



Total Ionizing Dose Test Report

No. 11T-RTAX2000S-CQ352-D55A21

June 29, 2011

Table of Contents

I.	Summary Table.....	3
II.	Total Ionizing Dose (TID) Testing.....	3
A.	Device-Under-Test (DUT) and Irradiation Parameters	3
B.	Test Method	4
C.	Design and Parametric Measurements.....	5
III.	Test Results	6
A.	Functionality	6
B.	Power Supply Current (ICCA and ICCI).....	6
C.	Single-Ended Input Logic Threshold (VIL/VIH)	10
D.	Differential Input (LVPECL) Threshold Voltage (VIL/VIH)	11
E.	Output-Drive Voltage (VOL/VOH)	12
F.	Propagation Delay.....	13
G.	Transition Characteristics.....	14
	Appendix A DUT Bias	24
	Appendix B DUT Design Schematics and Verilog Files	26

TOTAL IONIZING DOSE TEST REPORT

No. 11T-RTAX2000S-CQ352-D55A21

June 29, 2011

CK Huang and J.J. Wang

(650) 318-4209, (650) 318-4576

chang-kai.huang@microsemi.com, jih-jong.wang@microsemi.com

I. Summary Table

Parameter	Tolerance
1. Gross Functionality	Passed 300 krad (SiO ₂)
2. Power Supply Current (ICCA/ICCI)	Passed 200 krad (SiO ₂)
3. Input Threshold (VTIL/VIH)	Passed 300 krad (SiO ₂)
4. Output Drive (VOL/VOH)	Passed 300 krad (SiO ₂)
5. Propagation Delay	Passed 300 krad (SiO ₂) for 10% degradation criterion
6. Transition Characteristics	Passed 300 krad (SiO ₂)

II. Total Ionizing Dose (TID) Testing

This testing is designed on the base of an extensive database (see TID data of antifuse-based FPGAs at <http://www.klabs.org> and <http://www.actel.com>) accumulated from the TID testing of many generations of antifuse-based FPGAs.

A. Device-Under-Test (DUT) and Irradiation Parameters

Table 1 lists the DUT and irradiation parameters. During irradiation each input and most of the output is grounded through a 100 kohm resistor. During annealing, each input or output is tied to the ground or VCCI with a 2.7 kohm resistor. Appendix A contains the schematics of the irradiation-bias circuit.

Table 1 DUT and Irradiation Parameters

Part Number	RTAX2000S
Package	CQFP352
Foundry	United Microelectronics Corp.
Technology	0.15 µm CMOS
DUT Design	TOP_AX2000S_TID
Die Lot Number	D55A21
Quantity Tested	6
Serial Number	300 krad(SiO ₂): 14448, 14454, 14505 200 krad(SiO ₂): 14678, 14745
Radiation Facility	Defense Microelectronics Activity
Radiation Source	Co-60
Dose Rate ($\pm 5\%$)	5 krad(SiO ₂)/min
Irradiation Temperature	Room
Irradiation and Measurement Bias (VCCI/VCCA)	Static at 3.3 V/1.5 V

B. Test Method

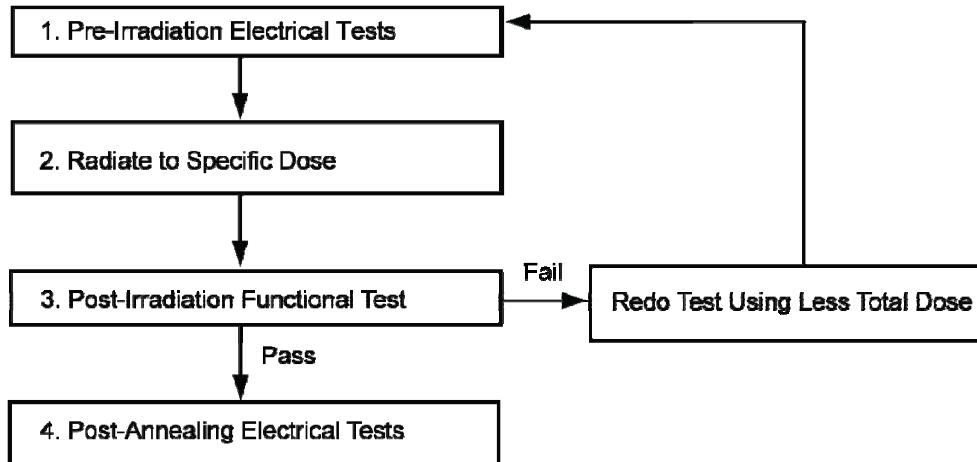


Figure 1 Parametric Test Flow Chart

The test method generally follows the guidelines in the military standard TM1019.8. Figure 1 is the flow chart describing the steps for functional and parametric tests, irradiation, and post-irradiation annealing.

The accelerated aging, or rebound test mentioned in TM1019.8 is unnecessary because there is no adverse time-dependent effect (TDE) in Microsemi products manufactured by deep sub-micron CMOS technologies. Elevated temperature annealing basically reduces the effects originating from radiation-induced leakage currents. As indicated by test data in the following sections, the predominant radiation effects in RTAX2000S are due to radiation-induced leakage currents.

Room temperature annealing is performed in this test; the duration is approximately 10 days.

C. Design and Parametric Measurements

The DUT uses a high utilization, generic design (TOP_AX2000S_TID) to evaluate total dose effects for typical space applications. Appendix B contains the schematics and Verilog files of this design.

Table 2 lists measured electrical parameters and the corresponding logic design. The functionality is measured on the output pin (O_BS) of a combinational buffer-string with 14,000 buffers, output pins (O_ANDP_CLKF, O_ORP_CLKF, O_FF_CLKF, O_ANDC_CLKF, O_ORC_CLKF, O_ANDP_CLKG, O_ORP_CLKG, O_FF_CLKG, O_ANDC_CLKG, O_ORC_CLKG, O_ANDP_CLKH, O_ORP_CLKH, O_FF_CLKH, O_ANDC_CLKH, O_ORC_CLKH, O_ANDP_HCLKA, O_ORP_HCLKA, O_FF_HCLKA, O_ANDC_HCLKA, and O_ORC_HCLKA) of four (4) shift registers with 10,728 bits total, and half of the output pins (OUTX0, OUTX1, OUTX2, OUTX3, OUTX4, OUTX5, OUTX6 and OUTX7) of the embedded RAM configured as 16Kx16.

ICC is measured on the power supply of the logic-array (ICCA) and I/O (ICCI) respectively. The input logic threshold (VIL/VIH) is measured on single-ended inputs EN8, DA, IO_I1, IO_I2, IO_I3, IO_I4, IO_I5 and IO_I6, and also on differential inputs DIO_I1P, DIO_I2P, DIO_I3P, DIO_I4P, DIO_I5P, DIO_I6P and DIO_I7P. The differential inputs are configured as LVPECL instead of LVDS because LVPECL, using 3.3 VDC, is worse than LVDS, which uses 2.5 VDC. During the measurement on the differential inputs, the N (negative) side of the differential pair is biased at 1.8 V. The output-drive voltage (V_{OL}/V_{OH}) is measured on QA0 and YQ0. The propagation delay is measured on the output (O_BS) of the buffer string; the definition is the time delay from the triggering edge at the CLOCK input to the switching edge at the output O_BS. Both the delays of low-to-high and high-to-low output transitions are measured; the reported delay is the average of these two measurements. The transition characteristics, measured on the output O_BS, are shown as oscilloscope captures.

Table 2 Logic Design for Parametric Measurements

Parameters	Logic Design
1. Functionality	All key logic functions (O_BS, O_ANDP_CLKF, O_ORP_CLKF, O_FF_CLKF, O_ANDC_CLKF, O_ORC_CLKF, O_ANDP_CLKG, O_ORP_CLKG, O_FF_CLKG, O_ANDC_CLKG, O_ORC_CLKG, O_ANDP_CLKH, O_ORP_CLKH, O_FF_CLKH, O_ANDC_CLKH, O_ORC_CLKH, O_ANDP_HCLKA, O_ORP_HCLKA, O_FF_HCLKA, O_ANDC_HCLKA, and O_ORC_HCLKA), and outputs of embedded RAM (OUTX0, OUTX1, OUTX2, OUTX3, OUTX4, OUTX5, OUTX6 and OUTX7)
2. ICC (ICCA/ICCI)	DUT power supply
3. Input Threshold (VIL/VIH)	Single ended inputs (EN8/YQ0, DA/QA0, IO_I1/IO_O1, IO_I2/IO_O2, IO_I3/IO_O3, IO_I4/IO_O4, IO_I5/IO_O5, IO_I6/IO_O6), and differential inputs (DIO_I1P/DIO_O1, DIO_I2P/DIO_O2, DIO_I3P/DIO_O3, DIO_I4P/DIO_O4, DIO_I5P/DIO_O5, DIO_I6P/DIO_O6, DIO_I7P/DIO_O7)
4. Output Drive (VOL/VOH)	Output buffer (EN8/YQ0, DA/QA0)
5. Propagation Delay	String of buffers (CLOCK to O_BS)
6. Transition Characteristic	String of buffers output (O_BS)

III. Test Results

A. Functionality

Every DUT passed the pre-irradiation and post-annealing functional tests. The as-irradiated DUT is functionally tested on the output (O_FF_HCLKA) of the largest shift register.

B. Power Supply Current (ICCA and ICCI)

Figures 2-6 plot the influx standby ICCA and ICCI versus total dose for each DUT. Table 3 summarizes the pre-irradiation, post-irradiation and post-annealing ICC. The post-annealing ICC for four different bit patterns, all '0', all '1', checkerboard and inverted-checkerboard, in the RAM are basically the same.

Table 3 Pre-irradiation, Post Irradiation and Post-Annealing ICC

DUT	Total Dose krad(SiO ₂)	ICCA (mA)			ICCI (mA)		
		Pre-irrad	Post-irrad	Post-ann	Pre-irrad	Post-irrad	Post-ann
14448	300 krad	26.7	148.0	54.5	1.5	101.0	8.2
14454	300 krad	26.4	143.9	50.4	6.3	141.3	18.1
14505	300 krad	26.3	198.9	63.5	3.2	146.7	16.2
14678	200 krad	24.7	53.1	34.2	1.8	8.4	1.9
14745	200 krad	26.3	63.6	38.4	2.4	10.4	3.8

In compliance with TM1019.8 subsection 3.11.2.c, the post-irradiation-parametric limit (PIPL) for the post-annealing ICCI in this test is defined as the addition of highest ICCI, ICCDA and ICCDIFFA values in Table 2-4 of the RTAX®-S/SL datasheet:

http://www.actel.com/documents/RTAXS_DS.pdf

For ICCA, the PIPL is 500 mA; the PIPL of ICCI equals to $35+10+3.13\times7 = 66.91$ (mA). Note that there are 7 pairs of differential LVPECL inputs in each DUT. Based on these PIPL, post-annealed DUT passes both the ICCA and ICCI spec for 200 krad (SiO₂).

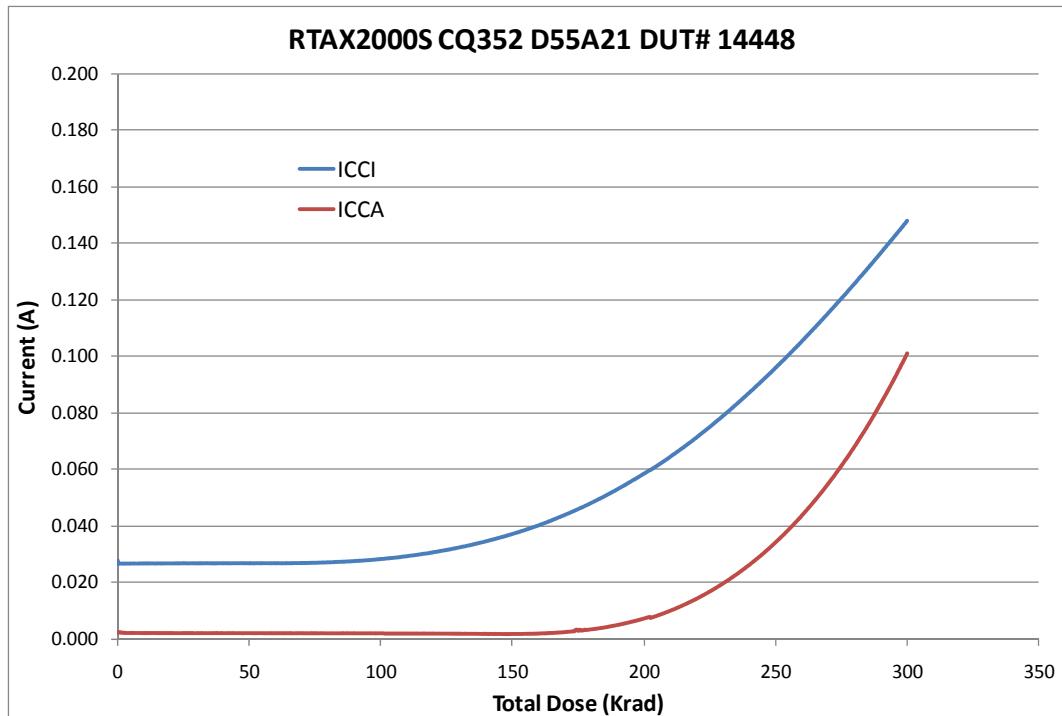


Figure 2 DUT 14448 Influx ICCA and ICCI

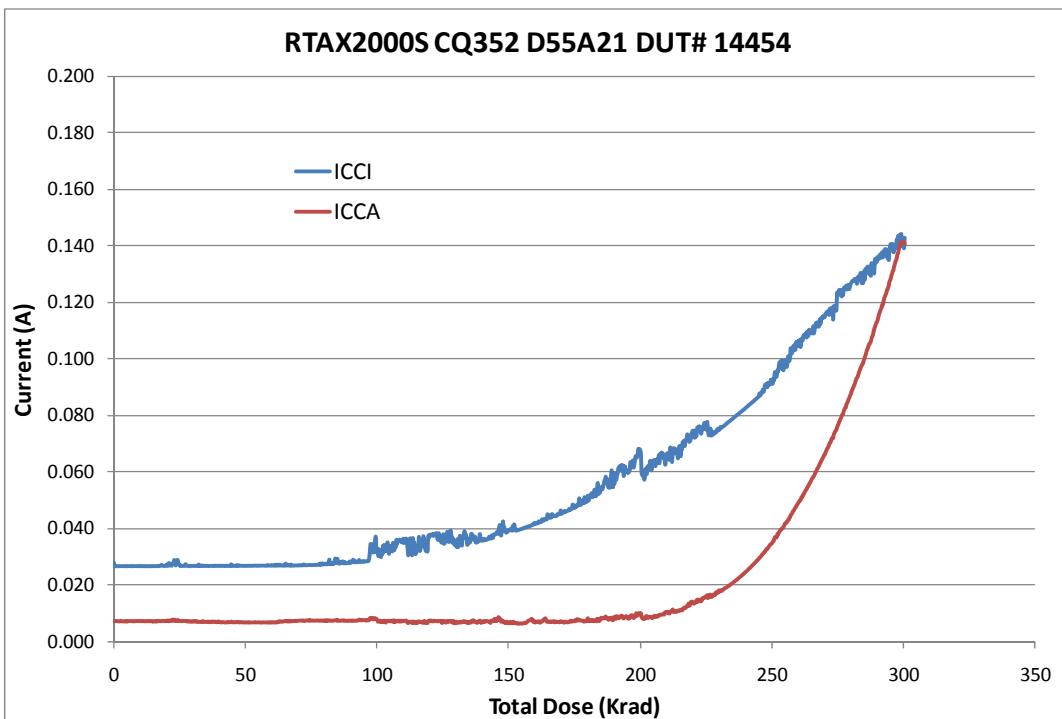


Figure 3 DUT 14454 Influx ICCA and ICCI,
Some environment noises are observed in this measurement

