

### **RTG4 Radiation Update**

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### **Company Overview**



- Leading-Edge Semiconductor Solutions Differentiated by:
  - Performance
  - Reliability
  - Security
  - Power
- Solid Financial Foundation
  - FY2016 Revenue: \$1.6B
  - 4800 employees today
- Major Focus Products
  - FPGA and ASIC
  - Timing and OTN
  - Mixed-signal and RF
  - Switches and PHYs
  - Storage controllers
  - Discretes and integrated power solutions



### Microsemi's Space Pedigree



#### Extensive Space Heritage

- Developing space solutions for six decades
- Proven track record of innovation, quality, and reliability

#### **Broad Solutions Portfolio**

Power, mixed-signal, and digital, for bus and payload applications

# Expanding Our Product Portfolio through Continuous Innovation

### A Partner for the Long Run

• 60-year space heritage



### Delivering A Comprehensive Space Portfolio

Radiation-Tolerant **FPGAs** 

High performance, high density, low power TID up to 300 Krad, SEL immune RTG4 FPGAs up to 300 MHz and 150K LE RTProASIC3, RTAX, and RTSX-SU QML qualified







Rad-Hard Mixed Signal Integrated Circuits

Telemetry and motor control space system managers High-side drivers Regulators and PWMs Extensive custom IC capability



Space-Qualified Oscillators

Ovenized Quartz oscillators Hybrid voltage controlled and temperature-compensated crystal oscillators Cesium clocks





Rad-Hard **Power Solutions**  Rad-hard JANS diodes, bi-polar small signal transistors, and MOSFETs Rad-hard isolated DC-DC converter modules Custom power supplies: 2 W to > 5 KW Linear and POL hybrids Electromechanical relays





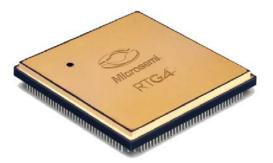


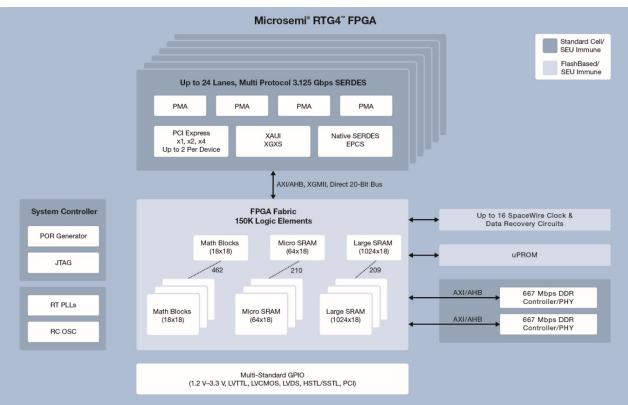
### **Agenda**

- Introduction
- Chip-Level TID and SEE Update
- Single Event Effects Update
  - Fabric circuit heavy-ion testing
  - PLL and SerDes heavy-ion testing
  - Reprogramming in space flight
- Summary and Further Radiation Testing



#### RTG4 FPGAs





- Radiation-tolerant Flash-based FPGA manufactured by UMC 65nm technology
- High-speed signal processing
  - 300 MHz
  - 150K LE (STMRFF)
  - 5 Mbit SRAM (EDAC)
  - 462 Multipliers (DSP)
  - RT-PLL

- 24 x 3.125 Gbps SerDes
- Hardened for both TID and SEE
  - TID > 100 Krad
  - SEL immune
  - SEU/SET/SEFI

