output Load (pF)	Clock (MHz)	Data Rate	Toggle Rate	Output Enable	ODT Enable	VDD	VDDI	Total	
	MSIO	LVCN0525				NO_ODT	2	5		data	12.5%	50.0%		0.00	0.00	0.00	
	MSIO	LVCN0525				NO_ODT	2	5		data	12.5%	50.0%		0.00	0.00	0.00	
	MSIO	LVCN0525				NO_ODT	2	5		data	12.5%	50.0%		0.00	0.00	0.00	
	MSIO	LVCN0525				NO_ODT	2	5		data	12.5%	50.0%		0.00	0.00	0.00	

Table 10 shows the parameters to be entered in the I/O worksheet. The advanced I/O settings, Schmitt trigger, Pre-emphasis, and Slew are not visible by default. Select **Show Advanced I/O Settings** to unhide these columns.

Table 10 • I/O Worksheet Parameters

Parameters	Description
Name	Enter a name for each I/O, bus or module.
I/O Settings	Bank Type
	Select the bank type. Supports the followings types of banks: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• MSIO</li> <li>• MSIOD</li> <li>• DDRIO</li> </ul>
	I/O standard
	Select the appropriate I/O standard.
	I/P Pins
	Enter the number of input pins or differential pair used for each I/O, bus or module. The differential pair must be considered as a single pin.
	O/P Pins
	Enter the number of output pins or differential pair used for each I/O, bus or module. The differential pair must be considered as a single pin.
	Bidir Pins
	Enter the number of bidirectional pins or differential pair used for each I/O, bus or module. The differential pair must be considered as single pin.
	ODT
	Select the Input On-die termination impedance.
	Output Drive (mA)
	Select the output drive current.
	Output Load (pF)
	Enter the board and other external capacitance.

**Table 10 • I/O Worksheet Parameters (continued)**

Parameters	Description	
I/O Activity	Clock (MHz)	Enter the clock frequency of the domain. It supports a maximum frequency of up to 300 MHz.
	Data Rate	For I/Os used as clocks, select <b>clock</b> as Data Rate. For others, select <b>data</b> .
	Toggle Rate	Enter the average percentage of input, output, and bidirectional pins toggling.
	Output Enable	Enter the percentage of time output pins are enabled. For bidirectional I/Os the input pins are active when the output pins are disabled.
	ODT Enable	ODT Enable is applicable only: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• For DDRIO Inputs and Bidirectional pins (if they are connected for FDDR or MDDR)</li> <li>• For the standards: LPDDR, SSTL18, and SSTL15</li> <li>• If ODT is enabled</li> </ul>

For more information about the I/Os of the supported device families, refer to *RTG4 FPGA Fabric User Guide*.

## 2.6.4 Built-in Blocks

Design specific information for built-in blocks (SERDES and FDDR) are entered to calculate the dynamic power. This section contains the following subsections:

- SERDES, page 19
- FDDR, page 21

### 2.6.4.1 SERDES

The RTG4 devices have up to 6 SERDES blocks (2 PCISS and 4 NPSS). It depends on the device selected. Each row in the SERDES worksheet represents a single (X1) or multiple (X2/X4) SERDES lane.

Enter the following parameters for each SERDES block:

- Name
- Location
- Protocol
- Number of Lanes
- Speed (Gbps)
- PCIe F AXI/AHB (MHz)
- Data Rate (Mbps)



Figure 13 shows the SERDES worksheet.