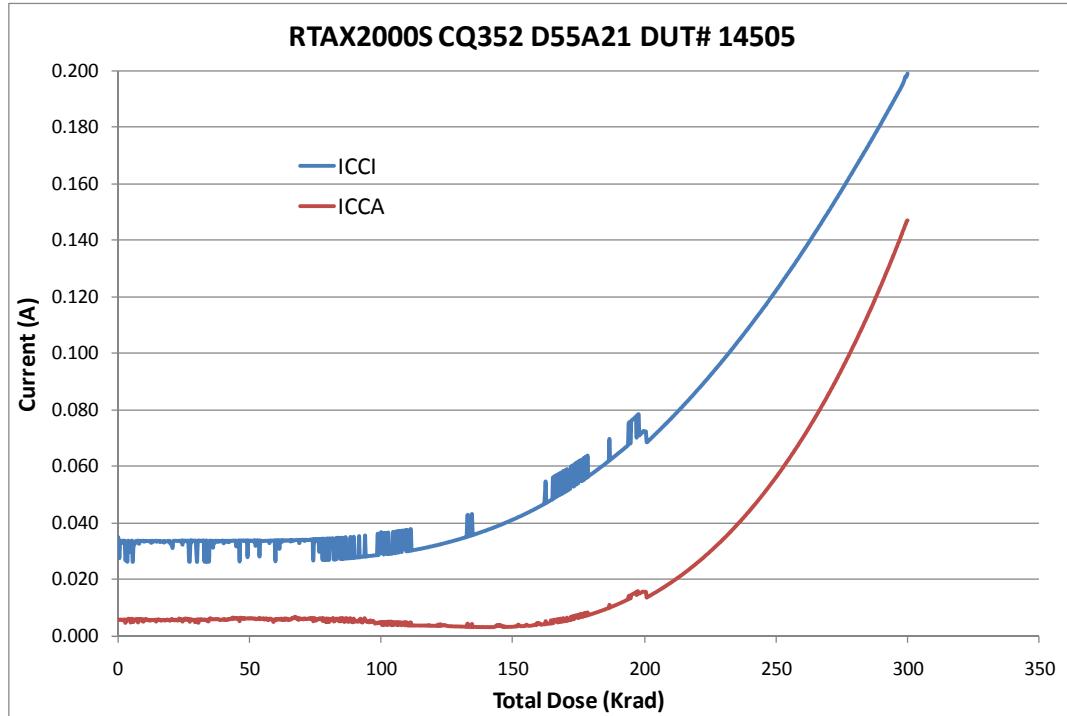


Figure 4 DUT 14505 Influx ICCA and ICCI

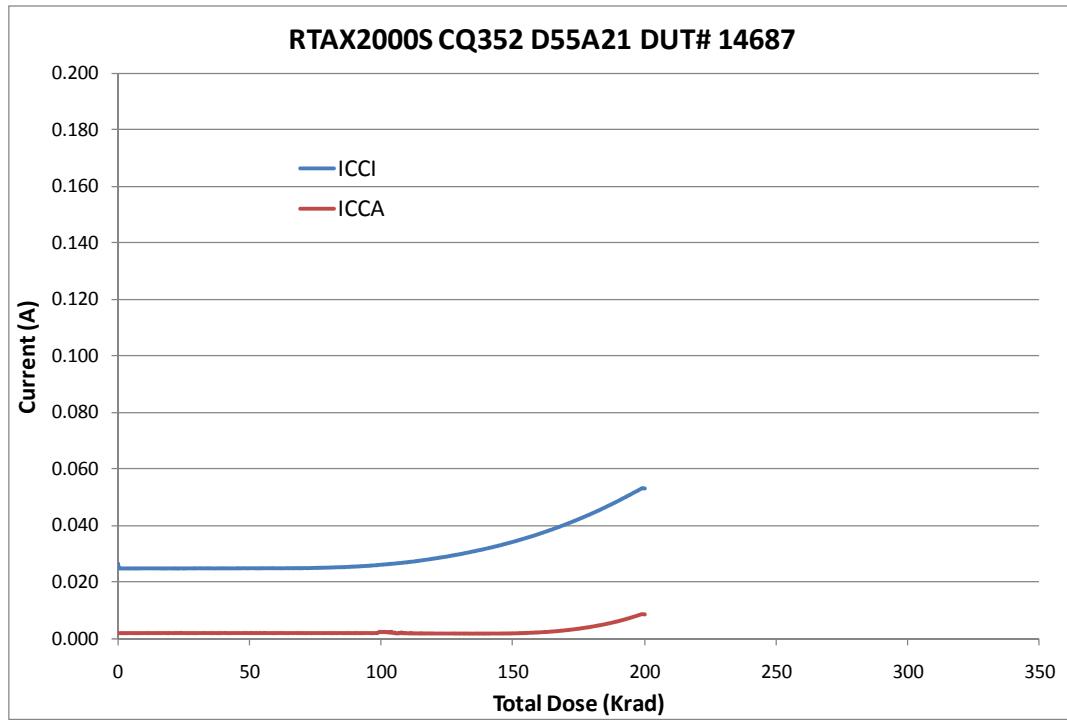


Figure 5 DUT 14687 Influx ICCA and ICCI

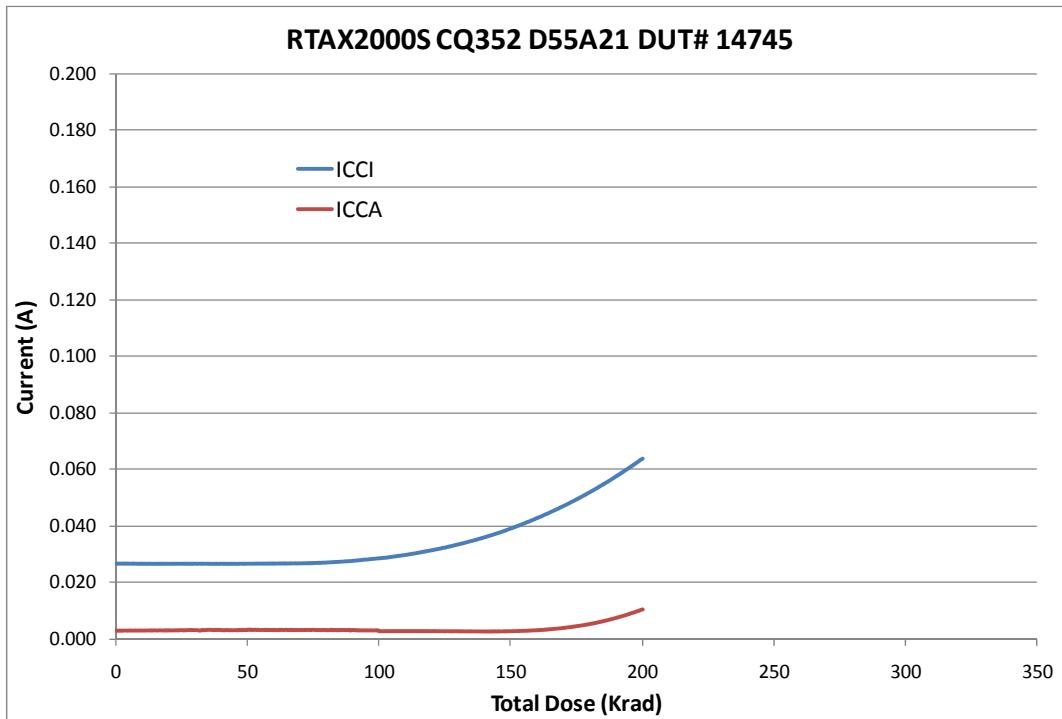


Figure 6 DUT 14745 Influx ICCA and ICCI

C. Single-Ended Input Logic Threshold (VIL/VIH)

Table 4a through Table 4c list the pre-irradiation and post-annealing single-ended input logic threshold. All data are within the specification limits. The post-annealing shift in every case is very small.

Table 4a Pre-Irradiation and Post-Annealing Input Thresholds

DUT	14448 (300 krad)				14454 (300 krad)				
	Input Pin	Pre-Irrad	Post-Ann	Pre-Irrad	Post-Ann	Pre-Irrad	Post-Ann	Pre-Irrad	Post-Ann
		VIL (mV)		VIH (mV)		VIL (mV)		VIH (mV)	
DA	1415	1400	1390	1385	1415	1415	1390	1385	
EN8	1395	1380	1390	1385	1395	1390	1390	1385	
IO_I_6	1410	1395	1390	1385	1410	1405	1390	1385	
IO_I_5	1400	1390	1400	1395	1405	1400	1400	1395	
IO_I_4	1390	1385	1400	1385	1390	1385	1400	1385	
IO_I_3	1345	1340	1420	1415	1345	1340	1410	1405	
IO_I_2	1385	1380	1410	1405	1385	1385	1395	1405	
IO_I_1	1385	1380	1405	1400	1385	1375	1405	1400	

Table 4b Pre-Irradiation and Post-Annealing Input Thresholds

DUT	14505 (300 krad)				14678 (200 krad)				
	Input Pin	Pre-Irrad	Post-Ann	Pre-Irrad	Post-Ann	Pre-Irrad	Post-Ann	Pre-Irrad	Post-Ann
		VIL (mV)		VIH (mV)		VIL (mV)		VIH (mV)	
DA	1420	1405	1395	1385	1415	1405	1395	1385	
EN8	1385	1390	1395	1390	1395	1370	1390	1385	
IO_I_6	1390	1400	1395	1390	1410	1385	1395	1390	
IO_I_5	1385	1400	1400	1395	1405	1375	1400	1395	
IO_I_4	1395	1390	1395	1395	1395	1385	1400	1385	
IO_I_3	1350	1345	1425	1420	1370	1340	1415	1415	
IO_I_2	1390	1385	1415	1405	1385	1380	1410	1405	
IO_I_1	1385	1375	1405	1400	1390	1380	1405	1400	

Table 4c Pre-Irradiation and Post-Annealing Input Thresholds

DUT	14745 (200 krad)					
	Input Pin	Pre-Irrad		Post-Ann	Pre-Irrad	Post-Ann
		VIL (mV)		VIH (mV)		
DA		1420		1415	1395	1390
EN8		1390		1395	1400	1395
IO_I_6		1395		1410	1400	1395
IO_I_5		1390		1410	1405	1405
IO_I_4		1395		1390	1395	1400
IO_I_3		1355		1355	1420	1425
IO_I_2		1390		1390	1415	1410
IO_I_1		1380		1380	1400	1395

D. Differential Input (LVPECL) Threshold Voltage (VIL/VIH)

Table 5a through Table 5c list the LVPECL differential input threshold voltage changes due to irradiations. All pins show negligible changes, and all the data are within the specification.

Table 5a Pre-Irradiation and Post-Annealing Differential Input Thresholds

DUT	14448 (300 krad)				14454 (300 krad)				
	Input Pin	Pre-Irrad	Post-Ann	Pre-Irrad	Post-Ann	Pre-Irrad	Post-Ann	Pre-Irrad	Post-Ann
VIL (mV)		VIH (mV)		VIL (mV)		VIH (mV)			
DIO_IP_7	DIO_IP_7	1795	1795	1790	1790	1800	1800	1790	1790
DIO_IP_6	DIO_IP_6	1785	1785	1790	1790	1780	1780	1785	1785
DIO_IP_5	DIO_IP_5	1790	1790	1790	1790	1795	1795	1790	1790
DIO_IP_4	DIO_IP_4	1785	1790	1790	1790	1780	1780	1785	1785
DIO_IP_3	DIO_IP_3	1795	1795	1790	1790	1795	1795	1790	1790
DIO_IP_2	DIO_IP_2	1790	1785	1790	1790	1790	1780	1785	1780
DIO_IP_1	DIO_IP_1	1795	1795	1790	1790	1795	1795	1790	1790

Table 5b Pre-Irradiation and Post-Annealing Differential Input Thresholds

DUT	14505 (300 krad)				14678 (200 krad)				
	Input Pin	Pre-Irrad	Post-Ann	Pre-Irrad	Post-Ann	Pre-Irrad	Post-Ann	Pre-Irrad	Post-Ann
VIL (mV)		VIH (mV)		VIL (mV)		VIH (mV)			
DIO_IP_7	DIO_IP_7	1795	1795	1790	1790	1790	1790	1790	1790
DIO_IP_6	DIO_IP_6	1785	1785	1790	1790	1785	1785	1790	1790
DIO_IP_5	DIO_IP_5	1795	1795	1790	1790	1795	1795	1790	1790
DIO_IP_4	DIO_IP_4	1775	1775	1780	1780	1785	1785	1790	1785
DIO_IP_3	DIO_IP_3	1795	1795	1790	1790	1795	1795	1790	1790
DIO_IP_2	DIO_IP_2	1790	1790	1790	1790	1790	1790	1790	1790
DIO_IP_1	DIO_IP_1	1795	1795	1790	1790	1795	1795	1790	1790

Table 5c Pre-Irradiation and Post-Annealing Differential Input Thresholds

DUT	14745 (200 krad)					
	Input Pin	Pre-Irrad		Post-Ann	Pre-Irrad	Post-Ann
VIL (mV)			VIH (mV)			
DIO_IP_7	DIO_IP_7	1795		1795	1790	1790
DIO_IP_6	DIO_IP_6	1780		1780	1785	1785
DIO_IP_5	DIO_IP_5	1795		1795	1790	1790
DIO_IP_4	DIO_IP_4	1780		1785	1790	1790
DIO_IP_3	DIO_IP_3	1795		1795	1790	1790
DIO_IP_2	DIO_IP_2	1790		1790	1790	1795
DIO_IP_1	DIO_IP_1	1790		1790	1785	1785

E. Output-Drive Voltage (VOL/VOH)

The pre-irradiation and post-annealing VOL/VOH are listed in Tables 6 and 7. The post-annealing data are within the specification limits.