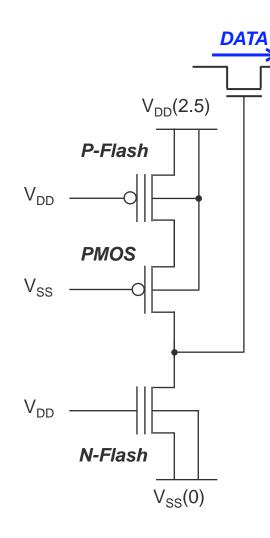


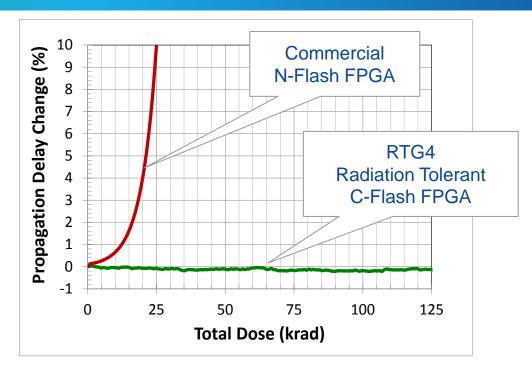
## Flash-Cell Radiation Hardening



#### TID and SEE-Hardened C-Flash Cell

**Switch** 





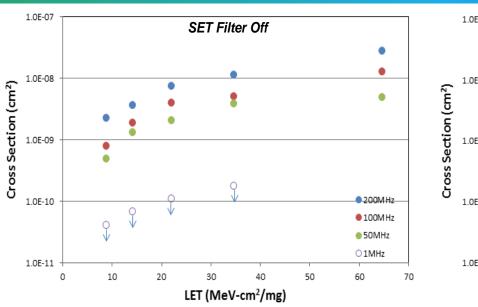
- NOR Flash architecture
- Charge storage for N-Flash or P-Flash is >10x of N-Flash memory; small  $V_T$  change ( $\Delta V_T$ ) by HI
- Switch has no degradation until Flash changes state and can tolerate V<sub>T</sub> shift but still maintain performance:
   TID > 125 krad
- Reprogramming succeeds after irradiated high LET-ion with high fluence (can reprogram every irradiated part)

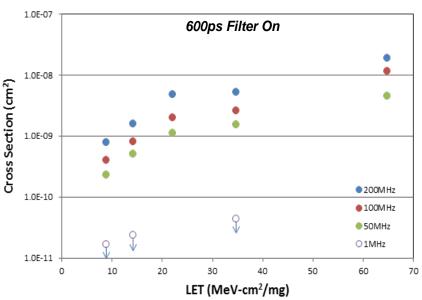


### **Fabric Circuits Radiation Update**



### Fabric FF (STMRFF) SET Filter Enable—2x Error Reduction





- No error observed at 1 MHz
- ⇒ Flip-flop TMR works to eliminate SEU at 1 MHz
- ⇒ Errors observed at 50 MHz, 100 MHz, and 200 MHz were all SET and not SEU

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Filter reduced SET by half

Device Family	Error Rate for GEO Min (Errors/bit-day)
SmartFusion2 @ 1MHz	1.76 x 10 <sup>-7</sup>
RTG4 @ 1MHz	2.60 x 10 <sup>-12</sup>
RTG4 @ 200MHz	4.20 x 10 <sup>-8</sup>



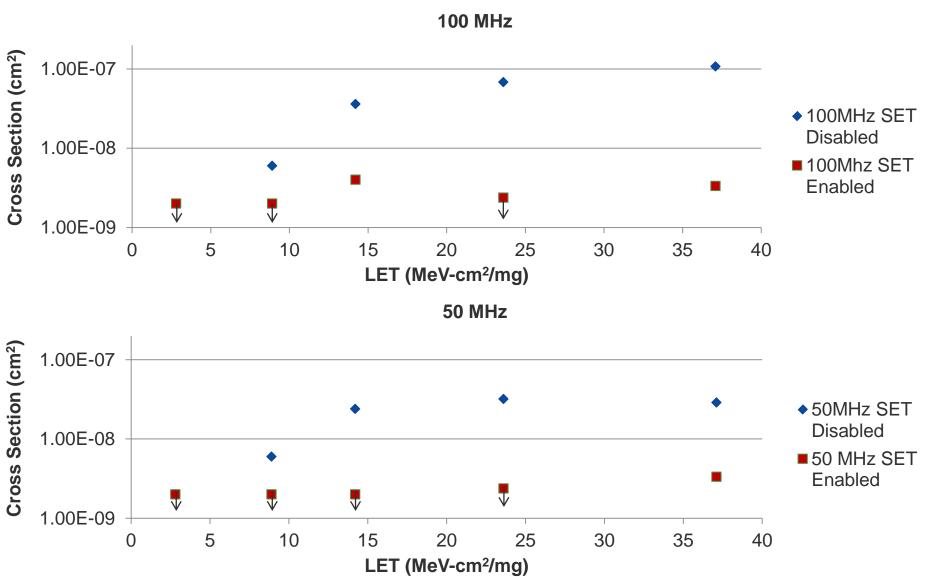
### LBNL—RTG4 Mathblock SET Filter Testing