**Figure 13 • SERDES Worksheet**

SERDES Power																																																										
Return to Summary																																																										
<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Rail</th> <th>Voltage (V)</th> <th>Current (mA)</th> <th>Power (mW)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>VDD</td> <td>1.200</td> <td>0.00</td> <td>0.00</td> </tr> <tr> <td>SERDES_x_Lyz_VDDAIO</td> <td>1.200</td> <td>0.00</td> <td>0.00</td> </tr> <tr> <td>SERDES_x_Lyz_VDDAPLL</td> <td>2.500</td> <td>0.00</td> <td>0.00</td> </tr> <tr> <td>PLL_VDDA</td> <td>3.300</td> <td>0.00</td> <td>0.00</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="3">Total Power</td> <td>0.00</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="3">0% of total power</td> <td>142.14 mW</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>				Rail	Voltage (V)	Current (mA)	Power (mW)	VDD	1.200	0.00	0.00	SERDES_x_Lyz_VDDAIO	1.200	0.00	0.00	SERDES_x_Lyz_VDDAPLL	2.500	0.00	0.00	PLL_VDDA	3.300	0.00	0.00	Total Power			0.00	0% of total power			142.14 mW	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="2">Power (mW) by Hard Block</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>PCIe</td> <td>0.00</td> </tr> <tr> <td>XAUI</td> <td>0.00</td> </tr> <tr> <td>SERDES</td> <td>0.00</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>				Power (mW) by Hard Block		PCIe	0.00	XAUI	0.00	SERDES	0.00	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="2">Utilization</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>#PCIESS Blocks</td> <td>0 0%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>#NPSS Blocks</td> <td>0 0%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Total Number of Lanes</td> <td>0 0%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Total PCIe Hard Blocks</td> <td>0 0%</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>				Utilization		#PCIESS Blocks	0 0%	#NPSS Blocks	0 0%	Total Number of Lanes	0 0%	Total PCIe Hard Blocks	0 0%	<a href="#">SERDES User Guide</a> <a href="#">MPE User Guide</a>
Rail	Voltage (V)	Current (mA)	Power (mW)																																																							
VDD	1.200	0.00	0.00																																																							
SERDES_x_Lyz_VDDAIO	1.200	0.00	0.00																																																							
SERDES_x_Lyz_VDDAPLL	2.500	0.00	0.00																																																							
PLL_VDDA	3.300	0.00	0.00																																																							
Total Power			0.00																																																							
0% of total power			142.14 mW																																																							
Power (mW) by Hard Block																																																										
PCIe	0.00																																																									
XAUI	0.00																																																									
SERDES	0.00																																																									
Utilization																																																										
#PCIESS Blocks	0 0%																																																									
#NPSS Blocks	0 0%																																																									
Total Number of Lanes	0 0%																																																									
Total PCIe Hard Blocks	0 0%																																																									
Name	Location	Protocol	Number of Lanes	Speed (Gbps)	Reference Clock Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	VCO Rate (MHz)	Hard Block	PCIe F AXI/AHB (MHz)	FPGA Interface Frequency (MHz)	VDD Power (mW)	VDDAIO Power (mW)	VDDAPLL Power (mW)	PLL_VDDA Power (mW)																																												
	Unused	PCIe	X1	2.5 (GEN1)	100	N/A	N/A	PCIe		N/A	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00																																												
	Unused	PCIe	X1	2.5 (GEN1)	100	N/A	N/A	PCIe		N/A	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00																																												
	Unused	PCIe	X1	2.5 (GEN1)	100	N/A	N/A	PCIe		N/A	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00																																												
	Unused	PCIe	X1	2.5 (GEN1)	100	N/A	N/A	PCIe		N/A	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00																																												
	Unused	PCIe	X1	2.5 (GEN1)	100	N/A	N/A	PCIe		N/A	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00																																												

Table 11 shows the parameters to be entered in the SERDES worksheet.

**Table 11 • SERDES Worksheet Parameters**

Parameters	Description
Name	Enter a name for each SERDES block. Name is optional. Each SERDES block can be configured as X1, X2, or X4 lanes. Configurations can be: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Four X1s</li> <li>• two X2s, or</li> <li>• single X4</li> </ul> Depending on the configuration of lanes in SERDES block, the number of rows varies.
Location	Select the SERDES location. Each SERDES can use up to 4 lanes and it depends on the device selected. When NPSS is selected, only non PCIe protocols (XAUI and EPCS) are available in the protocol column. When PCIESS is selected, all protocols (PCIe, XAUI, and EPCS) are available.
Protocol	Select the protocol. It supports PCIe, XAUI, and EPCS protocols. Figure 14 shows the supported speed list when EPCS protocol is chosen. Custom speed and data width can be selected from the <b>Data Rate (Mbps)</b> drop-down list. VCO Rate and FPGA Interface Frequencies are populated based on the data rate selected.
Number of Lanes	Select the number of lanes. It supports X1, X2, and X4.
Speed (Gbps)	Select the data rate for the selected protocol.
PCIe F AXI/AHB (MHz)	Enter the clock frequency of the AXI/AHB interface. It supports a maximum frequency of up to 200 MHz.
Data Rate (Mbps)	Select the custom speed and data width. This field is enabled only when EPCS protocol is selected.
Reference Clock Frequency (MHz)	This is a fixed value for all protocols except EPCS custom speed. In this case, enter any value between 100 MHz and 160 MHz.
VCO Rate (MHz)	Read-only fixed value for all protocols except EPCS custom speed. The displayed values are computed and updated based on the Reference Clock Frequency and Data Rate.