Table 6 Pre-Irradiation and Post-Annealing VOL (mV) at Various Sinking Current

Sourcing Current	Pin\DUT	14448 (300 krad)		14454 (300 krad)		14505 (300 krad)		14678 (200 krad)		14745 (200 krad)	
		Pre-rad	Post-an								
1 mA	QA0	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	9	8	8
	YQ0	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
12 mA	QA0	92	89	95	93	97	94	95	91	100	96
	YQ0	102	99	107	104	106	103	105	101	110	107
20 mA	QA0	154	149	160	154	162	156	158	152	166	161
	YQ0	171	166	179	174	177	172	175	169	184	178
50 mA	QA0	393	378	406	392	414	397	403	387	424	409
	YQ0	435	421	455	442	450	435	446	431	466	452
100 mA	QA0	838	804	861	829	882	842	860	824	899	865
	YQ0	923	889	961	930	954	918	948	913	985	952

Table 7 Pre-Irradiation and Post-Annealing VOH (mV) at Various Sourcing Current

Sourcing Current	Pin\DUT	14448 (300 krad)		14454 (300 krad)		14505 (300 krad)		14678 (200 krad)		14745 (200 krad)	
		Pre-rad	Post-an								
1 mA	QA0	3289	3286	3289	3285	3288	3285	3288	3288	3288	3287
	YQ0	3286	3283	3286	3282	3286	3282	3286	3284	3285	3283
8 mA	QA0	3221	3218	3220	3216	3219	3216	3221	3220	3217	3216
	YQ0	3213	3210	3211	3206	3211	3207	3213	3210	3209	3207
20 mA	QA0	3104	3101	3100	3096	3098	3094	3102	3101	3093	3092
	YQ0	3087	3084	3081	3076	3082	3078	3085	3083	3076	3074
50 mA	QA0	2795	2791	2787	2780	2780	2775	2791	2789	2768	2767
	YQ0	2758	2751	2742	2733	2745	2739	2751	2748	2729	2727
100 mA	QA0	2191	2183	2179	2167	2159	2150	2178	2175	2140	2139
	YQ0	2117	2105	2092	2075	2093	2081	2102	2095	2064	2060

F. Propagation Delay

The propagation delay was measured in-situ, post-irradiation, and post-annealing. The irradiation was temporarily stopped at each total-dose increment of 100 krad for the measurement. Each measurement has a 2-minute wait after a DUT is removed from the chamber. The results are plotted in Figure 7, and listed in Table 8. As shown in Figure 7, the propagation delay initially decreases with the total dose, but the change is small throughout the irradiation. Referring to influx static current plots (Figures 2-6), a device probably heats up as the dose increases. The rising temperature could be the root cause of the increasing trend at high doses. The post-annealing data, on the other hand, show decreased delay in every case.

The radiation delta in every case is well within the 10% degradation criterion. The user can take the worst case for the design-margin consideration.

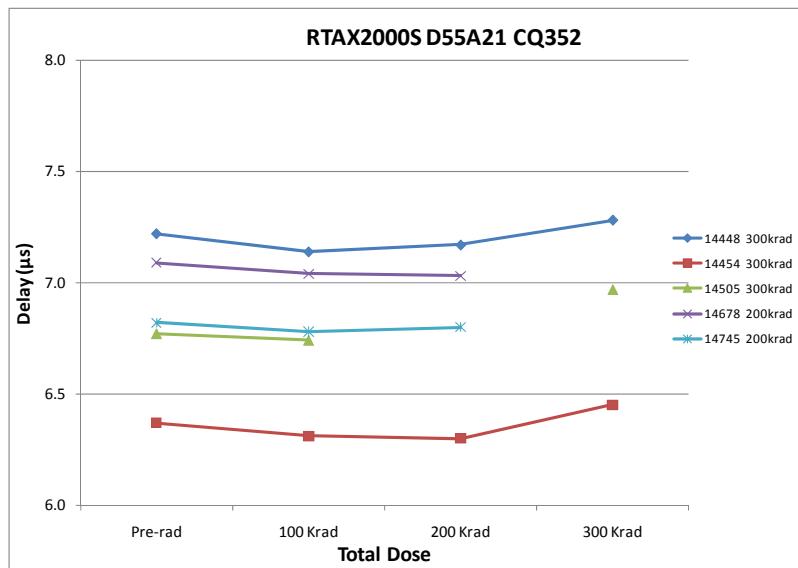


Figure 7 In-Situ Propagation Delay versus Total Dose
The measurement is performed outside the irradiation chamber.

Table 8 Radiation-Induced Propagation-Delay Degradations

RTAX2000S D55A21 CQ352							
Delay (μs)	DUT	Total Dose	Pre-rad	100 krad	200 krad	300 krad	Post-ann
	14448	300 krad	7.22	7.14	7.17	7.28	7.16
	14454	300 krad	6.37	6.31	6.30	6.45	6.33
	14505	300 krad	6.77	6.74	-	6.97	6.76
	14678	200 krad	7.09	7.04	7.03	-	7.03
	14745	200 krad	6.82	6.78	6.80	-	6.78
Radiation Δ (%)	DUT	Total Dose	Pre-rad	100 krad	200 krad	300 krad	Post-ann
	14448	300 krad	-	-1.11%	-0.69%	0.83%	-0.83%
	14454	300 krad	-	-0.94%	-1.10%	1.26%	-0.63%
	14505	300 krad	-	-0.44%	-	2.95%	-0.15%
	14678	200 krad	-	-0.71%	-0.85%	-	-0.85%
	14745	200 krad	-	-0.59%	-0.29%	-	-0.59%

G. Transition Characteristics

Figure 8a to Figure 17b show the pre-irradiation and post-annealing transition edges. In each case, the radiation-induced transition-time degradation is insignificant.