- Mathblock design with SET filter enabled vs disabled are tested
  - Parallel math block chains (25 stages)
    - Configured using cascade mode uses dedicated math block routing (not going through the fabric)
    - Frequencies: 50 MHz and 100 MHz
    - SET filter enabled (600 ps) vs disabled
- Hard Multiplier Accumulator macro (accumulation enabled) was tested with heavy ion and the sensitivity is confirmed for LET as low as 2.8 MeV.cm2/mg

- The (SET/SEU) errors accumulate and a reset is required
- Hard Multiplier AddSub macro (accumulation disabled)
  - Errors do not accumulate, SET errors are captured but no reset is necessary
  - SET filter enabled vs. SET filter disabled are tested
  - SET filter is very efficient
    - -The SET filter is able to mitigate most of the errors up to an LET of ~ 37 MeV.cm2/mg



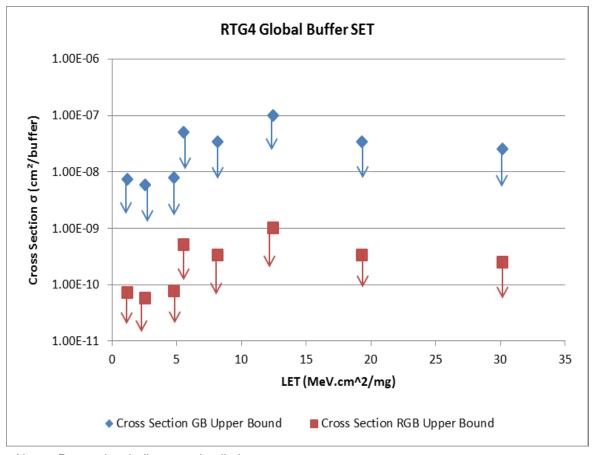
#### Math Blocks SET Filter Enable—10x Error Reduction





#### **Global Clock Buffer**

No SET observed in global buffer or row global buffer for LET < 30 MeV-cm2/mg</li>



Notes: Data points indicate testing limits.

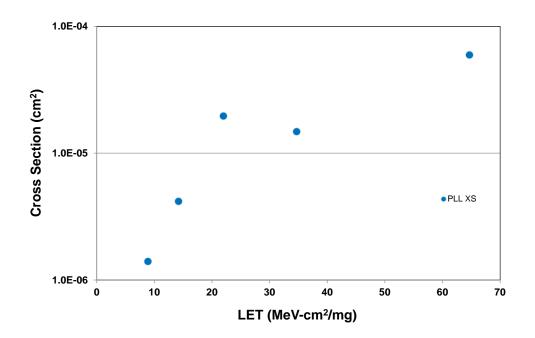


### **PLL and SerDes Radiation Update**



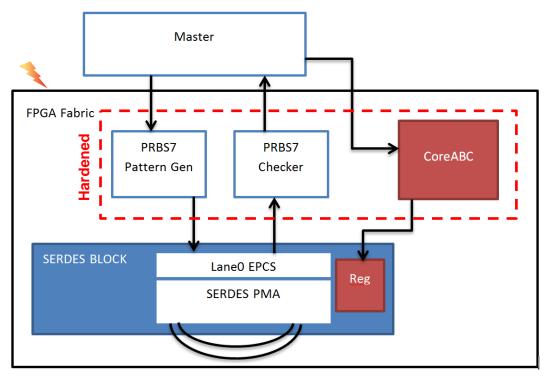
#### PLL

- PLL Single Event Functional Interrupt (SEFI) is defined by PLL loss of lock
- Heavy-Ion SEE Testing Results
  - PLL lost lock and self-recovers at LET < 65 MeV-cm2/mg</li>
  - PLL lost lock and can be recovered by reset at LET = 65 MeV-cm2/mg
  - Lock loss < 100 μs</li>
- More testing is planned