**Figure 14 • Custom EPCS Speed**

Location	Protocol	Number of Lanes	Speed (Gbps)	Reference Clock Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (Mbps)	VCO Rate (MHz)
Unused	PCIe	X1	2.5 (GEN1)	100	N/A	N/A
Unused	PCIe	X1	2.5 (GEN1)	100	N/A	N/A
Unused	PCIe	X1	2.5 (GEN1)	100	N/A	N/A
Unused	PCIe	X1	2.5 (GEN1)	100	N/A	N/A
Unused	PCIe	X1	2.5 (GEN1)	100	N/A	N/A

For more information about the SERDES of the supported device families, refer to *RTG4 FPGA High Speed Serial Interfaces User Guide*.

### 2.6.4.2 FDDR

Figure 15 shows the FDDR Power section in the FDDR worksheet. Enter the following parameters for FDDR:

- Name
- F AXI/AHB (MHz)
- DDR Clock Multiplier

**Figure 15 • FDDR Power Section**

FDDR Power					
Name	F AXI/AHB (MHz)	DDR Clock Multiplier	DDR Clock Frequency (MHz)	VDD Power (mW)	PLL_VDDA Power (mW)
		F AXI/AHB*1	0.00	0.00	0.00
		F AXI/AHB*1	0.00	0.00	0.00

Table 12 shows the parameters to be entered in the FDDR Power section of the FDDR worksheet.

**Table 12 • FDDR Power Section Parameters**

Parameters	Description
Name	Enter the name of the module containing FDDR.
F AXI/AHB (MHz)	Enter the clock frequency of AXI/AHB interface. It supports a maximum frequency of up to 200 MHz.
DDR Clock Multiplier	Select the frequency multiplication factor of DDR. DDR clock frequency (FDDR_CLK) must be less than 334 MHz (for example, if F AXI/AHB is 167, DDR clock multiplier must not be more than F AXI/AHB*2).

For more information about FDDR, refer to *RTG4 FPGA High Speed DDR Interfaces User Guide*.

## 2.7 Step - 3: Scenarios

In this section, enter the device operational modes during its operational time, for instance, 50% of the time Active and 50% in Standby. Enter the percentage of time the device is expected to be in Active and Standby modes. This section is available in the Summary worksheet. It is optional to provide these details.

Figure 16 shows the **Modes and Scenarios** section in the Summary worksheet.

**Figure 16 • Modes and Scenarios Section**

Low Power Mode Scenario			
Mode	% Time in Mode	Power in Mode (mW)	Power in scenario (mW)
Active	50.00%	142.14	71.07
Static	50.00%	142.14	71.07
Scenario Power			142.14

## 2.8 Step - 4: Power Estimation Summary

The Power Summary section provides the total power and power breakdown based on the power sources and rails. It also provides the Thermal Margin (Maximum Ta and Maximum Power) summary. Figure 17 shows Current Summary, Power Summary, and Modes and Scenarios sections in the Summary worksheet.