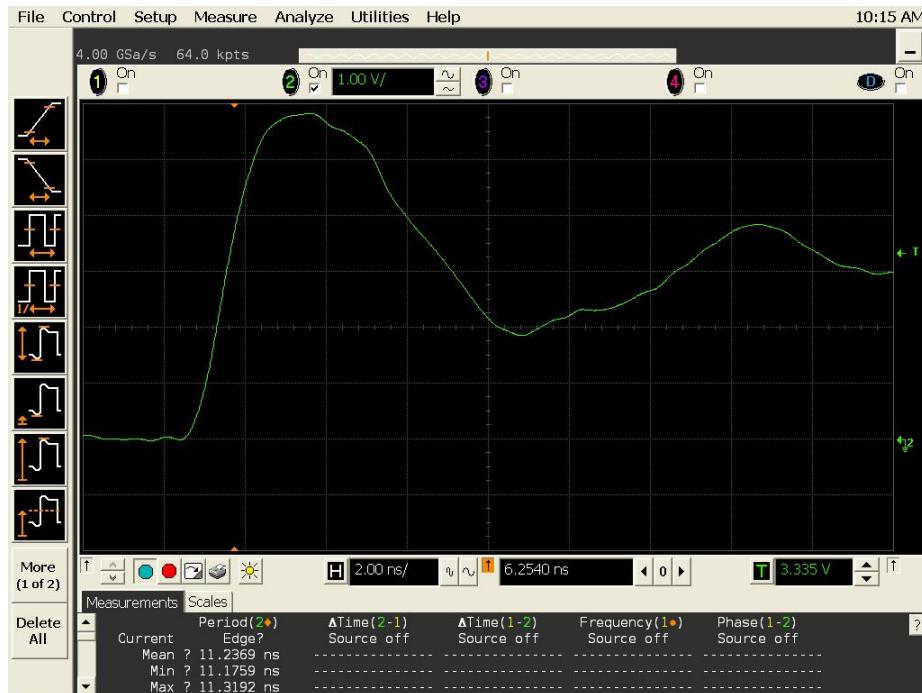


Figure 8a DUT 14448 Pre-Irradiation Rising Edge

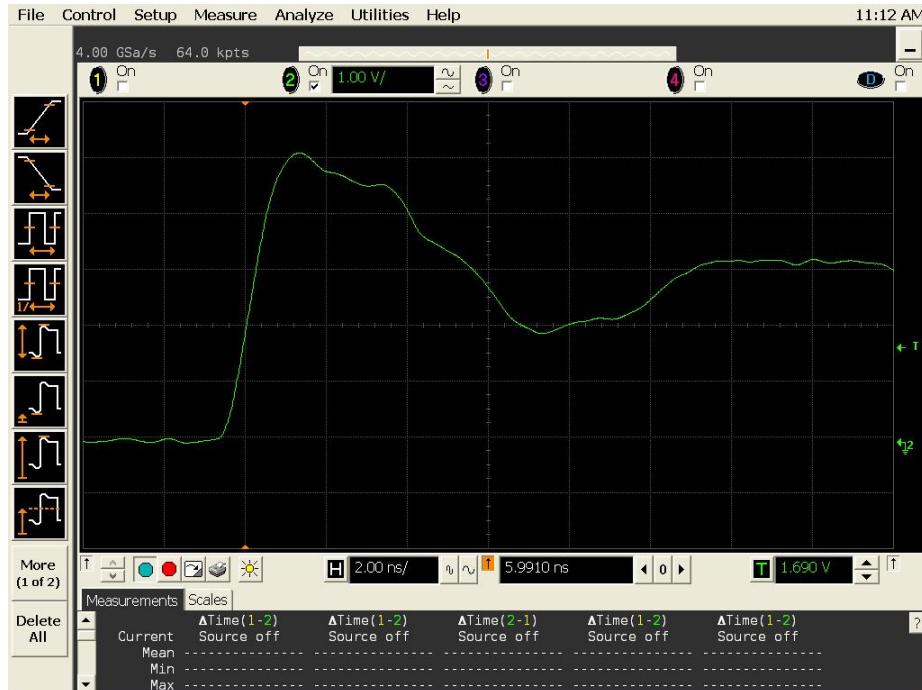


Figure 8b DUT 14448 Post-Annealing Rising Edge

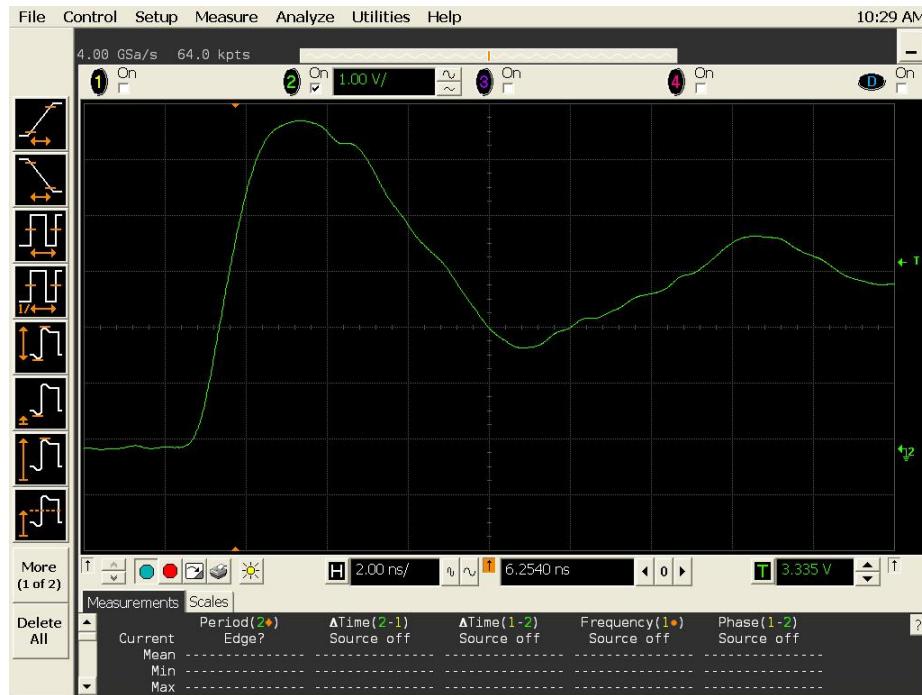


Figure 9a DUT 14454 Pre-Irradiation Rising Edge

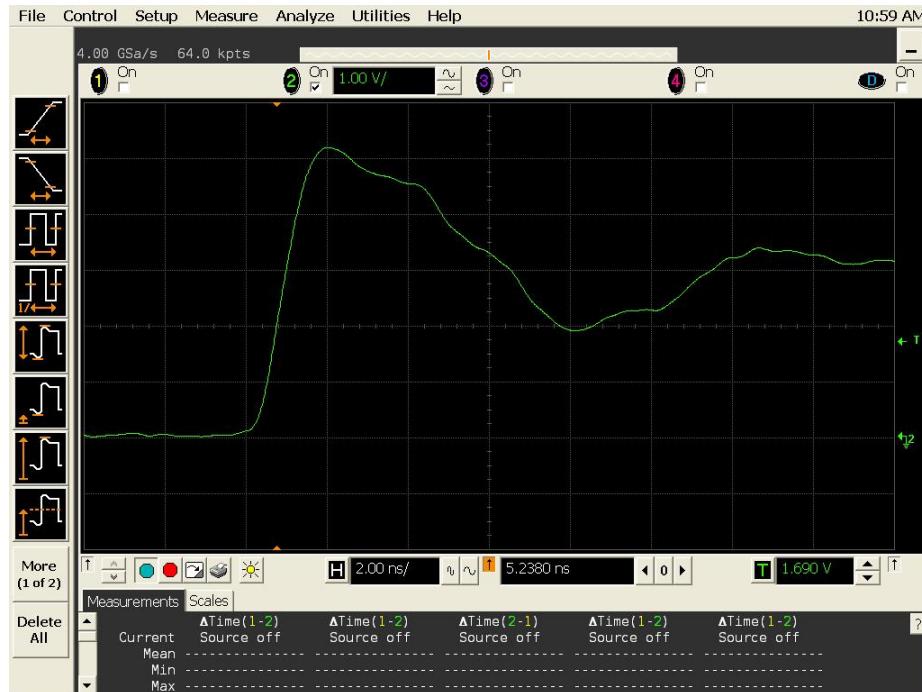


Figure 9b DUT 14454 Post-Annealing Rising Edge

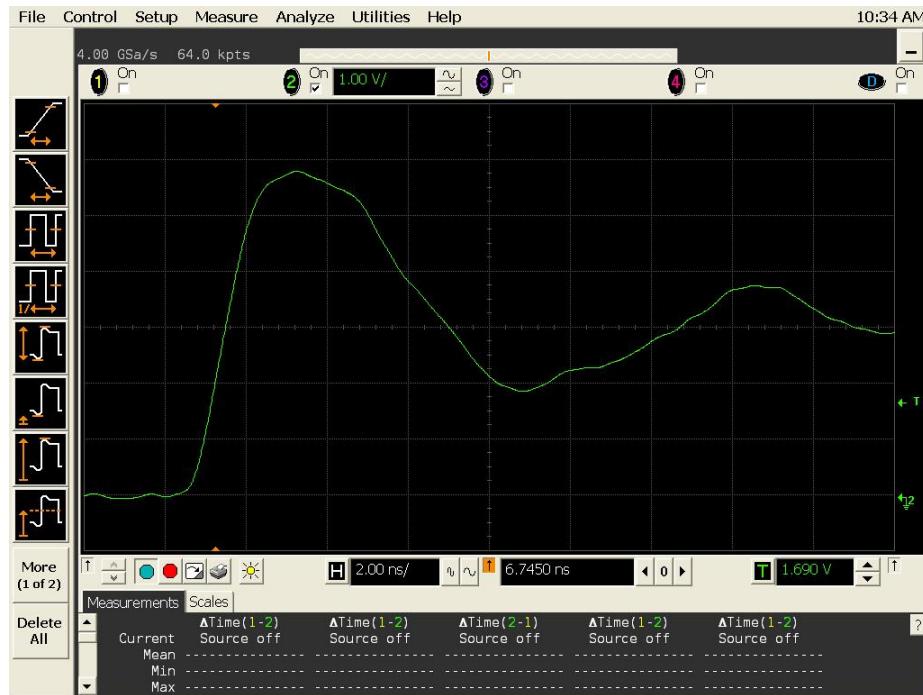


Figure 10a DUT 14505 Pre-Radiation Rising Edge

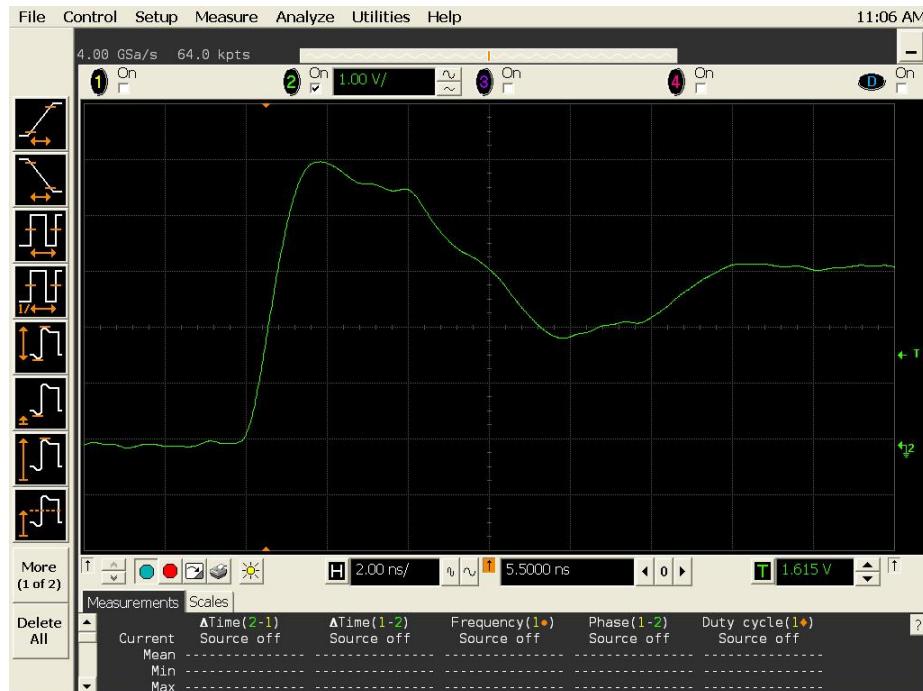


Figure 10b DUT 14505 Post-Annealing Rising edge



Figure 11a DUT 14678 Pre-Irradiation Rising Edge

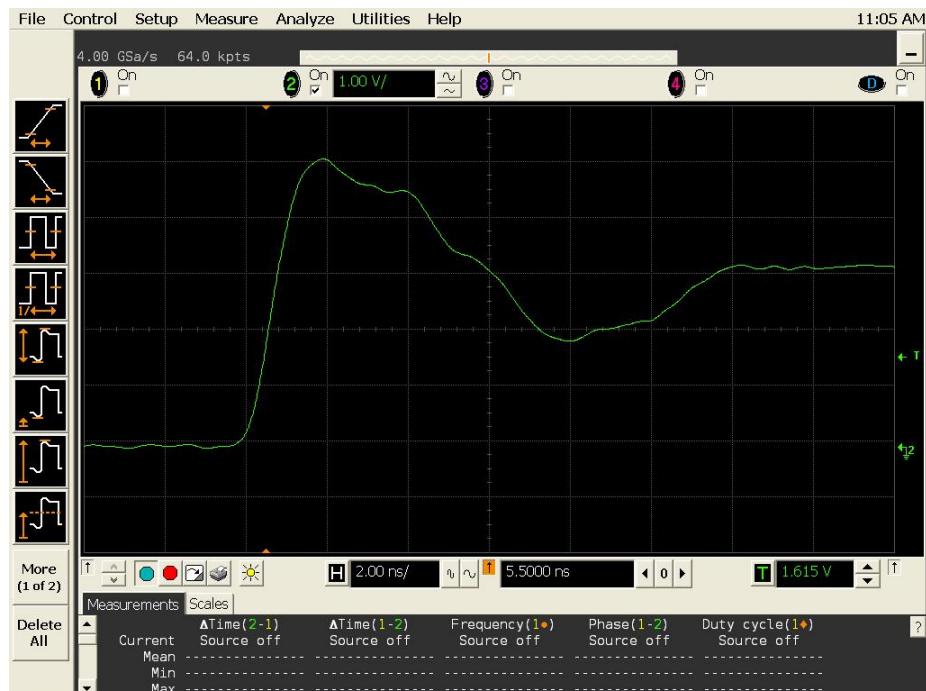


Figure 11b DUT 14678 Post-Annealing Rising Edge

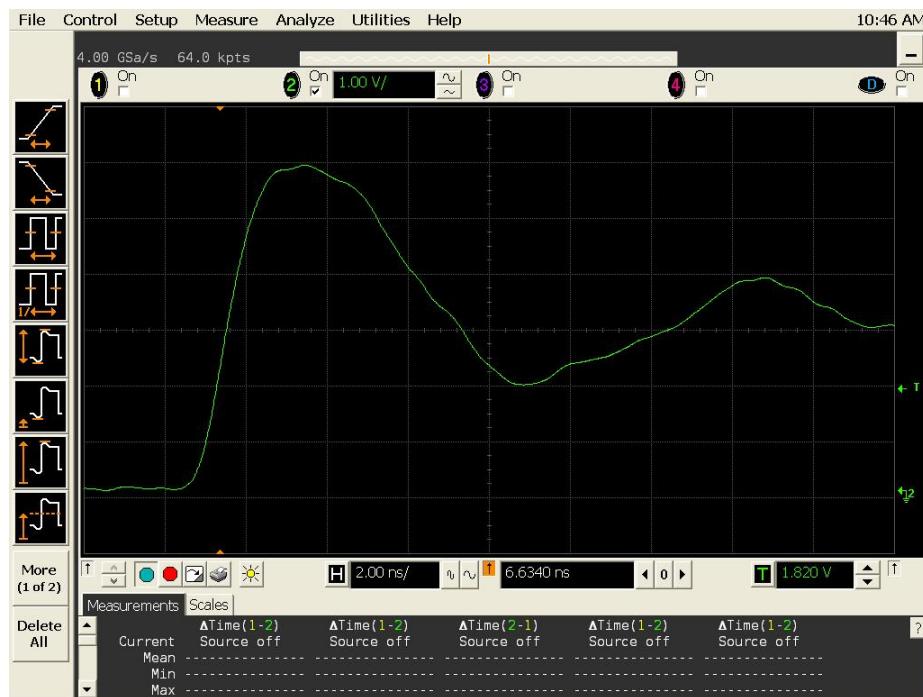


Figure 12a DUT 14745 Pre-Irradiation Rising Edge

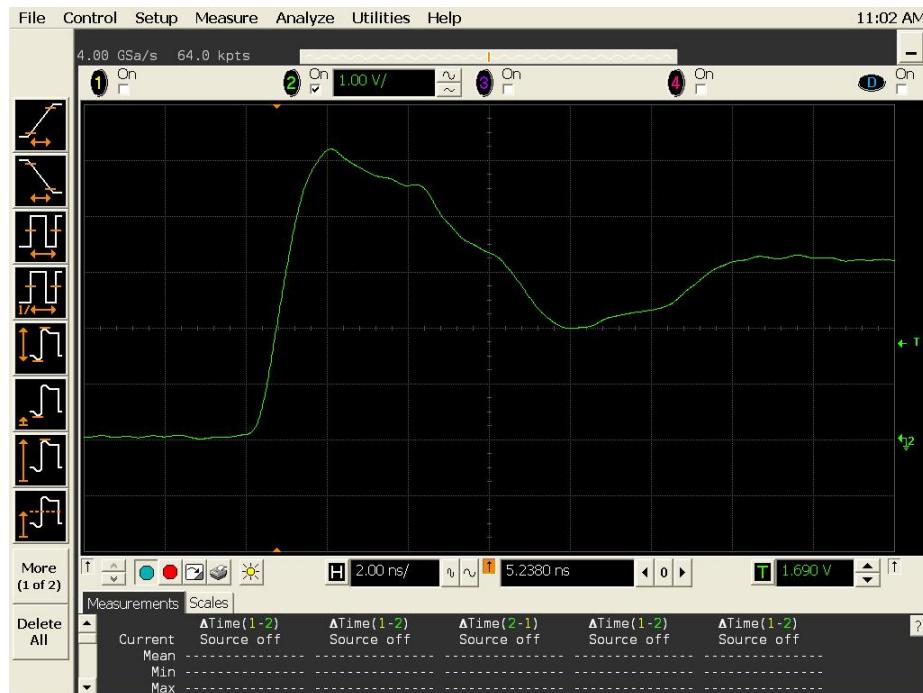


Figure 12b DUT 14745 Post-Annealing Rising Edge

