# DG0388 Demo Guide SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA Error Detection and Correction of eSRAM Memory





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# 1 Revision History

The revision history describes the changes that were implemented in the document. The changes are listed by revision, starting with the current publication.

## 1.1 **Revision 11.0**

The following is a summary of the changes made in this revision.

- Updated the document for Libero SoC v12.6.
- Removed the references to Libero version numbers.

## 1.2 **Revision 10.0**

Updated the document for Libero SoC v11.8 SP1 software release.

## 1.3 Revision 9.0

Updated the document for Libero SoC v11.8 software release.

## 1.4 Revision 8.0

Updated the document for Libero SoC v11.7 software release (SAR 77402).

## 1.5 Revision 7.0

Updated the document for Libero SoC v11.6 software release (SAR 72777).

## 1.6 Revision 6.0

Updated the document for Libero SoC v11.5 software release (SAR 64979).

## 1.7 Revision 5.0

Updated the document for Libero SoC v11.4 software release (SAR 60476).

## 1.8 Revision 4.0

Updated the document for Libero SoC v11.3 software release (SAR 56852).

## **1.9 Revision 3.0**

Updated the document for Libero SoC v11.2 software release (SAR 52960).

## 1.10 Revision 2.0

Updated the document for Libero SoC v11.0 software release (SAR 47858).

## 1.11 Revision 1.0

The first publication of this document.



Graphical User

Interface

Running on Host PC

# 2 SmartFusion2 SoC FPGA - Error Detection and Correction of eSRAM Memory

## 2.1 Introduction

This document describes the Error Detection and Correction (EDAC) capabilities of the SmartFusion<sup>®</sup>2 devices on the embedded static random access memory (eSRAM).

The EDAC controllers implemented in the SmartFusion2 devices support Single-Error Correction and Double-Error Detection (SECDED). All memories within the Microcontroller Subsystem (MSS) of the SmartFusion2 are protected by SECDED. The eSRAM memory can be eSRAM\_0 or eSRAM\_1. The address range of eSRAM\_0 is 0x20000000 to 0x20007FFF and the address range of eSRAM\_1 is 0x20008000 to 0x2000FFFF.

When SECDED is enabled:

- A write operation computes and adds 8 bits of SECDED code to every 32 bits of data.
- A read operation reads and checks the data against the stored SECDED code to support 1-bit error correction and 2-bit error detection.

In this demo, the EDAC can be identified by the blinking Llight-Emitting Diode (LED) on the board and by the Graphical User Interface (GUI).

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Figure 1 • Top-Level Block Diagram

The EDAC of eSRAM supports the following features:

- 1. SECDED mechanism
- 2. Provides interrupts to the ARM Cortex- M3 processor and FPGA fabric upon the detection of a 1-bit error or 2-bit error.
- 3. Stores the number of 1-bit and 2-bit errors to the error counter registers.
- 4. Stores the address of the last 1-bit or 2-bit error affected memory location.

EDAC

Controller Logic

- 5. Stores 1-bit or 2-bit error data into the SECDED registers.
- 6. Provides error bus signals to the FPGA fabric.

Refer to the EDAC chapter of the UG0443: SmartFusion2 and IGLOO2 FPGA Security and Reliability User Guide and the eSRAM chapter of the UG0331: SmartFusion2 Microcontroller Subsystem User Guide.



# 2.2 Demo Requirements

The following table lists the hardware and software requirements for running the demo design.

#### Table 1 • Design Requirements

Requirement	Version
Operating System	64 bit Windows 7 and10
Hardware	
<ul> <li>SmartFusion2 Security Evaluation Kit:</li> <li>FlashPro4 programmer</li> <li>USB A to Mini - B USB cable</li> <li>12 V Adapter</li> </ul>	Rev D or later
Software	
FlashPro Express	Refer to the <code>readme.txt</code> file provided in the design files
Libero <sup>®</sup> System-on-Chip (SoC) software	for the software versions used with this reference design.
SoftConsole	
Host PC Drivers	USB to UART drivers
For launching demo GUI	Microsoft.NET Framework 4 client

**Note:** Libero SmartDesign and configuration screen shots shown in this guide are for illustration purpose only. Open the Libero design to see the latest updates.

