MICRO-NOTES.

Series No. 203

ZENER VOLTAGE REGULATION WITH TEMPERATURE

By Kent Walters and Mel Clark

Zener diodes are affected by temperature changes associated with their voltage temperature coefficient (α_{VZ}). This characteristic α_{VZ} is usually included in the applicable zener specification data sheet where it it often stated in a percent change in zener voltage per degree centigrade (%/°C), or occasionally in mV/°C. The α_{VZ} can be as low as -0.09 %/°C for low voltage zeners, or as high as +0.110 %/°C for high voltage zeners. This is further illustrated in Figure 1.

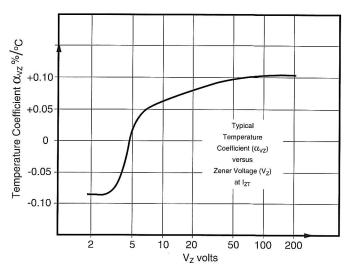


Figure 1. Temperature Coefficient vs Zener Voltage

The temperature coefficient is used in predicting voltage-temperature behavior. The zener junction temperature (T_J) will be affected by both the ambient environment and self heating effects from applied zener power ($P = V_Z \times I_Z$). Self heating is generated by zener package thermal resis-

tance from junction to case $(R_{\theta JC})$ or lead $(R_{\theta JL})$. This MicroNoteTM will focus primarily on outside ambient temperature (T_A) and its effects on zener voltage V_Z . Internal heating and heat sink mounting considerations will be further described in MicroNote 204.

Figure 1 shows that a negative to positive temperature coefficient "transition" will occur in the vicinity of five volts for most zener product designs. When well above five volts, the positive α_{VZ} for avalanche breakdown is generally independent of operating current (I₇). When in the five volt zener device region or below where transition to field emission or "tunneling breakdown" occurs, negative values of α_{VZ} are observed that are also notably affected by various operating current values. This phenomenon and its typical characteristics are illustrated in Figure 2 for 500 mW zeners. At very low zener voltages where field emission predominates, the $\alpha_{\mbox{\scriptsize VZ}}$ is again unaffected by operating current. Although the α_{VZ} is provided at test current (I_{ZT}), zeners in the "transition" region will usually specify a sufficiently wide tolerance of temperature coefficient for general consideration with typical operating current variations.

Zeners are specified for voltage (V_Z) at ambient T_A of 25°C. The voltage change (ΔV_Z) may be calculated for PN junction temperature change ΔT_J from an initial T_A of 25°C using the formula:

 $\Delta V_Z = \alpha_{VZ} \times V_Z \times \Delta T_J / 100.$

For low power levels or pulse test methods, the T_J temperature will approximate T_A . However, most zener JEDEC "1N" diode registrations are specified for V_Z at dc thermal equilibrium

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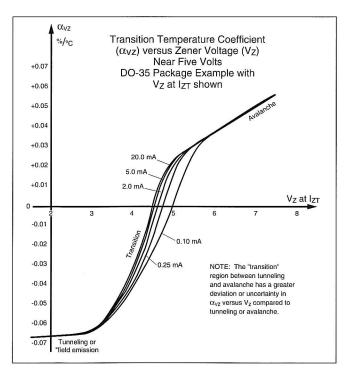


Figure 2. Transition Temperature Coefficient vs Zener Voltage Near Five Volts

conditions at their specified test current I_{ZT} . These dc power test conditions require a period of time in self heating before thermal equilibrium is achieved with internal zener junction temperature T_J above ambient T_A . A difference will then exist in zener voltage pulse testing compared to specified thermal equilibrium that often require 20 seconds or longer to achieve. The described voltage shift is easily observed for axial lead package configurations tested at 25% of full rated power, despite heatsinking at typical specified lead lengths of 0.375 inch (10 mm) from the body.

When zener thermal equilibrium conditions have already been included for V_Z reference and an external ambient temperature change of ΔT_A causes further changes in voltage ΔV_Z , a similar calculation applies. This can simply be expressed as:

$$\Delta V_Z = \alpha_{VZ} \times V_Z \times \Delta T_A / 100.$$

Additional important considerations to package mounting and thermal resistance on PN junction temperatures and zener voltage wil be further described in MicroNote 204.

Corporate Applications Engineering Department - 602-941-6300, Ext. 433 or 524



MICROSEMI CORPORATION

Headquarters:

Santa Ana, CA - 2830 South Fairview Street, P.O. Box 26890, Santa Ana, CA 92799-6890, Phone: (714) 979-8220, FAX: (714) 557-5989 Divisions:

Scottsdale, AZ - 8700 East Thomas Road, P.O. Box 1390, Scottsdale, AZ 85252, Phone: (602) 941-6300, FAX: (602) 947-1503

Broomfield, CO - 800 Hoyt Street, Broomfield, CO 80020, Phone: (303) 469-2161, FAX: (303) 466-3775

Chatsworth, CA - 9261 Owensmouth Avenue, Chatsworth, CA 91311, Phone: (818) 701-4933, (800) 346-3371, FAX: (818) 701-4939

Watertown, MA - 580 Pleasant Street, Watertown, MA 02172, Phone: (617) 926-0404, FAX: (617) 924-1235

Sertech Labs, Inc. - 580 Pleasant Street, Watertown, MA 02172, Phone: (617) 924-9280, FAX: (617) 924-1235

International Sales Offices:

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Hong Kong - 5/F-7/F, Meeco Ind. Building, 53-55 Au Pui Wan Street, Fotan, Shatin, N.T., Hong Kong, Phone: (852) 692-1202, FAX: (852) 691-0544