#### SerDes SEE Test and SEFI Auto-Recover

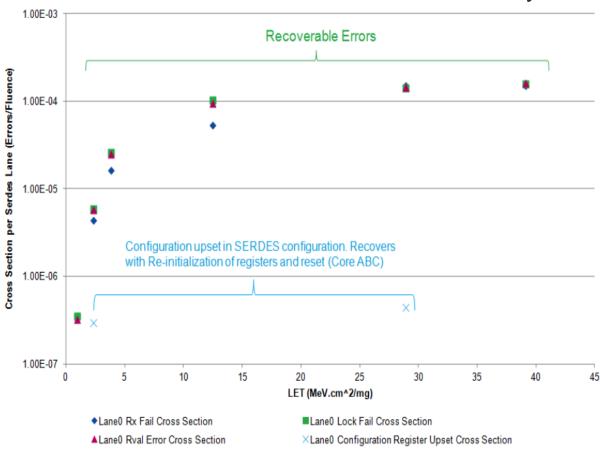


- 1. Controller in external master chip manages the testing system.
- 2. Configuration register in SERDES is SEE hardened but has upset.
- 3. When SERDES SEFI occurs, controller detects the event based on looped back data.
- 4. A command is sent to on-chip CoreABC, also built from SEE-hardened fabric logics, to refresh the configuration.



#### **SerDes SEFI Results**

- SerDes SEFI is defined by loss of link
  - Several signals were monitored
  - Loss of link is when returned data is invalid for 2+ consecutive cycles





### **SerDes Summary**

- No DEVRST\_N was required to recover link loss
- Most SEFI were self-recoverable
  - Others required reinitializing SerDes configuration registers using CoreABC

- Link loss was recoverable with duration in sub-millisecond range
- Plan for next testing:
  - Improve SERDES test design and measurement
    - Increase counter register size to prevent error saturation
    - Collect bit error rate with error correction for multiple transmissions



### In-Flight Reprogramming—In-Beam Reprogramming Test



### In-Beam RTG4 Reprogramming

- FlashPro used by customers
- Reprogramming in beam often gets interrupted
- No damage at LET ≤ 30.5
- Reprogramming off-beam always successful after tried in beam, implying no destructive damage

Run	Effective LET	Effective Flux (lon/cm²/s)	Fluence until Prog Fail	Fluence (lon/cm²)	Reprogram Attempts	Reprogram Passed	Reprogram Functional	Off-Beam Reprogram Pass
23	1.2	1.00E+04	1.40E+06	1.40E+06	1	0	0	1
24	1.2	1.00E+04	3.40E+05	1.40E+06		0	0	1
25	1.2	1.00E+04	1.80E+05	6.00E+05	1	0	0	1
26	2.6	1.00E+04	4.30E+05	6.00E+05	1	0	0	1
27	8.2	1.00E+04	2.40E+05	1.41E+06		0	0	1
28	8.2	1.00E+04	2.55E+06	1.00E+07	8	0	0	1
29	11.6	1.00E+04	8.62E+05	1.00E+07	8	0	0	1
30	19.3	3.00E+03	4.86E+05	2.20E+06	3	0	0	1
31	19.3	3.00E+03	1.16E+06	2.20E+06	6	0	0	1
32	30.5			2.00E+06		0	0	1
33	30.5			2.00E+06		0	0	1
34	30.5	9.00E+02	3.36E+05	2.00E+06	13	0	0	1

• This data implies that users can attempt re-programming multiple times until successful.

