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1 Revision History

The revision history describes the changes that were implemented in the document. The changes are listed by revision, starting with the most current publication.

1.1 Revision 1.0

This is the first publication of this document.
2 Introduction

2.1 Overview
CoreUHD_SDITX DirectCore IP is a Serial Digital Interface (SDI) Framer. Core supports 6 Gigabits per second SDI (6G-SDI) and 12 Gigabits per second SDI (12G-SDI) SDI standards defined by the Society of Motion Picture and Television Engineers (SMPTE).

2.2 Features
Core has the following features:

- Compliant with SMPTE ST 2081-1 (6G-SDI) standard.
- Compliant with SMPTE ST 2082-1 (12G-SDI) standard.
- Supports data rates 5.94 Gb/s and 5.94/1.001 Gb/s for 6G-SDI standard.
- Supports data rates 11.88 Gb/s and 11.88/1.001 Gb/s for 12G-SDI standard.
- Performs generation and insertion of Line Number (LN) packets.
- Performs generation and insertion of CRC packets.
- Performs generation and insertion of Video Payload Identification (VPID) packets.
- Performs insertion of sync-bits in timing reference words.
- Performs scrambling and NRZI encoding.

2.3 Core Version
This handbook is for CoreUHD_SDITX version 2.0.

2.4 Supported Families
- PolarFire®

2.5 Device Utilization and Performance
Device Utilization and Performance data is provided in Table 1 for the supported device families. The data described in this table is only indicative. The overall device utilization and performance of the core is system dependent.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Family (Device)</th>
<th>Configuration Parameters</th>
<th>Utilization (Logic Elements)</th>
<th>Performance (MHz)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TX_SD1_STD</td>
<td>TX_SD1_D W</td>
<td>Sequential (DFF)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PolarFire (MPF300T)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>942</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>1718</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: The data in this table is achieved using typical synthesis and layout settings. Frequency (MHz) was set to 148.5 and the speed grade was -1.
3 Interface

3.1 Configuration Parameters

The following table describes the configurable parameter/generic of the Core. All the parameters/generics are integer types.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter Name</th>
<th>Valid Range</th>
<th>Default</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| TX_SDI_STD     | 4, 5        | 5       | SDI STANDARD  
|                |             |         | Configure the core for required SDI standard.  
|                |             |         | • 4 – 6G-SDI  
|                |             |         | • 5 – 12G-SDI |
| TX_SDI_DW      | 40, 80      | 80      | SDI DATA WIDTH  
|                |             |         | Configure the data width of the parallel SDI data stream on the transceiver interface of the core.  
|                |             |         | • 40 – Select 40-bits in 6G-SDI mode (when TX_SDI_STD parameter is set to 4)  
|                |             |         | • 80 – Select 80-bits in 12G-SDI mode (when TX_SDI_STD parameter is set to 5) |