Figure 17 • Summary Worksheet

Power Summary		
Active Mode: Summary		
Total Power (mW)		142.14
Thermal Power (mW)		142.14
Junction Temperature Tj ( °C )		25.00
Effective Theta JA ( °C/W )		N/A
Thermal Margin	Maximum Ta ( °C )	N/A
	Maximum Power (mW)	N/A

Active Mode: Type Breakdown		
Resource	%	Power (mW)
Core Static	95%	135.00
Other Rails Static	5%	7.14
Clock	0%	0.00
Logic	0%	0.00
RAMs	0%	0.00
Math Block	0%	0.00
CCC	0%	0.00
IO	0%	0.00
FDDR	0%	0.00
SERDES	0%	0.00

Modes and Scenarios			
Low Power Mode Scenario			
Mode	% Time in Mode	Power in Mode (mW)	Power in scenario (mW)
Active	50.00%	142.14	71.07
Static	50.00%	142.14	71.07
			Scenario Power
			142.14

Current Summary			
Rail Breakdown			
Rail Name	Current (mA)	Voltage (V)	Power (mW)
VDD	112.50	1.200	135.00
VDDI 1.2	3.20	1.200	3.84
VDDI 1.5	0.00	1.500	0.00
VDDI 1.8	0.00	1.800	0.00
VDDI 2.5	0.00	2.500	0.00
VDDI 3.3	0.00	3.300	0.00
SERDES_x_Lyz_VDDAIO	0.00	1.200	0.00
SERDES_x_Lyz_VDDAPLL	0.00	2.500	0.00
PLL_VDDA	0.00	3.300	0.00
SERDES_VDDI	0.00	3.300	0.00
VPP	1.00	3.300	3.30

Note: Table 13 shows the acceptable rail voltage range.

Table 13 • Acceptable Rail Voltage Range

Rail Name	Voltage Range (V)	
	Min	Max
VDD	1.14	1.26
VDDI 1.2	1.14	1.26
VDDI 1.5	1.425	1.575
VDDI 1.8	1.71	1.89
VDDI 2.5	2.375	2.625
VDDI 3.3	3.15	3.45
SERDES_[01]_L[0123]_VDDAIO	1.14	1.26
SERDES_[01]_L[0123]_VDDAPLL	2.375	2.625
PLL_VDDA (3.3 V) <sup>1</sup>	3.135	3.465
SERDES_VDDI	1.14	3.45
VPP	3.135	3.465

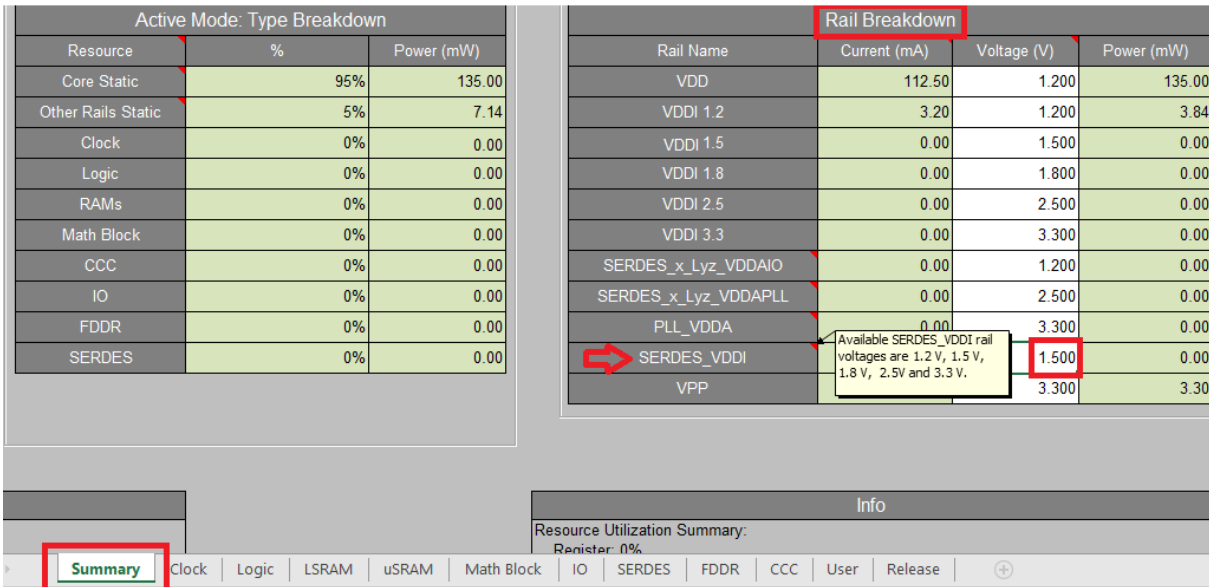
1. PLL Analog Supply includes SERDES\_x\_PLL\_VDDA (x: 0 to 6), FDDR\_x\_PLL\_VDDA (x: 0 to 2) and CCC\_x\_PLL\_VDDA (x = NE0, NE1, NW0, NW1, SW0, SW1, SE0, SE1).