## 2.3 **Prerequisites**

Before you begin:

Download and install Libero SoC (as indicated in the website for this design) on the host PC from the following location.

https://www.microsemi.com/product-directory/design-resources/1750-libero-soc

## 2.3.1 Design Files

The demo design files are available for download from the following path in the Microsemi website: http://soc.microsemi.com/download/rsc/?f=m2s\_dg0388\_df

Design files include:

- GUI Executable
- Libero\_Project
- Programming\_Job
- Readme file

The following figure shows the top-level structure of the design files. For further details, refer to the <code>readme.txt</code> file.



#### Figure 2 • Demo Design Top-Level Structure



# 2.4 Demo Design Description

Each eSRAM within the MSS is protected by a dedicated EDAC controller. EDAC detects a 1-bit error or 2-bit error when data is read from the memory. If EDAC detects the 1-bit error, the EDAC controller corrects the same error bit. If EDAC is enabled for all the 1-bit and 2-bit errors, corresponding error counters in the system registers are incremented and corresponding interrupts and error bus signals to the FPGA fabric are generated.

In a Single Event Upset (SEU) susceptible environment, Random Access Memory (RAM) is prone to transient errors caused by heavy ions. This happens in real-time. To demonstrate this, an error is introduced manually and detection and correction is observed.

This demo design involves implementation of following tasks:

- Enable EDAC
- Write data to eSRAM
- Read data from eSRAM
- Disable EDAC
- Corrupt one or two bits
- Write data to eSRAM
- Enable EDAC
- Read the data
- In the case of a 1-bit error, the EDAC controller corrects the error, updates the corresponding status registers, and gives the data written in step 2 at the read operation done at step 8.
- In the case of a 2-bit error, a corresponding interrupt is generated, and the application must correct the data or take the appropriate action in the interrupt handler. These two methods are demonstrated in this demo.

Two tests are implemented in this demo: loop test and manual test, and they are applicable to both 1-bit and 2-bit errors.



## 2.4.1 Loop Test

Loop Test is executed when the SmartFusion2 receives a loop test command from the GUI. Initially, all the error counters and EDAC related registers are placed in the **RESET** state.

The following steps are executed for each iteration:

- 1. Enable the EDAC controller.
- 2. Write the data to the specific eSRAM memory location.
- 3. Disable the EDAC controller.
- 4. Write the 1-bit or 2-bit error induced data to the same eSRAM memory location.
- 5. Enable the EDAC controller.
- 6. Read the data from the same eSRAM memory location.
- 7. Send the 1-bit or 2-bit error detection and 1-bit error correction data in case of 1-bit error to the GUI.

## 2.4.2 Manual Test

This method allows manual testing for enabling or disabling EDAC and write or read operation. Using this method, 1-bit or 2-bit errors can be introduced to any location within the eSRAM. Enable the EDAC and write data to the specified address using the GUI fields. Disable the EDAC and write 1-bit or 2-bit corrupted data to the same address location. Enable the EDAC and read the data from the same address location then the LED on the board toggles to notify the detection and correction of errors. The corresponding error counter is displayed on the GUI. The GUI Serial Console logs all the actions performed in SmartFusion2.

The following figure shows the eSRAM EDAC demo operations.







# 2.5 Running the Demo

This section describes the SmartFusion2 Security Evaluation Kit board setup, the GUI options, and how to execute the demo design.