3.2 Ports

All the input and output ports of the core are listed in the table below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Port</th>
<th>Width</th>
<th>Direction</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Clock and Reset</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| TX_CLK        | 1     | Input     | Transmit clock input.  
|               |       |           | All input signals are required to be clocked on rising edge to this clock. All the output signals are clocked on rising edge of this clock.  
|               |       |           | Recommended to connect to LANE_X_TX_CLK of Transceiver.  
|               |       |           | The required clock frequency is 148.5 (f/(1.001)) MHz in both 6G-SDI mode and 12G-SDI mode. |
| TX_RESETN     | 1     | Input     | Active low asynchronous reset input.  
|               |       |           | The reset input is required to be synchronous to clock TX_CLK. |
| Transceiver Interface | | | |
| TX_SDI_DATA  | TX_SDI_DW | Output  | Transmit data to Transceiver. SDI data stream output.  
|               |       |           | Recommended to connect to LANE_X_TX_DATA of Transceiver. |
| TX_CLK_STABLE | 1     | Input     | Transmit Clock Stable from the Transceiver.  
|               |       |           | The core resets whenever TX_CLK_STABLE is not asserted. Recommended to connect to LANE_X_TX_CLK_STABLE of Transceiver. |
| Data Stream Inputs |       | | |
| TX_DATA_DS1  | 10    | Input     | Data Stream 1 input. DS1 in 12G-SDI and 6G-SDI modes. |
| TX_DATA_DS2  | 10    | Input     | Data Stream 2 input. DS2 in 12G-SDI and 6G-SDI modes. |
| TX_DATA_DS3  | 10    | Input     | Data Stream 3 input. DS3 in 12G-SDI and 6G-SDI modes. |
Table 3 • Input and Output Signals (continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Port</th>
<th>Width</th>
<th>Direction</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TX_DATA_DS4</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>Input</td>
<td>Data Stream 4 input. DS4 in 12G-SDI and 6G-SDI modes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX_DATA_DS5</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>Input</td>
<td>Data Stream 5 input. DS5 in 12G-SDI mode.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX_DATA_DS6</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>Input</td>
<td>Data Stream 6 input. DS6 in 12G-SDI mode.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX_DATA_DS7</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>Input</td>
<td>Data Stream 7 input. DS7 in 12G-SDI mode.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX_DATA_DS8</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>Input</td>
<td>Data Stream 8 input. DS8 in 12G-SDI mode.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX_LN_DS1</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>Input</td>
<td>Line number to be inserted in DS1 data stream.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX_LN_DS2</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>Input</td>
<td>Line number to be inserted in DS2 data stream.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX_LN_DS3</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>Input</td>
<td>Line number to be inserted in DS3 data stream.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX_LN_DS4</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>Input</td>
<td>Line number to be inserted in DS4 data stream.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX_LN_DS5</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>Input</td>
<td>Line number to be inserted in DS5 data stream.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX_LN_DS6</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>Input</td>
<td>Line number to be inserted in DS6 data stream.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX_LN_DS7</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>Input</td>
<td>Line number to be inserted in DS7 data stream.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX_LN_DS8</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>Input</td>
<td>Line number to be inserted in DS8 data stream.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX_VPID_DS1</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>Input</td>
<td>VPID data bytes to be inserted in DS1 data stream.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX_VPID_DS2</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>Input</td>
<td>VPID data bytes to be inserted in DS2 data stream.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX_VPID_DS3</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>Input</td>
<td>VPID data bytes to be inserted in DS3 data stream.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX_VPID_DS4</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>Input</td>
<td>VPID data bytes to be inserted in DS4 data stream.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX_VPID_DS5</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>Input</td>
<td>VPID data bytes to be inserted in DS5 data stream.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX_VPID_DS6</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>Input</td>
<td>VPID data bytes to be inserted in DS6 data stream.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX_VPID_DS7</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>Input</td>
<td>VPID data bytes to be inserted in DS7 data stream.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX_VPID_DS8</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>Input</td>
<td>VPID data bytes to be inserted in DS8 data stream.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX_VPID_LN_DS1</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>Input</td>
<td>Line number for VPID insertion in DS1 data stream.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX_VPID_LN_DS2</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>Input</td>
<td>Line number for VPID insertion in DS2 data stream.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX_VPID_LN_DS3</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>Input</td>
<td>Line number for VPID insertion in DS3 data stream.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX_VPID_LN_DS4</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>Input</td>
<td>Line number for VPID insertion in DS4 data stream.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX_VPID_LN_DS5</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>Input</td>
<td>Line number for VPID insertion in DS5 data stream.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX_VPID_LN_DS6</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>Input</td>
<td>Line number for VPID insertion in DS6 data stream.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX_VPID_LN_DS7</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>Input</td>
<td>Line number for VPID insertion in DS7 data stream.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX_VPID_LN_DS8</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>Input</td>
<td>Line number for VPID insertion in DS8 data stream.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Control Inputs
Table 3 • Input and Output Signals (continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Port</th>
<th>Width</th>
<th>Direction</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TX_INSERT_LN</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Input</td>
<td>Input to enable or disable line number insertion in the data stream. When high, core inserts line number (LN) packets in each data stream, generated from line number data provided on the line number input port of the respective data stream. When low, line number packets are not inserted in SDI data stream, instead data available on the data stream is retained. This input must remain high for the complete duration of the line for which the LN packet insertion is required.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX_INSERT_CRC</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Input</td>
<td>Input to enable or disable CRC insertion in the data stream. When high, core inserts CRC packets in each data stream, generated from the data input of respective data streams. When low, CRC packets are not inserted in SDI data stream instead data available on the data stream is retained. This input must remain high for the complete duration of the line for which the CRC packet insertion is required.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX_INSERT_VPID</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Input</td>
<td>Input to enable or disable VPID insertion in the data stream. When high, core inserts VPID packets in each data stream, generated from the VPID byte provided on the VPID data input of respective data streams. When low, VPID packets are not inserted in SDI data stream instead data available on the data stream is retained. This input must remain high for the complete duration of the line for which VPID insertion is required.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Status Outputs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Port</th>
<th>Width</th>
<th>Direction</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TX_DS_MUX</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Output</td>
<td>This output signal indicates the data stream multiplex type of the input data streams. If this output is low, it indicates Type1 multiplex is detected on the input data streams (one instances of TRS Words, Line Number Words, CRC Words, etc. in each data stream). If the output is high, it indicates Type2 multiplex is detected on the input data streams (two instances of TRS Words, Line Number Words, CRC Words, etc. in each data stream). Once multiplex type is detected, the output remains unchanged until there is change in multiplex type on the input data stream.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX_TRS</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Output</td>
<td>This output signal indicates that data on the SDI data stream output is first TRS word of the SDI data stream.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX_BAD_TRS</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Output</td>
<td>This output indicates that the TRS information on the SDI data stream is not valid TRS as mentioned in SMPTE standard. This output goes high whenever bad TRS is detected. This does not affect the data stream framing performed by the core.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: x can be 0, 1, 2, and 3.