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• In space, the probability of a heavy-ion strike is low during short-cycle reprogramming



### **In-Beam Reprogramming Error**

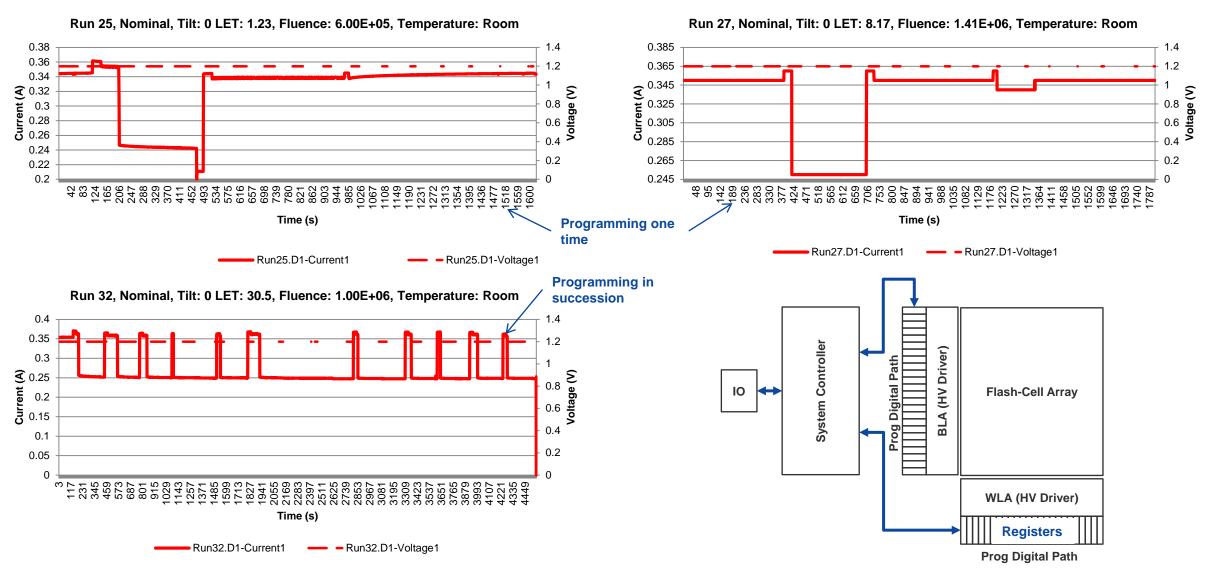
Example: Run 24, Bit stream error

```
programmer '87254' : Scan Chain...
programmer '87254' : Scan Chain PASSED
programmer '87254' : Executing action PROGRAM
programmer '87254': EXPORT ISC_ENABLE_RESULT[32] = 00004404
programmer '87254' : EXPORT CRCERR: [1] = 0
programmer '87254' : EXPORT ECCRCVR: [1] = 0
programmer '87254' : TEMPGRADE: ROOM
programmer '87254' : EXPORT TEMP: [8] = 44
programmer '87254': Programming FPGA Array...
programmer '87254' : Bitstream Error.
programmer '87254' : blockNo: 12082
programmer '87254' : EXPORT DATA_STATUS_RESULT: [32] = 22a04024
programmer '87254' : EXPORT ERRORCODE: [5] = 04
programmer '87254' : EXPORT BSERRCODE: [8] = 40
programmer '87254' : EXPORT READ_DEBUG_INFO[128] = c444f07f0000000000000000000010001
programmer '87254' : EXPORT DSN[128] = 00000000000000014b39070006001c
programmer '87254' : Finished: Wed Jul 01 21:45:19 2015 (Elapsed time 00:02:17)
programmer '87254': Executing action PROGRAM PASSED.
```