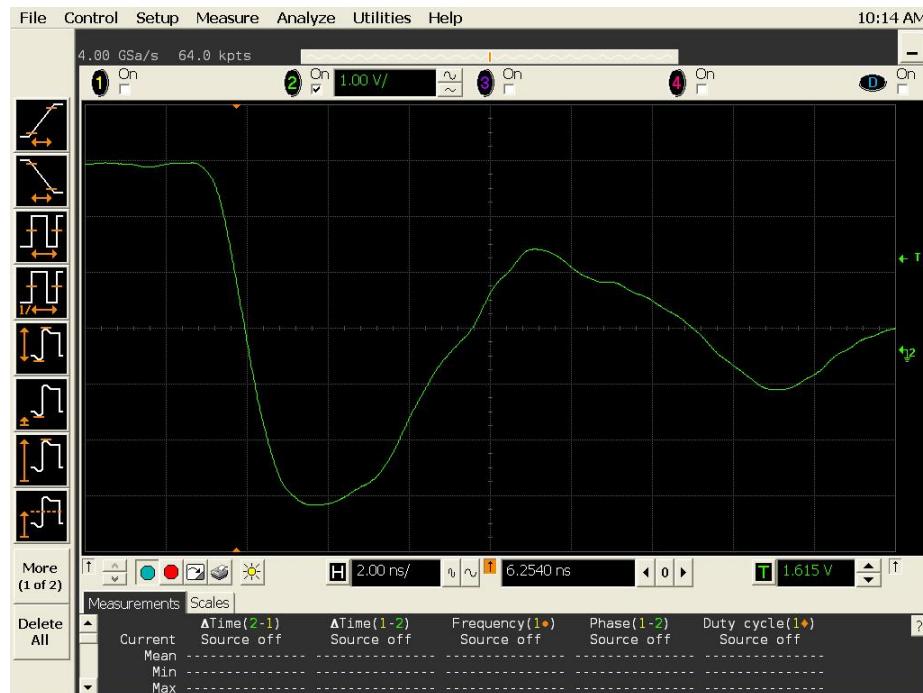


Figure 13a DUT 14448 Pre-Radiation Falling Edge

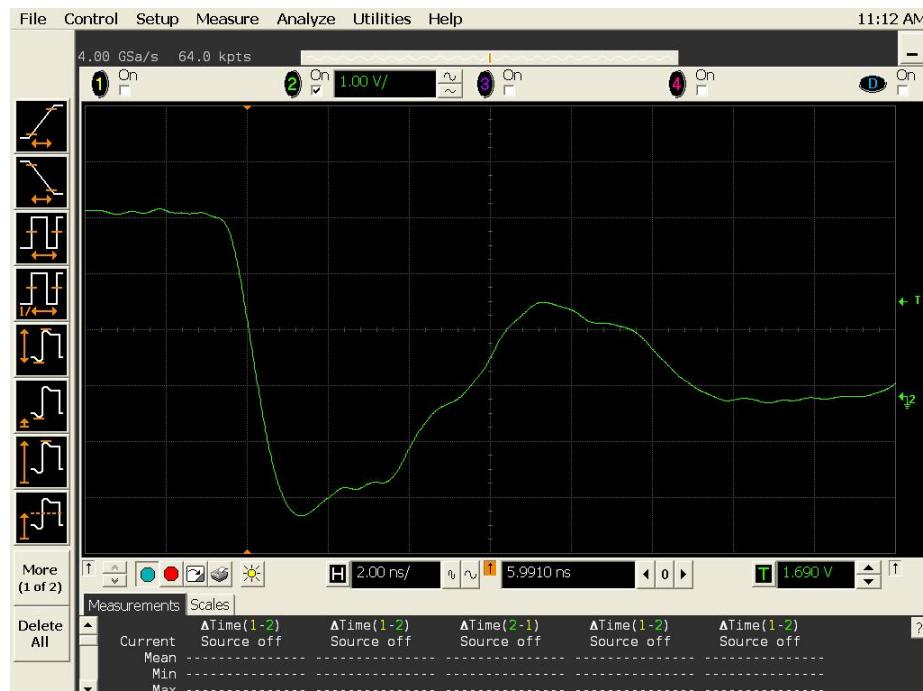


Figure 13b DUT 14448 Post-Annealing Falling Edge

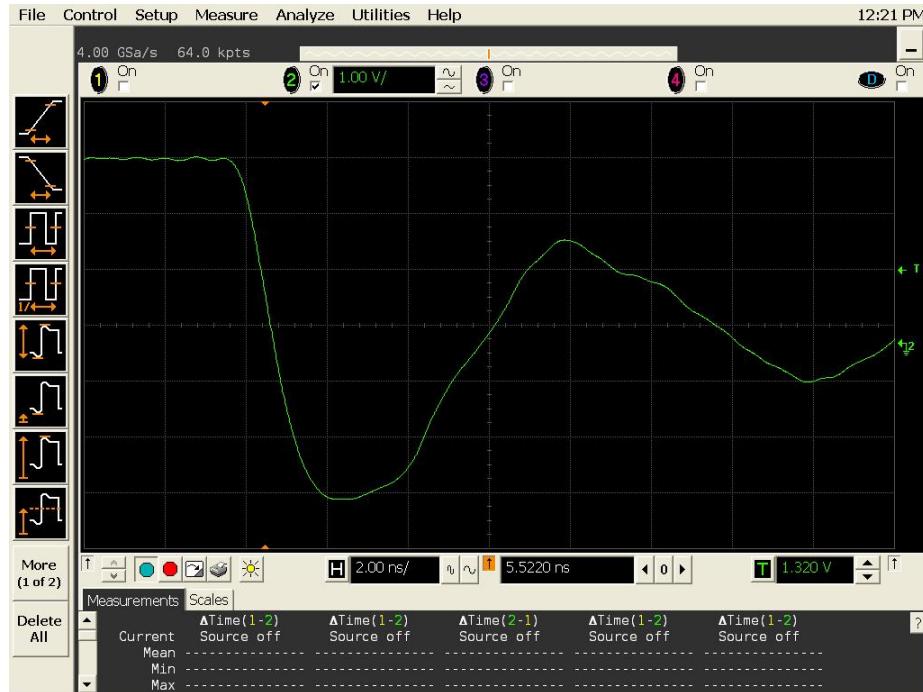


Figure 14a DUT 14454 Pre-Irradiation Falling Edge



Figure 14b DUT 14454 Post-Annealing Falling Edge

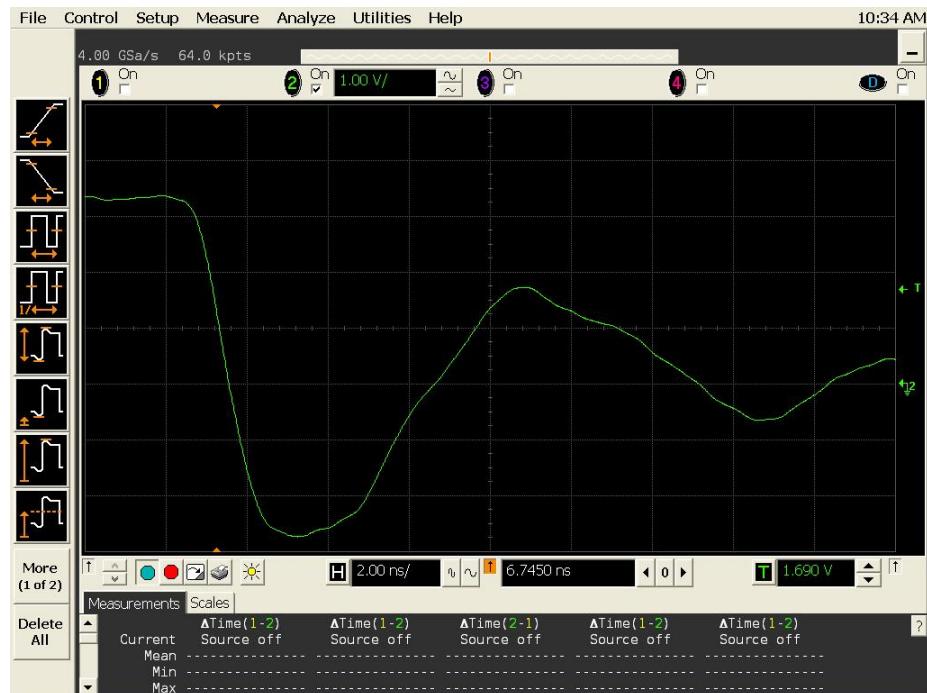


Figure 15a DUT 14505 Pre-Irradiation Falling Edge

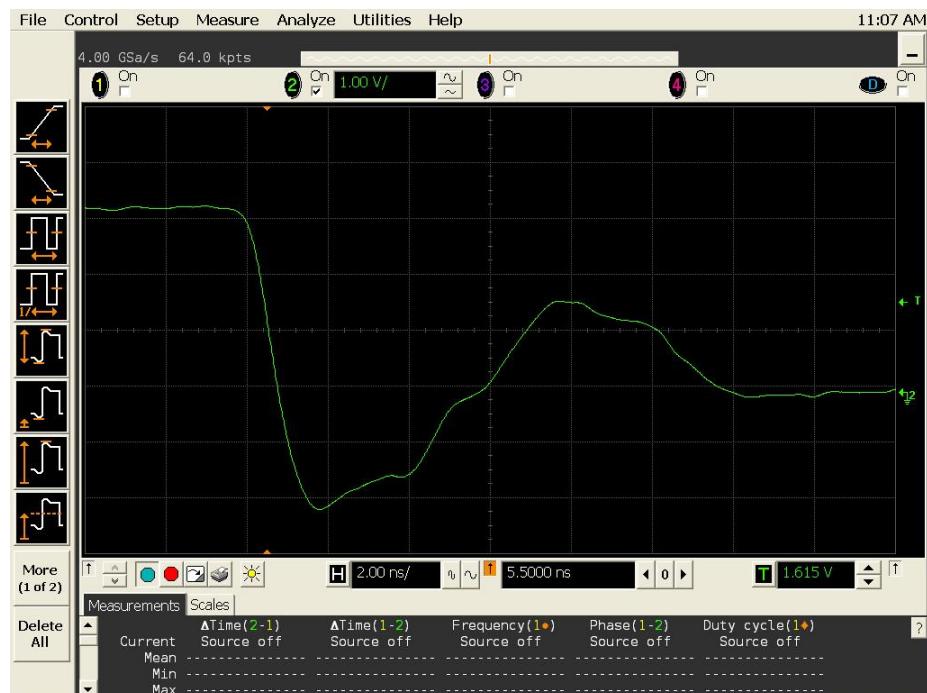


Figure 15b DUT 14505 Post-Annealing Falling Edge

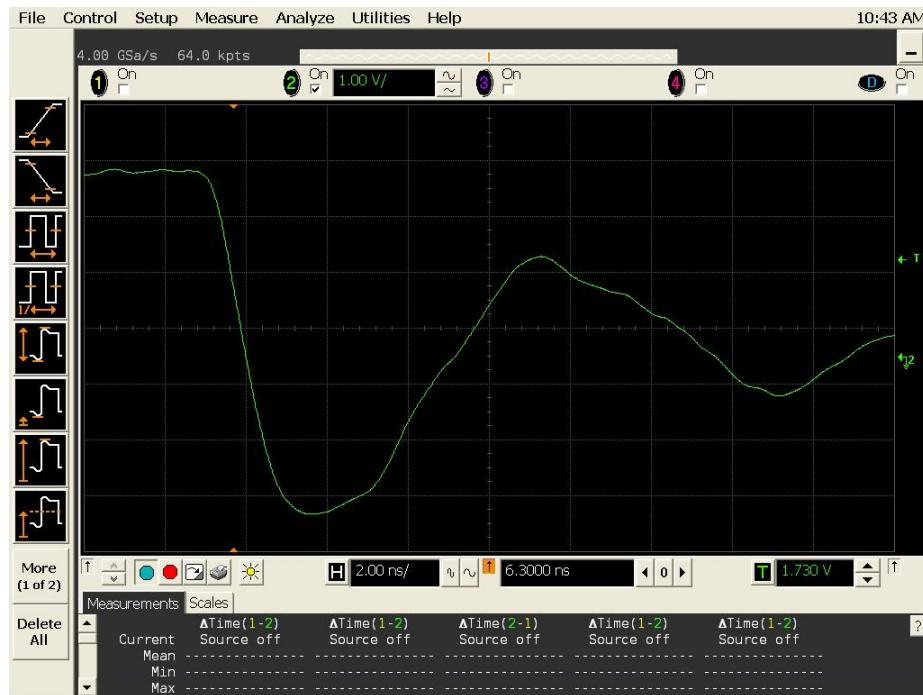


Figure 16a DUT 14678 Pre-Irradiation Falling Edge

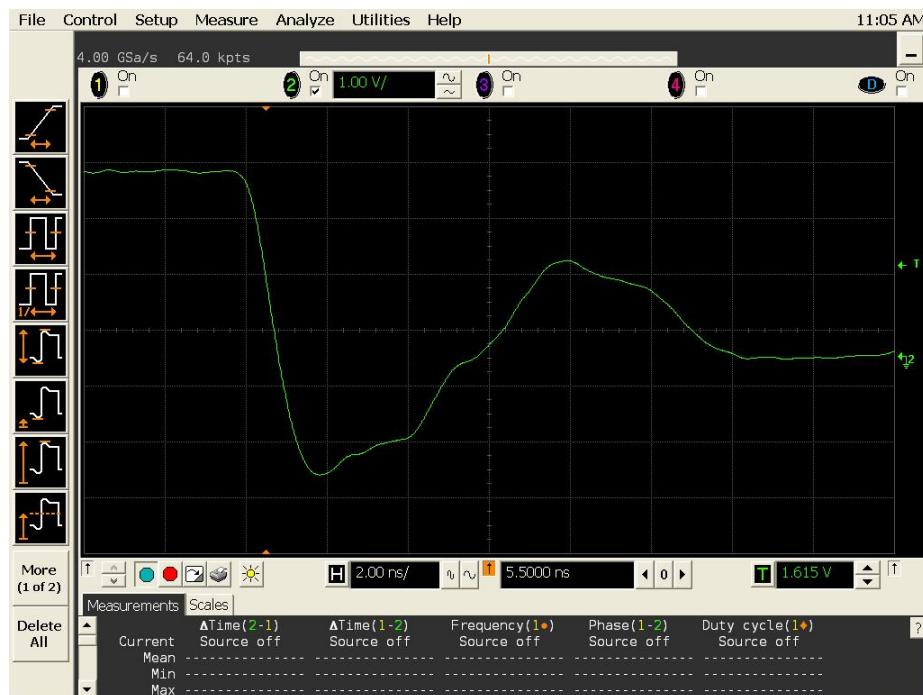


Figure 16b DUT 14678 Post-Annealing Falling Edge

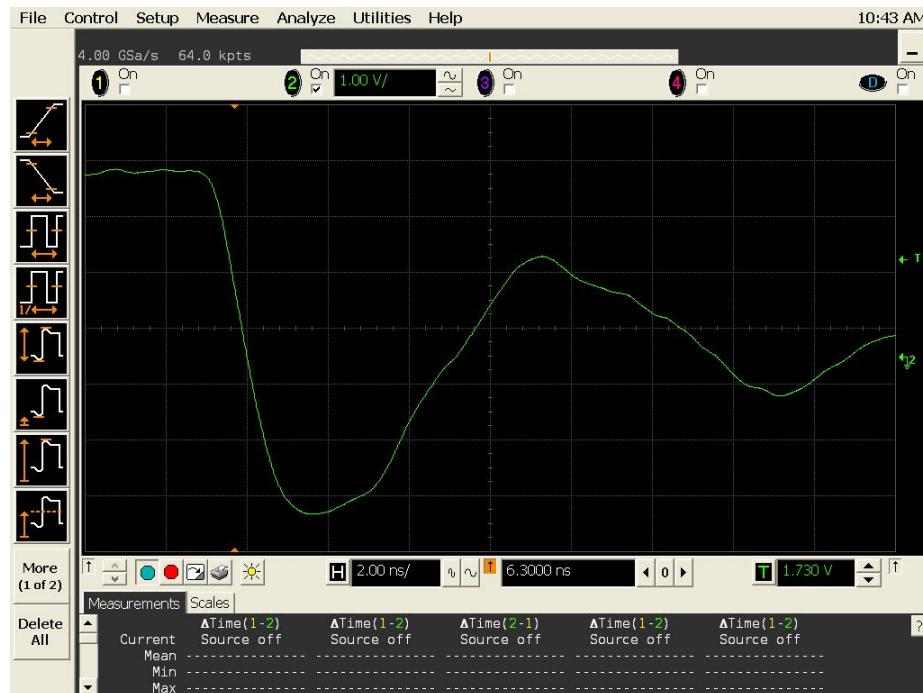


Figure 17a DUT 14745 Pre-Irradiation Falling Edge

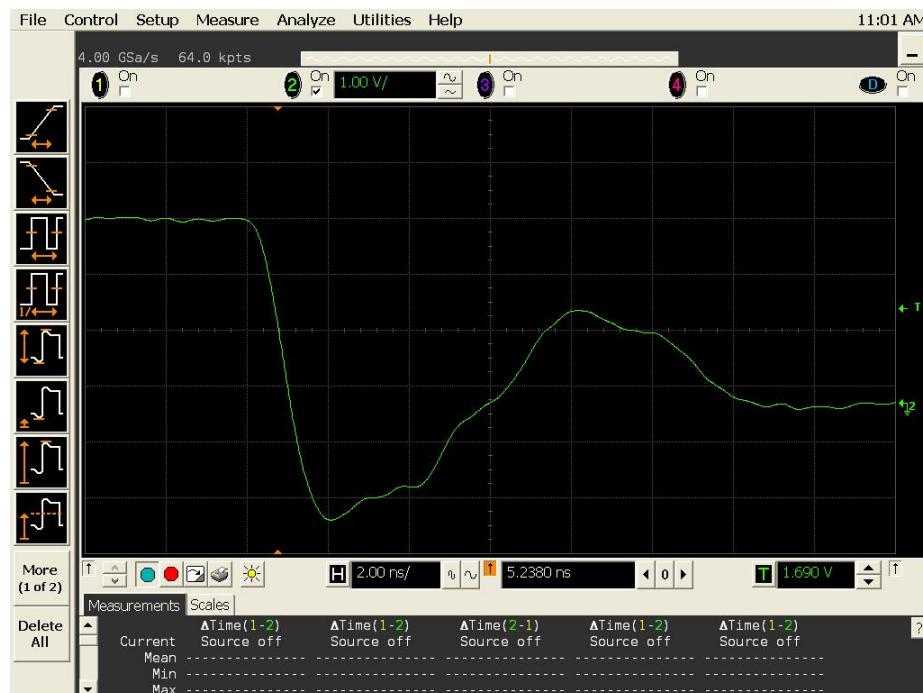
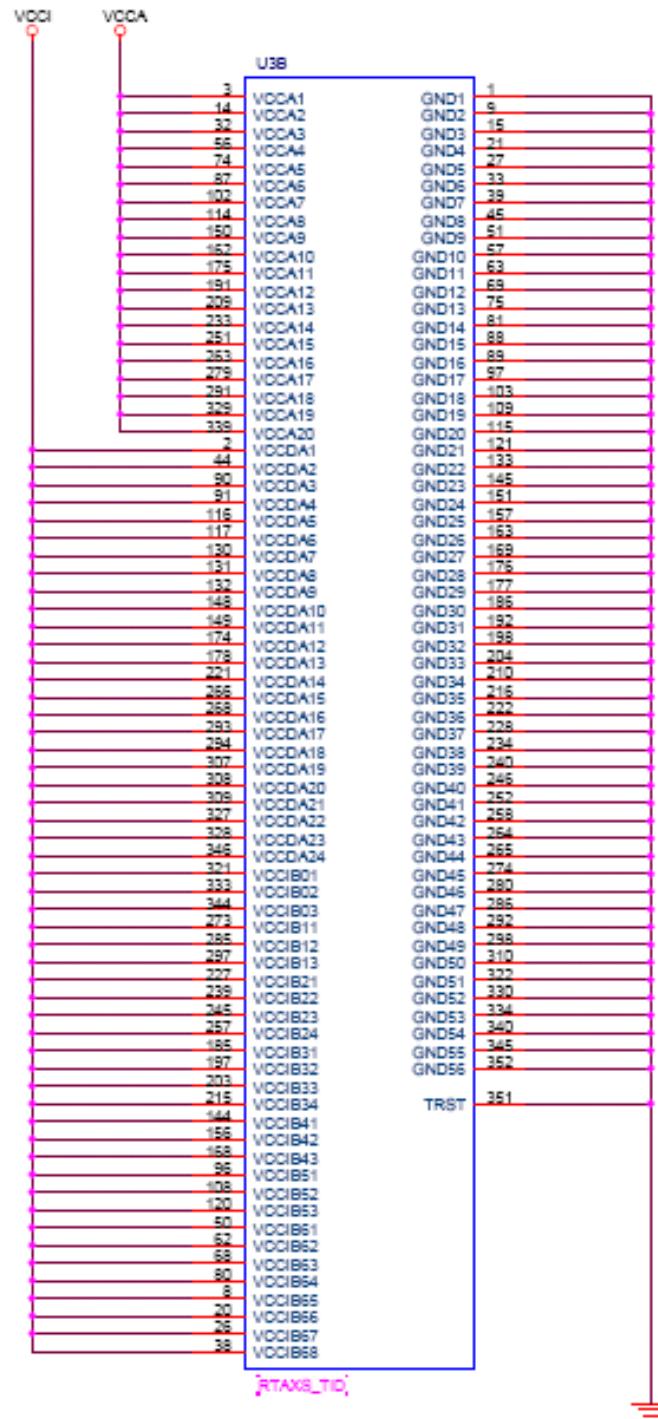