Note: All the ports with suffix _DS1, _DS2, _DS3, and _DS4 are available in both 6G-SDI mode and 12G-SDI mode.

Note: All the ports with suffix _DS5, _DS6, _DS7, and _DS8 are available only in 12G-SDI mode.

Note: The VPID Data Inputs are 32-bit each. Bits [7:0] is the Byte1, Bits [15:8] is the Byte2, Bits [23:16] is the Byte3, Bits [31:24] is the Byte4.
4 Functional Description

CoreUHD_SDITX is SDI Framer. The core accepts the raw video data and performs the framing of the SDI data stream. The framing is performed as per the SMPTE SDI protocol specification for the SDI mode configured.

As per the SMPTE 6G-SDI and 12G-SDI specifications the individual data streams of the SDI data stream can be of either Type1 multiplex type or Type2 multiplex type based on the image mapping modes.

- **Type1 multiplex**: Each data stream has a single instance of TRS words, Line Numbers, CRC Words and so on.
- **Type2 multiplex**: Each data stream has two instances of TRS words, Line Numbers, CRC Words and so on.

The core is capable of accepting both Type1 and Type2 multiplex SDI data stream. The core detects the type of the multiplexing and reports it on the TX_DS_MUX output.

In case of the Type2 multiplex data streams, the core performs LN insertion, VPID insertion and CRC generation and insertion on both channels of the multiplexed data stream.

*Figure 1* • CoreUHD_SDITX Block Diagram in 6G-SDI Mode
The functional blocks of the core are described below:

4.1 **Stream Detect Block**
Stream Detect Block detects the timing reference words in the input data streams and generates the control signals required for the stream control block. The block generates a signal to indicate the first word of the timing reference words. Also, the block detects the multiplex type of the data stream input based on the timing reference words.

4.2 **Stream Control Block**
Stream Control Block generates the control signals for the line number insertion block, VPID insertion block, CRC generation block, CRC insertion block and syncs bits insertion block. The block generates TX_TRS status signal indicating the first word of TRS is output on TX_SDI_DATA output signal. Also the block detects, if a bad TRS signal is available on the input data streams.

4.3 **Line Number Insertion Block**
Line Number Insertion Block encodes the line number input into LN0 and LN1 line number packets as defined in the SMPTE specification. The encoded line number packets LN0 and LN1 are inserted into the data stream at the appropriate positions as defined in the SMPTE specification.

The block performs the line number packet insertion in the data stream if the TX_INSERT_LN input is high. This signal shall be high for the complete duration of the line for which line number packets insertion is required. If this signal is low, the block does not perform the line number insertion.

4.4 **VPID Insertion Block**
The VPID Insertion Block inserts the VPID packets into the data stream at the appropriate positions as recommended in the SMPTE specification. The user defined words of VPID packets are encoded from the VPID bytes input. Along with the user defined words, the block inserts the ancillary data flags, the data identification, the secondary data identification, the data count packets and the checksum words which are part of VPID packet. The VPID packets are inserted in the line number provided on the VPID line number input for each frame.

The block performs the line number packet insertion in the data stream if the TX_INSERT_VPID input is high. This signal shall be high for the complete duration of the frame for which VPID packets insertion is required. If this signal is low, the block does not perform the VPID insertion.
4.5 **CRC Generation Block**

CRC Generation Block computes the CRC value for each line of the input data stream. The CRC computation is as per CRC polynomial specified in the SMPTE specification.

\[
\text{CRC}(X) = X^{18} + X^5 + X^4 + 1
\]

The 18-bit CRC is generated and encoded to form CR0 and CR1 CRC packets as defined in the SMPTE specification.