0-0-0-0-0

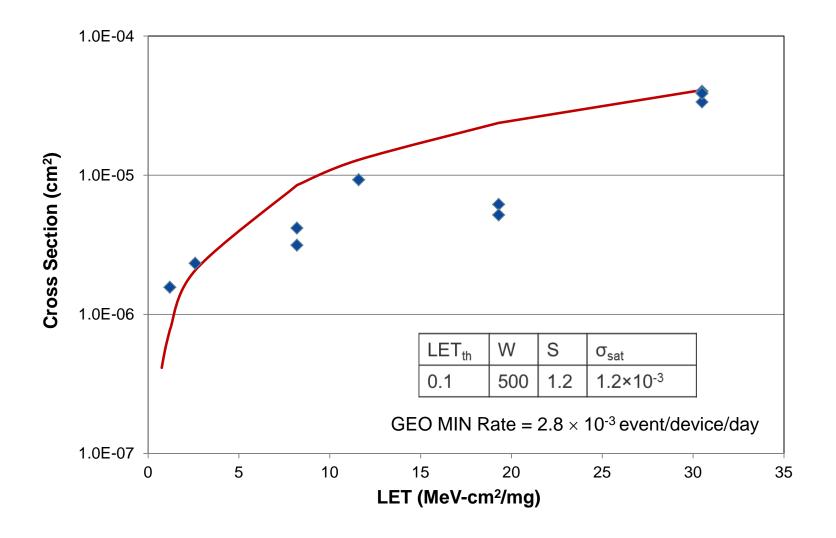


### In-Beam Reprogramming SEFI—Register Upset





### In-Beam Reprogramming Soft SEFI—Cross Section and Error Rate





### **In-Flight Reprogramming Guidance**

- Preliminary guidance
  - Highly unlikely that a destructive event will occur during programming in space
  - Probability of success for programming in GEO is estimated ~ 99% or higher
  - It is highly likely that in space, no ion will disrupt programming
  - If an ion strike does disrupt programming, it is highly likely that the next programming attempt will succeed
  - Reprogramming after TID
    - Reprogramming can be accomplished at TID levels up to 50 krad
    - Sufficient for 10 years of GEO and > 20 years of LEO
- Further tests are planned
- Solutions for reprogramming in-flight
  - Use Microsemi DirectC programming algorithm on processor—available today
  - Use Microsemi RTG4 programming controller—coming soon
  - See video presentation "Remote Programming of RTG4 FPGAs On Orbit" at today's Space Forum event



### **Prompt-Dose/Dose-Rate Testing**

#### Contact Microsemi for more information

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### **RTG4 Radiation Summary**

Total Ionizing Dose	Stays within parametric limits > 125 Krad (Si)	
Single Event Latch-Up	No failure at facility limit of 103 MeV-cm <sup>2</sup> /mg, 100°C	
Configuration Upset	No failure at facility limit of 103 MeV-cm <sup>2</sup> /mg, 100°C	
Flip-Flop SEU	2.6E-12 errors/bit-day, GEO solar minimum, 1MHz	
LSRAM SEU	4.03E-8 errors/bit-day, GEO solar min (no EDAC)	1.1E-11 errors/bit-day, GEO solar min (with EDAC)
uSRAM SEU	3.33E-8 errors/bit-day, GEO solar min (no EDAC)	2.7E-13 errors/bit-day, GEO solar min (with EDAC)

- 2017 Test Plan and Conference Papers and Publications
  - SET: fabric, clocks, SpaceWire, MSIO, MSIOD
  - SEFI: PLL, SerDes, PCIe, DDR controllers, system controller
  - Independent testing in progress (Aerospace Corp, NASA, JPL, ESA)
  - SEE Symposium and MAPLD Power Point presented in 5/2016 by Melanie Berg, NASA GSFC
  - 2016 HEART RTG4 Radiation Update
  - A Novel 65 nm Radiation Tolerant Flash Configuration Cell Used in RTG4 Field Programmable Gate Array
  - TID and SEE characterization of Microsemi's 4th generation radiation tolerant RTG4 flash-based FPGA
  - WP0191: Mitigation of Radiation Effects in RTG4 Radiation-Tolerant FPGAs
  - SEE Symposium /MAPLD May17 "SEE Induced VT Shift in Flash Cells of Flash-Based FPGAs"
  - NSREC July 17 "Investigation of TID and Dynamic Burn-In Induced VT Shift on RTG4 Flash-Based FPGA"



### Thank You



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