Figure 17b DUT 14745 Post-Annealing Falling Edge

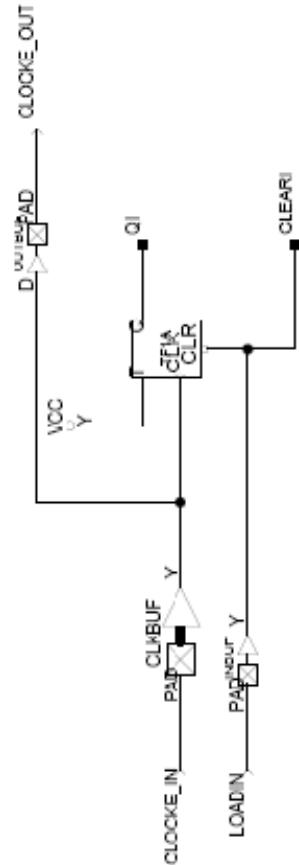
Appendix A DUT Bias

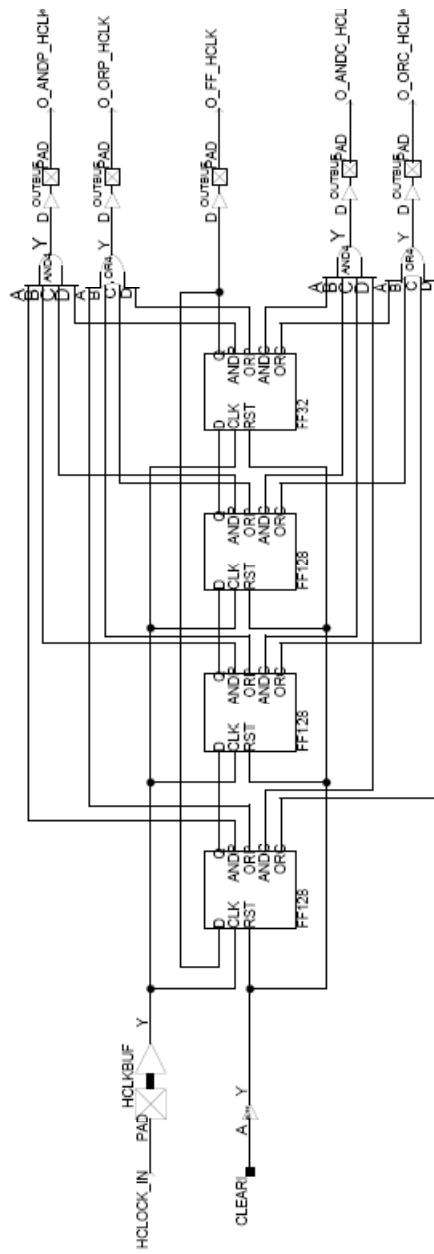


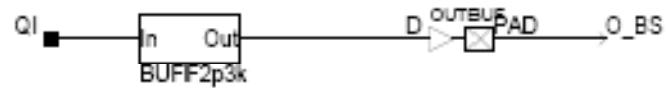
Figure A1 I/O Bias During Irradiation

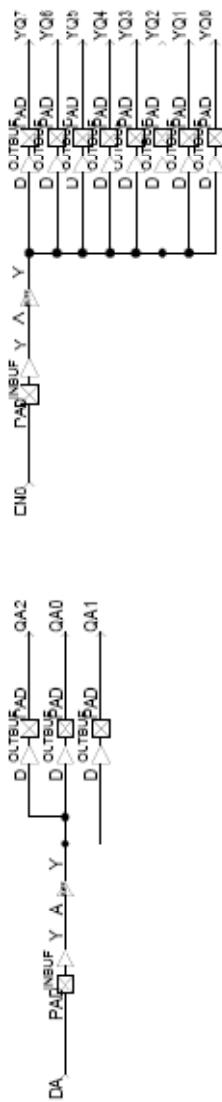


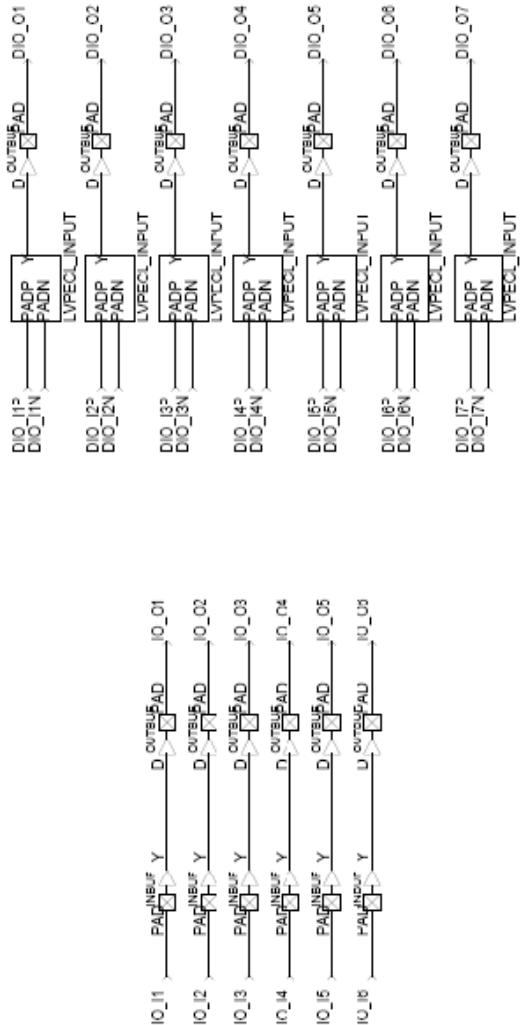
Appendix B DUT Design Schematics and Verilog Files

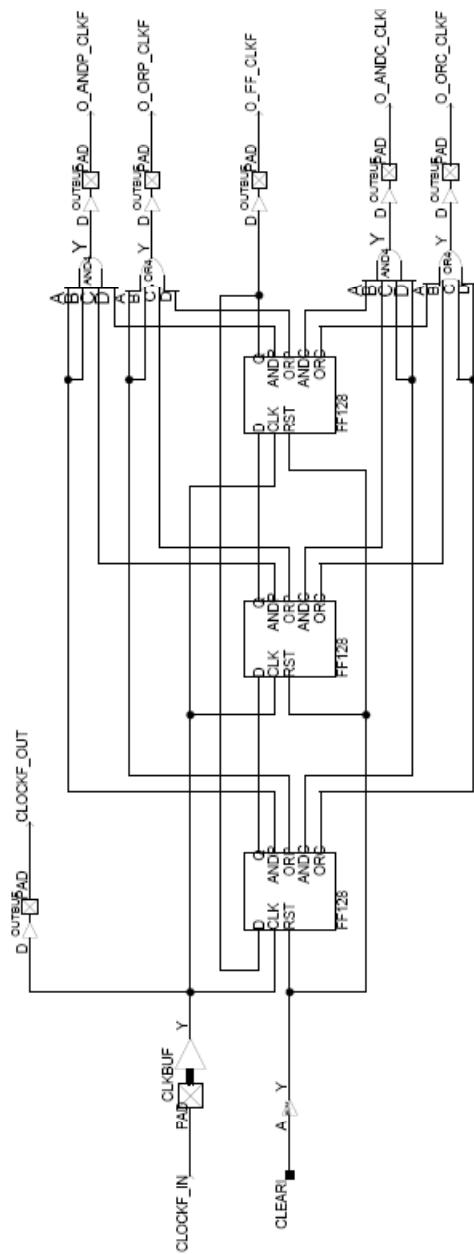


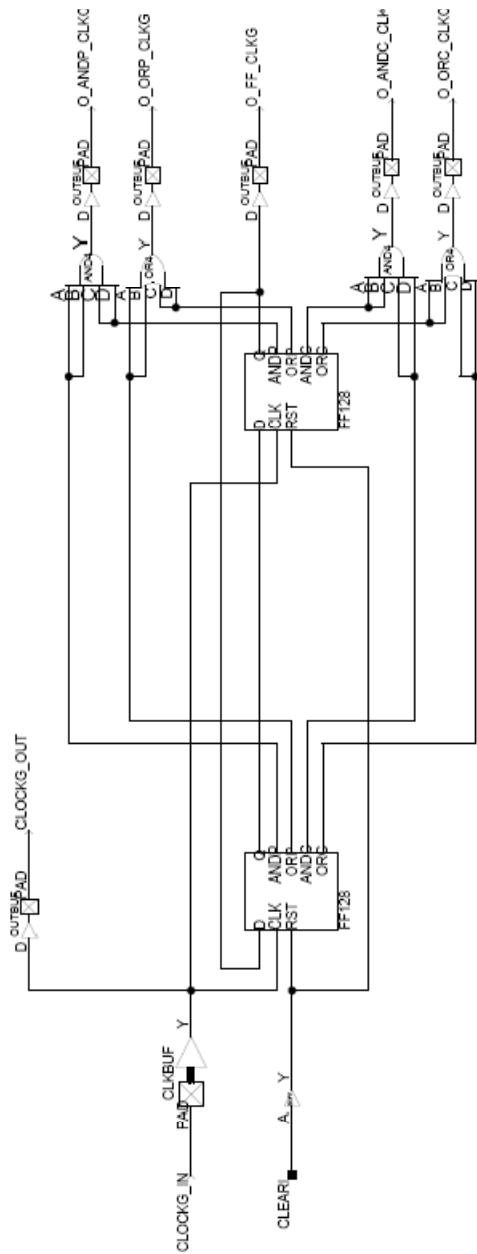


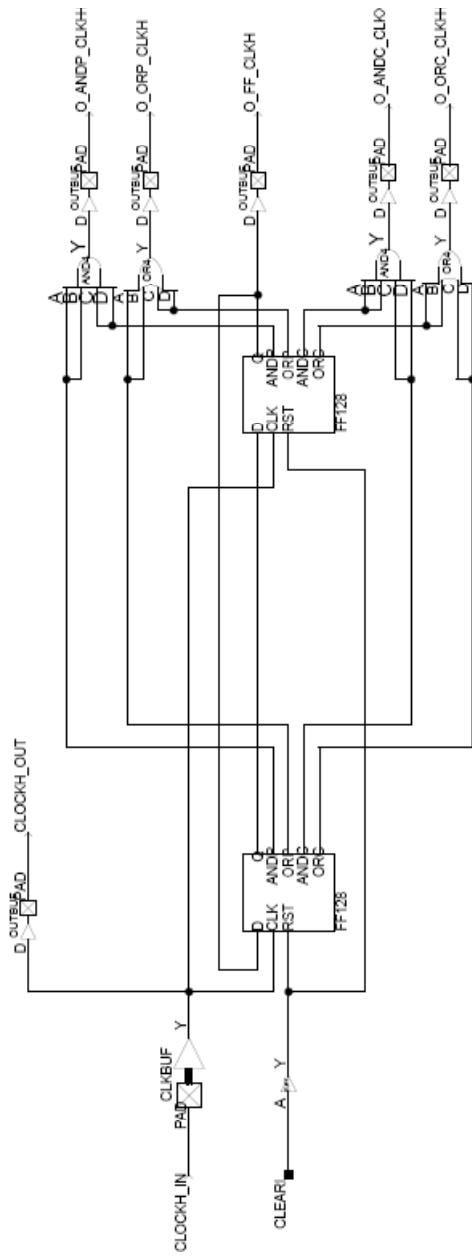












```
// BUFF2p3k.v
`timescale 1 ns/100 ps

module BUFF2p3k (In, Out);

input In;
output Out;

wire x1/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x2/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x3/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x4/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x5/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x6/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x7/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;

BUFF1k buff1k_1 (.In(In), .Out(x1));
BUFF1k buff1k_2 (.In(x1), .Out(x2));
BUFF50 buff3 (.In(x2), .Out(x3));
BUFF50 buff4 (.In(x3), .Out(x4));
BUFF50 buff5 (.In(x4), .Out(x5));
BUFF50 buff6 (.In(x5), .Out(x6));
BUFF50 buff7 (.In(x6), .Out(x7));
BUFF50 buff8 (.In(x7), .Out(Out));

endmodule

// BUFF1k
`timescale 1 ns/100 ps

module BUFF1k (In, Out);

input In;
output Out;

wire x1/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x2/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x3/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x4/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x5/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x6/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x7/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x8/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x9/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x10/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x11/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x12/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x13/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x14/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x15/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x16/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x17/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x18/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x19/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
```

```

BUFF50 buff1 (.In(In), .Out(x1));
BUFF50 buff2 (.In(x1), .Out(x2));
BUFF50 buff3 (.In(x2), .Out(x3));
BUFF50 buff4 (.In(x3), .Out(x4));
BUFF50 buff5 (.In(x4), .Out(x5));
BUFF50 buff6 (.In(x5), .Out(x6));
BUFF50 buff7 (.In(x6), .Out(x7));
BUFF50 buff8 (.In(x7), .Out(x8));
BUFF50 buff9 (.In(x8), .Out(x9));
BUFF50 buff10 (.In(x9), .Out(x10));

BUFF50 buff11 (.In(x10), .Out(x11));
BUFF50 buff12 (.In(x11), .Out(x12));
BUFF50 buff13 (.In(x12), .Out(x13));
BUFF50 buff14 (.In(x13), .Out(x14));
BUFF50 buff15 (.In(x14), .Out(x15));
BUFF50 buff16 (.In(x15), .Out(x16));
BUFF50 buff17 (.In(x16), .Out(x17));
BUFF50 buff18 (.In(x17), .Out(x18));
BUFF50 buff19 (.In(x18), .Out(x19));
BUFF50 buff20 (.In(x19), .Out(Out));

endmodule

// BUFF50
`timescale 1 ns/100 ps

module BUFF50 (In, Out);

input In;
output Out;

wire x1 /*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x2 /*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x3 /*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x4 /*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x5 /*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x6/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x7/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x8/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x9/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x10/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x11/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x12/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x13/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x14/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x15/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x16/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x17/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x18/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x19/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x20/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x21/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x22/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
```

```

wire x23/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x24/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x25/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x26/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x27/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x28/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x29/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x30/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x31/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x32/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x33/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x34/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x35/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x36/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x37/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x38/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x39/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x40/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x41/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x42/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x43/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x44/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x45/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x46/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x47/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x48/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
wire x49/*synthesis syn_keep=1 alspreserve=1*/;
```

```

BUFF buff1 (.A(In), .Y(x1));
BUFF buff2 (.A(x1), .Y(x2));
BUFF buff3 (.A(x2), .Y(x3));
BUFF buff4 (.A(x3), .Y(x4));
BUFF buff5 (.A(x4), .Y(x5));
BUFF buff6 (.A(x5), .Y(x6));
BUFF buff7 (.A(x6), .Y(x7));
BUFF buff8 (.A(x7), .Y(x8));
BUFF buff9 (.A(x8), .Y(x9));
BUFF buff10 (.A(x9), .Y(x10));
```

```

BUFF buff11 (.A(x10), .Y(x11));
BUFF buff12 (.A(x11), .Y(x12));
BUFF buff13 (.A(x12), .Y(x13));
BUFF buff14 (.A(x13), .Y(x14));
BUFF buff15 (.A(x14), .Y(x15));
BUFF buff16 (.A(x15), .Y(x16));
BUFF buff17 (.A(x16), .Y(x17));
BUFF buff18 (.A(x17), .Y(x18));
BUFF buff19 (.A(x18), .Y(x19));
BUFF buff20 (.A(x19), .Y(x20));
```

```

BUFF buff21 (.A(x20), .Y(x21));
BUFF buff22 (.A(x21), .Y(x22));
BUFF buff23 (.A(x22), .Y(x23));
BUFF buff24 (.A(x23), .Y(x24));
BUFF buff25 (.A(x24), .Y(x25));
BUFF buff26 (.A(x25), .Y(x26));
```

```

BUFF buff27 (.A(x26), .Y(x27));
BUFF buff28 (.A(x27), .Y(x28));
BUFF buff29 (.A(x28), .Y(x29));
BUFF buff30 (.A(x29), .Y(x30));

BUFF buff31 (.A(x30), .Y(x31));
BUFF buff32 (.A(x31), .Y(x32));
BUFF buff33 (.A(x32), .Y(x33));
BUFF buff34 (.A(x33), .Y(x34));
BUFF buff35 (.A(x34), .Y(x35));
BUFF buff36 (.A(x35), .Y(x36));
BUFF buff37 (.A(x36), .Y(x37));
BUFF buff38 (.A(x37), .Y(x38));
BUFF buff39 (.A(x38), .Y(x39));
BUFF buff40 (.A(x39), .Y(x40));

BUFF buff41 (.A(x40), .Y(x41));
BUFF buff42 (.A(x41), .Y(x42));
BUFF buff43 (.A(x42), .Y(x43));
BUFF buff44 (.A(x43), .Y(x44));
BUFF buff45 (.A(x44), .Y(x45));
BUFF buff46 (.A(x45), .Y(x46));
BUFF buff47 (.A(x46), .Y(x47));
BUFF buff48 (.A(x47), .Y(x48));
BUFF buff49 (.A(x48), .Y(x49));
BUFF buff50 (.A(x49), .Y(Out));

endmodule

// FF128
`timescale 1 ns/100 ps
module FF128 (D, Q, CLK, RST, ANDP, ORP, ANDC, ORC);

input D, CLK, RST;
output Q, ANDP, ORP, ANDC, ORC;

wire x1, x2, x3, Q;
wire andp_a, andp_b, andp_c, andp_d, orp_a, orp_b, orp_c, orp_d;
wire andc_a, andc_b, andc_c, andc_d, orc_a, orc_b, orc_c, orc_d;

FF32 dff_a (.D(D), .Q(x1), .CLK(CLK), .RST(RST), .ANDP(andp_a), .ORP(orpa),
.ANDC(andc_a), .ORC(orc_a));

FF32 dff_b (.D(x1), .Q(x2), .CLK(CLK), .RST(RST), .ANDP(andp_b), .ORP(orpb),
.ANDC(andc_b), .ORC(orc_b));

FF32 dff_c (.D(x2), .Q(x3), .CLK(CLK), .RST(RST), .ANDP(andp_c), .ORP(orpc),
.ANDC(andc_c), .ORC(orc_c));

FF32 dff_d (.D(x3), .Q(Q), .CLK(CLK), .RST(RST), .ANDP(andp_d), .ORP(orpd),
.ANDC(andc_d), .ORC(orc_d));

AND4 and4p (.A(andp_a), .B(andp_b), .C(andp_c), .D(andp_d), .Y(ANDP));
OR4 or4p (.A(orpa), .B(orpb), .C(orpc), .D(orpd), .Y(ORP));

AND4 and4c (.A(andc_a), .B(andc_b), .C(andc_c), .D(andc_d), .Y(ANDC));