4.6 **CRC Insertion Block**

CRC Insertion Block inserts the CR0 and CR1 CRC packets into the data stream, at the appropriate positions as defined in the SMPTE specification.

The block performs the CRC packet insertion in the data stream if the TX_INSERT_CRC input is high. This signal shall be high for the complete duration of the line for which line number packets insertion is required. If this signal is low, the block does not perform the CRC insertion.

4.7 **Sync Bits Insertion Block**

Sync Bits Insertion Block performs the sync bit insertion on the 10-bit 3FF and 10-bit 000 timing reference words. The two LSB of 3FF word is replaced by 01b and that of 000 word is replaced by 10b.

The block inserts the sync bits only on the required timing reference signals as defined in SMPTE SDI specification retaining the 3FF 000 000 sequence which is required for the receiver to achieve synchronization and word alignment. The sync bits insertion depends on the SDI mode, and the input data stream multiplexing type.

4.8 **Channel Encoder Block**

Channel Encoder Block performs the scrambled NRZI encoding on the concatenated SDI data stream. The channel encoding is performed as per the polynomials specified in the SMPTE specification.

\[
G_1(X) = X^9 + X^4 + 1 \quad \text{and} \quad G_2(X) = X + 1
\]
5.1 Type1 Multiplex Data Stream
The following figure shows the timing diagram for Type1 10-bit multiplex data stream.

Figure 3 • Timing Diagram for Type1 10-bit Multiplex Data Stream

Note: In 6G-SDI mode, ignore the ports with suffix _DS5, _DS6, _DS7, and _DS8.

5.2 Type2 Multiplex Data Stream
The following figure shows the timing diagram for Type2 10-bit multiplex data stream.

Figure 4 • Timing Diagram for Type2 10-bit Multiplex Data Stream

Note: In 6G-SDI mode, ignore the ports with suffix _DS5, _DS6, _DS7, and _DS8.
6 Tool Flow

6.1 License
Core is available in two versions:

• **Evaluation**: Evaluation version is available for free and supports four hours of functionality on silicon.

• **Obfuscated**: Obfuscated version is license locked and is available only with Libero Platinum license.

6.2 Using core in Libero SmartDesign
Core is pre-installed in the SmartDesign IP deployment design environment or Core is downloaded from the online repository.

An example of the core instantiated in Libero SmartDesign is shown in the following figure.
Figure 5 • Core Instance Full I/O View in SmartDesign

The core can be configured using the configuration GUI in the SmartDesign, as shown in the following figure.
For more information on using the SmartDesign to instantiate and generate cores, refer to the *Using DirectCore in Libero® SoC User Guide*.

### 6.3 Simulation Flows

The User Testbench is provided along with the core.

To run the user testbench simulations, do the following steps:

1. Select **User** option for the Testbench flow in the **Core Configuration** window. When SmartDesign generates the design files, it also generates the user testbench files.
2. Set the design root to the core instantiation in the Libero design hierarchy pane and
3. Click **Simulation** in the Libero **Design Flow** window. This invokes ModelSim and automatically runs the user testbench simulation.

### 6.4 Synthesis in Libero

To run synthesis on the core, do the following steps:

1. Set the design root to the IP component instance.
2. Run the **Synthesis** tool from the Libero **Design Flow** pane.

### 6.5 Place-and-Route in Libero

When the design is synthesized:

1. Run the **Place-And-Route** tool from the Libero **Design Flow** pane.
User Testbench is provided with the core that verifies a few of the features.

**Figure 7 • User Testbench**

The user testbench has instance of the core - Unit Under Test (UUT), an SDI Pattern Generator, an SDI Framer Model, and a data comparator module.

The testbench configures the SDI Pattern Generator, UUT, and the SDI Framer Model with the parameters for which the core is being configured from configurator GUI.

The pattern generator generates the data streams, line number data, VPID data, VPID line number data, and control signals required to connect to the UUT, and the SDI Framer Model based on the configured mode.

The UUT performs the framing of the raw video into the SDI data stream. The SDI Framer Model also performs the framing of the raw video into the SDI data stream. The SDI data output of both UUT and SDI Framer Model is provided as inputs to the data comparator module.