The **SERDES\_REFCLK** (Bank Type) and IO standards selection in the IO tab depends on the SERDES\_VDDI rail Voltage in the Summary tab.

**Note:** You can change the SERDES\_VDDI rail voltage from the Rail Breakdown table in the Summary tab. The following are the applicable ranges:

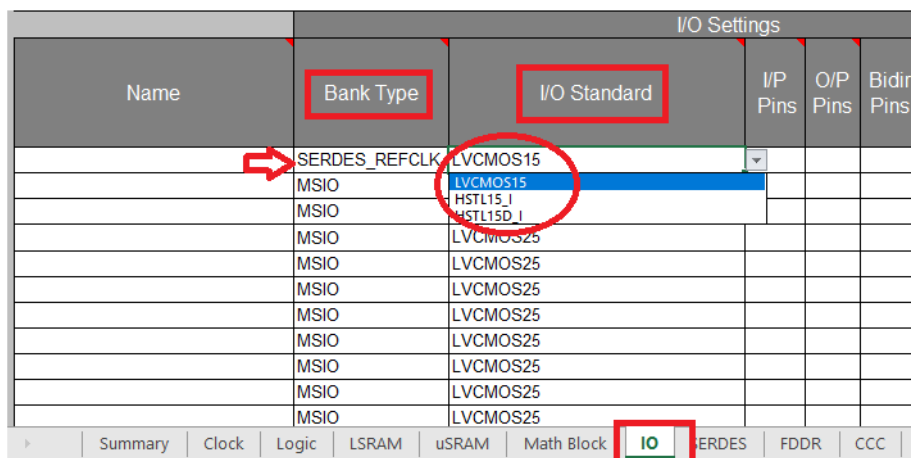
- [1.14, 1.26] for 1.2 V
- [1.425, 1.575] for 1.5 V
- [1.710, 1.890] for 1.8 V
- [2.375, 2.625] for 2.5 V
- [3.15, 3.45] for 3.3 V

**Figure 18 • Summary Tab**



**Note:** Type in one of the available SERDES\_VDDI rail voltage as shown in tool tip in the cell (Voltage column).

**Figure 19 • IO Tab**



**Note:** Since SERDES\_VDDI rail voltage is selected 1.5v (Figure 18), I/O standards for SERDES\_REFCLK can now be selected from the drop down matching the rail voltage.

Figure 20 shows the Device Utilization section displayed at the bottom of the Summary worksheet.

**Figure 20 • Device Utilization Section**

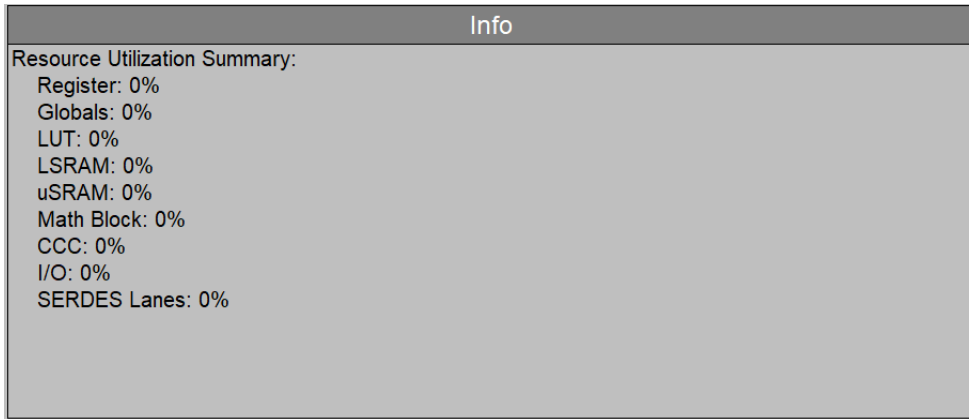


Figure 21 shows the Errors section in the Summary worksheet.

**Figure 21 • Errors Section**