```

```

OR4 or4c (.A(orc_a), .B(orc_b), .C(orc_c), .D(orc_d), .Y(ORC));

endmodule

// FF32
`timescale 1 ns/100 ps
module FF32 (D, Q, CLK, RST, ANDP, ORP, ANDC, ORC);

input D, CLK, RST;
output Q, ANDP, ORP, ANDC, ORC;

wire x1, x2, x3, Q;
wire andp_a, andp_b, andp_c, andp_d, orp_a, orp_b, orp_c, orp_d;
wire andc_a, andc_b, andc_c, andc_d, orc_a, orc_b, orc_c, orc_d;

FF8 dff_a (.D(D), .Q(x1), .CLK(CLK), .RST(RST), .ANDP(andp_a), .ORP(orp_a),
.ANDC(andc_a), .ORC(orc_a));

FF8 dff_b (.D(x1), .Q(x2), .CLK(CLK), .RST(RST), .ANDP(andp_b), .ORP(orp_b),
.ANDC(andc_b), .ORC(orc_b));

FF8 dff_c (.D(x2), .Q(x3), .CLK(CLK), .RST(RST), .ANDP(andp_c), .ORP(orp_c),
.ANDC(andc_c), .ORC(orc_c));

FF8 dff_d (.D(x3), .Q(Q), .CLK(CLK), .RST(RST), .ANDP(andp_d), .ORP(orp_d),
.ANDC(andc_d), .ORC(orc_d));

AND4 and4p (.A(andp_a), .B(andp_b), .C(andp_c), .D(andp_d), .Y(ANDP));
OR4 or4p (.A(orp_a), .B(orp_b), .C(orp_c), .D(orp_d), .Y(ORP));

AND4 and4c (.A(andc_a), .B(andc_b), .C(andc_c), .D(andc_d), .Y(ANDC));
OR4 or4c (.A(orc_a), .B(orc_b), .C(orc_c), .D(orc_d), .Y(ORC));

endmodule

// FF8
`timescale 1 ns/100 ps

module FF8 (D, Q, CLK, RST, ANDP, ORP, ANDC, ORC);

input D, CLK, RST;
output Q, ANDP, ORP, ANDC, ORC;

wire x1, x2, x3, x4, x5, x6, x7;

DFC1B dff1 (.D(D), .Q(x1), .CLK(CLK), .CLR(RST));
DFP1B dff2 (.D(x1), .Q(x2), .CLK(CLK), .PRE(RST));
DFC1B dff3 (.D(x2), .Q(x3), .CLK(CLK), .CLR(RST));
DFP1B dff4 (.D(x3), .Q(x4), .CLK(CLK), .PRE(RST));
DFC1B dff5 (.D(x4), .Q(x5), .CLK(CLK), .CLR(RST));
DFP1B dff6 (.D(x5), .Q(x6), .CLK(CLK), .PRE(RST));
DFC1B dff7 (.D(x6), .Q(x7), .CLK(CLK), .CLR(RST));
DFP1B dff8 (.D(x7), .Q(Q), .CLK(CLK), .PRE(RST));

AND4 and4p (.A(x2), .B(x4), .C(x6), .D(Q), .Y(ANDP));
OR4 or4p (.A(x2), .B(x4), .C(x6), .D(Q), .Y(ORP));

```

```

AND4 and4c (.A(x1), .B(x3), .C(x5), .D(x7), .Y(ANDC));
OR4 or4c (.A(x1), .B(x3), .C(x5), .D(x7), .Y(ORC));

endmodule

// Top_RAM_Module.v
`timescale 1 ns/100 ps

module Top_RAM_Module(Psel0, Psel1, RC_en, RC_clr, RC_clk, Write, Read, Wclk, Rclk,
Q_RAM);
input Psel0, Psel1, RC_en, RC_clr, RC_clk, Write, Read, Wclk, Rclk;
output [5:0] Q_RAM;

wire Gnd, Vcc;
wire mx0, mx1;
wire [12:0] rc;
wire [3:0] dec;
wire y_0w, y_0r, y_1w, y_1r, y_2w, y_2r, y_3w, y_3r;
// y_4w, y_4r, y_5w, y_5r, y_6w, y_6r, y_7w, y_7r;
wire [5:0] DIN;
wire [5:0] Q_b0;
wire [5:0] Q_b1;
wire [5:0] Q_b2;
wire [5:0] Q_b3;
//wire [5:0] Q_b4;
//wire [5:0] Q_b5;
//wire [5:0] Q_b6;
//wire [5:0] Q_b7;

GND gnd_0(.Y(Gnd));
VCC vcc_0(.Y(Vcc));

mux_2x1 mux_0(.Data0_port(Gnd), .Data1_port(Vcc), .Sel0(Psel0), .Result(mx0));
mux_2x1 mux_1(.Data0_port(Gnd), .Data1_port(Vcc), .Sel0(Psel1), .Result(mx1));

counter_13 counter_0(.Enable(RC_en), .Aclr(RC_clr), .Clock(RC_clk), .Q(rc));

decoder_2to4 decoder_0(.Data0(rc[11]), .Data1(rc[12]), .Eq(dec));

NAND2 nand_0w(.A(dec[0]), .B(Write), .Y(y_0w));
NAND2 nand_0r(.A(dec[0]), .B(Read), .Y(y_0r));

ram_2048x6 ram_blk0(.Data(DIN), .Q(Q_b0), .WAddress(rc[10:0]), .RAddress(rc[10:0]),
.WE(y_0w), .RE(y_0r), .WClock(Wclk), .RClock(Rclk));

assign DIN[0]=mx0, DIN[1]=mx1, DIN[2]=mx0, DIN[3]=mx1, DIN[4]=mx0, DIN[5]=mx1;

NAND2 nand_1w(.A(dec[1]), .B(Write), .Y(y_1w));
NAND2 nand_1r(.A(dec[1]), .B(Read), .Y(y_1r));

ram_2048x6 ram_blk1(.Data(DIN), .Q(Q_b1), .WAddress(rc[10:0]), .RAddress(rc[10:0]),
.WE(y_1w), .RE(y_1r), .WClock(Wclk), .RClock(Rclk));

NAND2 nand_2w(.A(dec[2]), .B(Write), .Y(y_2w));
NAND2 nand_2r(.A(dec[2]), .B(Read), .Y(y_2r));

```

```

ram_2048x6 ram_blk2(.Data(DIN),
    .Q(Q_b2), .WAddress(rc[10:0]), .RAddress(rc[10:0]),
    .WE(y_2w), .RE(y_2r), .WClock(Wclk), .RClock(Rclk));

NAND2 nand_3w(.A(dec[3]), .B(Write), .Y(y_3w));
NAND2 nand_3r(.A(dec[3]), .B(Read), .Y(y_3r));

ram_2048x6 ram_blk3(.Data(DIN),
    .Q(Q_b3), .WAddress(rc[10:0]), .RAddress(rc[10:0]),
    .WE(y_3w), .RE(y_3r), .WClock(Wclk), .RClock(Rclk));

/* NAND2 nand_4w(.A(dec[4]), .B(Write), .Y(y_4w));
NAND2 nand_4r(.A(dec[4]), .B(Read), .Y(y_4r));

ram_2048x3 ram_blk4(.Data(DIN),
    .Q(Q_b4), .WAddress(rc[10:0]), .RAddress(rc[10:0]),
    .WE(y_4w), .RE(y_4r), .WClock(Wclk), .RClock(Rclk));

NAND2 nand_5w(.A(dec[5]), .B(Write), .Y(y_5w));
NAND2 nand_5r(.A(dec[5]), .B(Read), .Y(y_5r));

ram_2048x3 ram_blk5(.Data(DIN),
    .Q(Q_b5), .WAddress(rc[10:0]), .RAddress(rc[10:0]),
    .WE(y_5w), .RE(y_5r), .WClock(Wclk), .RClock(Rclk));

NAND2 nand_6w(.A(dec[6]), .B(Write), .Y(y_6w));
NAND2 nand_6r(.A(dec[6]), .B(Read), .Y(y_6r));

ram_2048x3 ram_blk6(.Data(DIN),
    .Q(Q_b6), .WAddress(rc[10:0]), .RAddress(rc[10:0]),
    .WE(y_6w), .RE(y_6r), .WClock(Wclk), .RClock(Rclk));

NAND2 nand_7w(.A(dec[7]), .B(Write), .Y(y_7w));
NAND2 nand_7r(.A(dec[7]), .B(Read), .Y(y_7r));

ram_2048x3 ram_blk7(.Data(DIN),
    .Q(Q_b7), .WAddress(rc[10:0]), .RAddress(rc[10:0]),
    .WE(y_7w), .RE(y_7r), .WClock(Wclk), .RClock(Rclk)); */

mux_6x4 mux_6x4_0(.Data0_port(Q_b0), .Data1_port(Q_b1), .Data2_port(Q_b2),
    .Data3_port(Q_b3), .Sel0(rc[11]),
    .Sel1(rc[12]), .Result(Q_RAM));

endmodule

```

```

`timescale 1 ns/100 ps
// Version: 6.0 SP3 6.0.30.3

module mux_2x1(Data0_port,Data1_port,Sel0,Result);
input Data0_port, Data1_port, Sel0;
output Result;

MX2 MX2_Result(.A(Data0_port), .B(Data1_port), .S(Sel0), .Y(
    Result));

endmodule

`timescale 1 ns/100 ps
// Version: 6.2 SP2 6.2.52.7

module counter_13(Enable,Aclr,Clock,Q);
input Enable, Aclr, Clock;
output [12:0] Q;

wire ClrAux_0_net, ClrAux_7_net, MX2_1_Y, MX2_7_Y, MX2_4_Y,
    CM8_0_Y, MX2_10_Y, MX2_9_Y, MX2_3_Y, MX2_5_Y, MX2_6_Y,
    MX2_0_Y, MX2_8_Y, MX2_2_Y, MX2_11_Y, VCC, GND;

VCC VCC_1_net(.Y(VCC));
GND GND_1_net(.Y(GND));
DFC1D DFC1D_Q_7_inst(.D(MX2_1_Y), .CLK(Q[6]), .CLR(
    ClrAux_7_net), .Q(Q[7]));
DFC1D DFC1D_Q_1_inst(.D(MX2_7_Y), .CLK(Q[0]), .CLR(
    ClrAux_0_net), .Q(Q[1]));
BUFF BUFF_ClrAux_0_inst(.A(Aclr), .Y(ClrAux_0_net));
MX2 MX2_9(.A(VCC), .B(GND), .S(Q[5]), .Y(MX2_9_Y));
DFC1D DFC1D_Q_2_inst(.D(MX2_6_Y), .CLK(Q[1]), .CLR(
    ClrAux_0_net), .Q(Q[2]));
MX2 MX2_0(.A(VCC), .B(GND), .S(Q[8]), .Y(MX2_0_Y));
DFC1D DFC1D_Q_12_inst(.D(MX2_4_Y), .CLK(Q[11]), .CLR(
    ClrAux_7_net), .Q(Q[12]));
DFC1D DFC1D_Q_3_inst(.D(MX2_11_Y), .CLK(Q[2]), .CLR(
    ClrAux_0_net), .Q(Q[3]));
DFC1D DFC1D_Q_4_inst(.D(MX2_5_Y), .CLK(Q[3]), .CLR(
    ClrAux_0_net), .Q(Q[4]));
CM8 CM8_0(.D0(GND), .D1(VCC), .D2(VCC), .D3(GND), .S00(Q[0]),
    .S01(VCC), .S10(Enable), .S11(GND), .Y(CM8_0_Y));
MX2 MX2_11(.A(VCC), .B(GND), .S(Q[3]), .Y(MX2_11_Y));
DFC1B DFC1B_Q_0_inst(.D(CM8_0_Y), .CLK(Clock), .CLR(
    ClrAux_0_net), .Q(Q[0]));
MX2 MX2_6(.A(VCC), .B(GND), .S(Q[2]), .Y(MX2_6_Y));
MX2 MX2_3(.A(VCC), .B(GND), .S(Q[10]), .Y(MX2_3_Y));
DFC1D DFC1D_Q_11_inst(.D(MX2_10_Y), .CLK(Q[10]), .CLR(
    ClrAux_7_net), .Q(Q[11]));
MX2 MX2_10(.A(VCC), .B(GND), .S(Q[11]), .Y(MX2_10_Y));
BUFF BUFF_ClrAux_7_inst(.A(Aclr), .Y(ClrAux_7_net));
MX2 MX2_4(.A(VCC), .B(GND), .S(Q[12]), .Y(MX2_4_Y));
DFC1D DFC1D_Q_5_inst(.D(MX2_9_Y), .CLK(Q[4]), .CLR(
    ClrAux_0_net), .Q(Q[5]));