The data comparator checker compares the SDI data output from the UUT with the SDI data output from the SDI Framer Model. The module reports if there is any data mismatch between the output of the UUT and SDI Framer Model.
In this example design:

- **CoreUHD_SDIRX (COREUHD_SDIRX_C0_0)** is configured in required SDI mode (6G-SDI or 12G-SDI). This core de-frames the SDI data stream into raw video data.
- **CoreUHD_SDITX (COREUHD_SDITX_C0_0)** is configured in required SDI mode (6G-SDI or 12G-SDI), same as COREUHD_SDIRX_C0_0. COREUHD_SDITX_C0_0 frames the raw data into SDI data stream.
- In 6G-SDI mode, **PF_XCVR_ERM (PF_XCVR_ERM_C0_0)** is configured for data rate of 5940 Mbps in PMA mode with Receiver Calibration set to “CDR”, 40-bit interface data width, and 148.5 MHz reference clock.
- In 12G-SDI mode, **PF_XCVR_ERM_C0_0** is configured for data rate of 11880 Mbps in PMA mode with Receiver Calibration set to “On Demand and First Lock”, 80-bit interface data width, and 148.5 MHz reference clock.
- **XCVR_INIT_DONE** signal of **PF_INIT_MONITOR (INIT_MONITOR_0)** is connected to PCS_RST_N, PMA_RST_N, and CTRL_ARST_N reset inputs of **PF_XCVR_ERM_C0_0**.
- **LANE0_CDR_REF_CLK_0** input of **PF_XCVR_ERM_C0_0** is driven by 148.5 MHz clock from **REF_CLK** of **PF_XCVR_REF_CLK (PF_XCVR_REF_CLK_C0_0)**.
- **CTRL_CLK** (ERM clock) of **PF_XCVR_ERM_C0_0** is driven by 40MHz clock generated from 160 MHz clock driven by **OSC (PF_OSC_C0_0)** using clock divider (PF_CLK_DIV_C0_0).
- The **JA_CLK** port of the **PF_XCVR_ERM_C0_0** is enabled for jitter cleaning purpose.
- **PF_TXPLL (PF_TX_PLL_0_0)** is configured in jitter cleaning mode. **REF_CLK** of **PF_XCVR_REF_CLK_C0_0** drives the **REF_CLK** input of **PF_TX_PLL_0_0**. JA_CLK port of the **PF_XCVR_ERM_C0_0** drives the **JA_CLK** input port of **PF_TX_PLL_0_0**.
- **FABRIC_RESET_N** from CoreRESET_PF (CORERESET_PF_C0_0) is connected to **TX_RESETN** input of **COREUHD_SDITX_C0_0**. **FABRIC_RESET_N** from CoreRESET_PF (CORERESET_PF_C0_0) is connected to **RX_RESETN** input of **COREUHD_SDIRX_C0_0**.
- **RX_CLK** of **COREUHD_SDIRX_C0_0** is driven from **LANE0_RX_CLK_R** of **PF_XCVR_ERM_C0_0** and **TX_CLK** of **COREUHD_SDITX_C0_0** is driven from **LANE0_TX_CLK_R** of **PF_XCVR_ERM_C0_0**. The **LANE0_RX_CLK_R** and **LANE0_TX_CLK_R** clock frequency is 148.5 MHz in both 6G-SDI and 12G-SDI modes.
- The raw video data from **COREUHD_SDIRX_C0_0** is looped back onto **COREUHD_SDITX_C0_0** through CoreFIFO (COREFIFO_C0_0).
- The **TX_INSERT_LN**, **TX_INSERT_CRC**, and **TX_INSERT_VPID** inputs of **COREUHD_SDITX_C0_0** are connected to DIP switches for enabling or disabling the insertion of line number, CRC, and payload ID respectively.
- The **Channel_select (channel_select_0)** is a custom module used to select between the line number data and VPID data bytes extracted from C channel or Y channel of data stream from **COREUHD_SDIRX_C0_0** for providing it on the line number data and VPID data byte inputs of **COREUHD_SDITX_C0_0** for LN and VPID insertion. Selection is done based on DIP switch.
Figure 8 • System Integration
9 References

- SMPTE ST 2081-1 - 6 Gb/s Signal / Serial Digital Interface
- SMPTE ST 2082-1 - 12 Gb/s Signal / Serial Digital Interface
- SMPTE ST 352 - Payload Identification Codes for Serial Digital Interface
- UG0667 - Microsemi PolarFire FPGA User Guide