```

```

    ClrAux_0_net), .Q(Q[5]));
DFC1D DFC1D_Q_9_inst(.D(MX2_8_Y), .CLK(Q[8]), .CLR(
    ClrAux_7_net), .Q(Q[9]));
MX2 MX2_5.(A(VCC), .B(GND), .S(Q[4]), .Y(MX2_5_Y));
MX2 MX2_8.(A(VCC), .B(GND), .S(Q[9]), .Y(MX2_8_Y));
DFC1D DFC1D_Q_8_inst(.D(MX2_0_Y), .CLK(Q[7]), .CLR(
    ClrAux_7_net), .Q(Q[8]));
MX2 MX2_2.(A(VCC), .B(GND), .S(Q[6]), .Y(MX2_2_Y));
MX2 MX2_7.(A(VCC), .B(GND), .S(Q[1]), .Y(MX2_7_Y));
MX2 MX2_1.(A(VCC), .B(GND), .S(Q[7]), .Y(MX2_1_Y));
DFC1D DFC1D_Q_6_inst(.D(MX2_2_Y), .CLK(Q[5]), .CLR(
    ClrAux_0_net), .Q(Q[6]));
DFC1D DFC1D_Q_10_inst(.D(MX2_3_Y), .CLK(Q[9]), .CLR(
    ClrAux_7_net), .Q(Q[10]));

```

endmodule

```
`timescale 1 ns/100 ps
// Version: 6.2 SP2 6.2.52.7
```

```
module decoder_2to4(Data0,Data1,Eq);
input Data0, Data1;
output [3:0] Eq;
```

```

AND2A AND2A_Eq_1_inst(.A(Data1), .B(Data0), .Y(Eq[1]));
AND2 AND2_Eq_3_inst(.A(Data0), .B(Data1), .Y(Eq[3]));
AND2A AND2A_Eq_2_inst(.A(Data0), .B(Data1), .Y(Eq[2]));
AND2B AND2B_Eq_0_inst(.A(Data0), .B(Data1), .Y(Eq[0]));

```

endmodule

```
`timescale 1 ns/100 ps
// Version: 6.2 SP2 6.2.52.7
```

```
module ram_2048x6(Data,Q,WAddress,RAddress,WE,RE,WClock,RClock);
input [5:0] Data;
output [5:0] Q;
```

```
input [10:0] WAddress, RAddress;
input WE, RE, WClock, RClock;
```

```
wire WEP, REP, VCC, GND;
```

```

VCC VCC_1_net(.Y(VCC));
GND GND_1_net(.Y(GND));
RAM64K36P ram_2048x6_R0C2(.WCLK(WClock), .RCLK(RClock),
    .DEPTH0(GND), .DEPTH1(GND), .DEPTH2(GND), .DEPTH3(GND),
    .WEN(WEP), .WW0(VCC), .WW1(GND), .WW2(GND), .WRAD0(
    WAddress[0]), .WRAD1(WAddress[1]), .WRAD2(WAddress[2]),
    .WRAD3(WAddress[3]), .WRAD4(WAddress[4]), .WRAD5(
    WAddress[5]), .WRAD6(WAddress[6]), .WRAD7(WAddress[7]),
    .WRAD8(WAddress[8]), .WRAD9(WAddress[9]), .WRAD10(
    WAddress[10]), .WRAD11(GND), .WRAD12(GND), .WRAD13(GND),
    .WRAD14(GND), .WRAD15(GND), .WD0(Data[4]), .WD1(Data[5]),

```

```

.WD2(GND), .WD3(GND), .WD4(GND), .WD5(GND), .WD6(GND),
.WD7(GND), .WD8(GND), .WD9(GND), .WD10(GND), .WD11(GND),
.WD12(GND), .WD13(GND), .WD14(GND), .WD15(GND), .WD16(GND)
,.WD17(GND), .WD18(GND), .WD19(GND), .WD20(GND), .WD21(
GND), .WD22(GND), .WD23(GND), .WD24(GND), .WD25(GND),
.WD26(GND), .WD27(GND), .WD28(GND), .WD29(GND), .WD30(GND)
,.WD31(GND), .WD32(GND), .WD33(GND), .WD34(GND), .WD35(
GND), .REN(REP), .RW0(VCC), .RW1(GND), .RW2(GND), .RDAD0(
RAddress[0]), .RDAD1(RAddress[1]), .RDAD2(RAddress[2]),
.RDAD3(RAddress[3]), .RDAD4(RAddress[4]), .RDAD5(
RAddress[5]), .RDAD6(RAddress[6]), .RDAD7(RAddress[7]),
.RDAD8(RAddress[8]), .RDAD9(RAddress[9]), .RDAD10(
RAddress[10]), .RDAD11(GND), .RDAD12(GND), .RDAD13(GND),
.RDAD14(GND), .RDAD15(GND), .RD0(Q[4]), .RD1(Q[5]), .RD2(
), .RD3(), .RD4(), .RD5(), .RD6(), .RD7(), .RD8(), .RD9(),
.RD10(), .RD11(), .RD12(), .RD13(), .RD14(), .RD15(),
.RD16(), .RD17(), .RD18(), .RD19(), .RD20(), .RD21(),
.RD22(), .RD23(), .RD24(), .RD25(), .RD26(), .RD27(),
.RD28(), .RD29(), .RD30(), .RD31(), .RD32(), .RD33(),
.RD34(), .RD35());
```

INV REBUBBLE(.A(RE), .Y(REP));

INV WEBUBBLE(.A(WE), .Y(WEP));

```

RAM64K36P ram_2048x6_R0C1(.WCLK(WClock), .RCLK(RClock),
.DEPTH0(GND), .DEPTH1(GND), .DEPTH2(GND), .DEPTH3(GND),
.WEN(WEP), .WW0(VCC), .WW1(GND), .WW2(GND), .WRAD0(
WAddress[0]), .WRAD1(WAddress[1]), .WRAD2(WAddress[2]),
.WRAD3(WAddress[3]), .WRAD4(WAddress[4]), .WRAD5(
WAddress[5]), .WRAD6(WAddress[6]), .WRAD7(WAddress[7]),
.WRAD8(WAddress[8]), .WRAD9(WAddress[9]), .WRAD10(
WAddress[10]), .WRAD11(GND), .WRAD12(GND), .WRAD13(GND),
.WRAD14(GND), .WRAD15(GND), .WD0(Data[2]), .WD1(Data[3]),
.WD2(GND), .WD3(GND), .WD4(GND), .WD5(GND), .WD6(GND),
.WD7(GND), .WD8(GND), .WD9(GND), .WD10(GND), .WD11(GND),
.WD12(GND), .WD13(GND), .WD14(GND), .WD15(GND), .WD16(GND)
,.WD17(GND), .WD18(GND), .WD19(GND), .WD20(GND), .WD21(
GND), .WD22(GND), .WD23(GND), .WD24(GND), .WD25(GND),
.WD26(GND), .WD27(GND), .WD28(GND), .WD29(GND), .WD30(GND)
,.WD31(GND), .WD32(GND), .WD33(GND), .WD34(GND), .WD35(
GND), .REN(REP), .RW0(VCC), .RW1(GND), .RW2(GND), .RDAD0(
RAddress[0]), .RDAD1(RAddress[1]), .RDAD2(RAddress[2]),
.RDAD3(RAddress[3]), .RDAD4(RAddress[4]), .RDAD5(
RAddress[5]), .RDAD6(RAddress[6]), .RDAD7(RAddress[7]),
.RDAD8(RAddress[8]), .RDAD9(RAddress[9]), .RDAD10(
RAddress[10]), .RDAD11(GND), .RDAD12(GND), .RDAD13(GND),
.RDAD14(GND), .RDAD15(GND), .RD0(Q[2]), .RD1(Q[3]), .RD2(
), .RD3(), .RD4(), .RD5(), .RD6(), .RD7(), .RD8(), .RD9(),
.RD10(), .RD11(), .RD12(), .RD13(), .RD14(), .RD15(),
.RD16(), .RD17(), .RD18(), .RD19(), .RD20(), .RD21(),
.RD22(), .RD23(), .RD24(), .RD25(), .RD26(), .RD27(),
.RD28(), .RD29(), .RD30(), .RD31(), .RD32(), .RD33(),
.RD34(), .RD35());
```

RAM64K36P ram_2048x6_R0C0(.WCLK(WClock), .RCLK(RClock),
.DEPTH0(GND), .DEPTH1(GND), .DEPTH2(GND), .DEPTH3(GND),
.WEN(WEP), .WW0(VCC), .WW1(GND), .WW2(GND), .WRAD0(
WAddress[0]), .WRAD1(WAddress[1]), .WRAD2(WAddress[2]),
.WRAD3(WAddress[3]), .WRAD4(WAddress[4]), .WRAD5(

```

WAddress[5]), .WRAD6(WAddress[6]), .WRAD7(WAddress[7]),
.WRAD8(WAddress[8]), .WRAD9(WAddress[9]), .WRAD10(
WAddress[10]), .WRAD11(GND), .WRAD12(GND), .WRAD13(GND),
.WRAD14(GND), .WRAD15(GND), .WD0(Data[0]), .WD1(Data[1]),
.WD2(GND), .WD3(GND), .WD4(GND), .WD5(GND), .WD6(GND),
.WD7(GND), .WD8(GND), .WD9(GND), .WD10(GND), .WD11(GND),
.WD12(GND), .WD13(GND), .WD14(GND), .WD15(GND), .WD16(GND)
,.WD17(GND), .WD18(GND), .WD19(GND), .WD20(GND), .WD21(
GND), .WD22(GND), .WD23(GND), .WD24(GND), .WD25(GND),
.WD26(GND), .WD27(GND), .WD28(GND), .WD29(GND), .WD30(GND)
,.WD31(GND), .WD32(GND), .WD33(GND), .WD34(GND), .WD35(
GND), .REN(REP), .RW0(VCC), .RW1(GND), .RW2(GND), .RDAD0(
RAddress[0]), .RDAD1(RAddress[1]), .RDAD2(RAddress[2]),
.RDAD3(RAddress[3]), .RDAD4(RAddress[4]), .RDAD5(
RAddress[5]), .RDAD6(RAddress[6]), .RDAD7(RAddress[7]),
.RDAD8(RAddress[8]), .RDAD9(RAddress[9]), .RDAD10(
RAddress[10]), .RDAD11(GND), .RDAD12(GND), .RDAD13(GND),
.RDAD14(GND), .RDAD15(GND), .RD0(Q[0]), .RD1(Q[1]), .RD2(
,.RD3(), .RD4(), .RD5(), .RD6(), .RD7(), .RD8(), .RD9(),
.RD10(), .RD11(), .RD12(), .RD13(), .RD14(), .RD15(),
.RD16(), .RD17(), .RD18(), .RD19(), .RD20(), .RD21(),
.RD22(), .RD23(), .RD24(), .RD25(), .RD26(), .RD27(),
.RD28(), .RD29(), .RD30(), .RD31(), .RD32(), .RD33(),
.RD34(), .RD35());

```

endmodule

```
`timescale 1 ns/100 ps
// Version: 6.2 SP2 6.2.52.7
```

```

module mux_6x4(Data0_port,Data1_port,Data2_port,Data3_port,Sel0,
Sel1,Result);
input [5:0] Data0_port, Data1_port, Data2_port, Data3_port;
input Sel0, Sel1;
output [5:0] Result;

MX4 MX4_Result_0_inst(.D0(Data0_port[0]), .D1(Data1_port[0]),
.D2(Data2_port[0]), .D3(Data3_port[0]), .S0(Sel0), .S1(
Sel1), .Y(Result[0]));
MX4 MX4_Result_2_inst(.D0(Data0_port[2]), .D1(Data1_port[2]),
.D2(Data2_port[2]), .D3(Data3_port[2]), .S0(Sel0), .S1(
Sel1), .Y(Result[2]));
MX4 MX4_Result_5_inst(.D0(Data0_port[5]), .D1(Data1_port[5]),
.D2(Data2_port[5]), .D3(Data3_port[5]), .S0(Sel0), .S1(
Sel1), .Y(Result[5]));
MX4 MX4_Result_1_inst(.D0(Data0_port[1]), .D1(Data1_port[1]),
.D2(Data2_port[1]), .D3(Data3_port[1]), .S0(Sel0), .S1(
Sel1), .Y(Result[1]));
MX4 MX4_Result_4_inst(.D0(Data0_port[4]), .D1(Data1_port[4]),
.D2(Data2_port[4]), .D3(Data3_port[4]), .S0(Sel0), .S1(
Sel1), .Y(Result[4]));
MX4 MX4_Result_3_inst(.D0(Data0_port[3]), .D1(Data1_port[3]),
.D2(Data2_port[3]), .D3(Data3_port[3]), .S0(Sel0), .S1(
Sel1), .Y(Result[3]));

```

endmodule



Microsemi Corporate Headquarters
2381 Morse Avenue, Irvine, CA 92614
Phone: 949.221.7100 · Fax: 949.756.0308
www.microsemi.com

Microsemi Corporation (NASDAQ: MSCC) offers the industry's most comprehensive portfolio of semiconductor technology. Committed to solving the most critical system challenges, Microsemi's products include high-performance, high-reliability analog and RF devices, mixed signal integrated circuits, FPGAs and customizable SoCs, and complete subsystems. Microsemi serves leading system manufacturers around the world in the defense, security, aerospace, enterprise, commercial, and industrial markets. Learn more at www.microsemi.com.

© 2011 Microsemi Corporation. All rights reserved. Microsemi and the Microsemi logo are trademarks of Microsemi Corporation. All other trademarks and service marks are the property of their respective owners.