## 2.5.1 Demo Setup

The following steps describe how to setup the demo:

- 1. Connect the FlashPro4 programmer to the **J5** connector of SmartFusion2 Security Evaluation Kit board.
- 2. Connect one end of the USB mini-B cable to the **J18** connector provided in the SmartFusion2 Security Evaluation Kit board. Connect the other end of the USB cable to the host PC. Ensure that the USB to UART Bridge drivers are automatically detected (can be verified in the Device Manager), as shown in Figure 4, page 7.
- **Note:** Copy the COM port number for serial port configuration. Ensure that the COM port **Location** is specified as **on USB Serial Converter D**, as shown in the following figure.

#### Figure 4 • USB to UART Bridge Drivers

📲 Device Manager	
File Action View Help	
	USB Serial Port (COM20) Properties
W7-Donthus         W7-Donthus         Display adapters         Display adapters         W7-Donthus         Display adapters         DVD/CD-ROM drives         W7         Human Interface Devices         W7         W7         W7         W8         W8         W8         W7         W8         W108         W108         W108         W108         W108         W109         W108         W109         W108         W109         W108         W109         W108         W10	General Port COM20) Properties  General Port Settings Driver Details USB Serial Port (COM20) Device type: Ports (COM & LPT) Manufacturer: FTDI Location: on USB Serial Converter D Device status [This device is working property.
Opens property sheet for the current selectio	

- 3. If USB to UART bridge drivers are not installed, download and install the drivers from www.microsemi.com/soc/documents/CDM\_2.08.24\_WHQL\_Certified.zip
- 4. Connect the jumpers on the SmartFusion2 Security Evaluation Kit board, as shown in the following figure. The power supply switch **SW7** must be switched **OFF** while making the jumper connections.

#### Table 2 • SmartFusion2 Security Evaluation Kit Jumper Settings

Jumper	Pin (From)	Pin (To)	Comments
J22, J23, J24, J8, J3	1 (default)	2	These are the default jumper settings of the SmartFusion2 Security Evaluation Kit board. Ensure that these jumpers are set accordingly.

5. Connect the power supply to J18 connector.



The following figure shows the board setup for running the demo on the SmartFusion2 Security Evaluation Kit.



### Figure 5 • SmartFusion2 Security Evaluation Kit Board Setup



## 2.5.2 Graphical User Interface

The following section describes about eSRAM - EDAC demo GUI.

#### Figure 6 • eSRAM – EDAC Demo GUI

Serial Port Configuration COM Port COM20  Baud Rate 57600  Disconnect  1-bit Error Correction  Concerning  Concer	Serial Console  Clearing Status Register On-Board LED is ON Enabling eSRAM EDAC Data 0x00010000 is written to Address 0x200000C0 Disabling eSRAM EDAC Data 0x00010000 is written to corrupt the data at Address 0x200000C0 Enabling eSRAM EDAC Data 0x00010000 is read from Address 0x200000C0 On-Board LED is OFF Clearing Status Register On-Board LED is ON Enabling eSRAM EDAC Data 0x00020000 is written to Address 0x200000C4 Disabling eSRAM EDAC Data 0x00000000 is written to Address 0x200000C4 Disabling eSRAM EDAC Data 0x00000000 is written to Address 0x200000C4 Disabling eSRAM EDAC Data 0x00000000 is written to Address 0x200000C4 Data 0x00020000 is read from Address 0x200000C4 Chased LED is OFF Clearing Status Register
SM&RTFUSION® 2	Exit .

The GUI supports the following features:

- 1. Selection of COM port and Baud Rate.
- 2. Selection of 1-bit error correction tab or 2-bit error detection tab.
- 3. Selection of eSRAM0 or eSRAM1.
- 4. Address field to write or read data to or from specified eSRAM address.
- 5. Data field to write or read data to or from specified eSRAM address.
- 6. Serial Console section to print the status information received from the application.
- 7. EDAC ON/OFF: Enables or disables the EDAC.
- 8. Write: Allows writing data to the specified address.
- 9. Read: Allows reading data from the specified address.
- 10. LOOP test ON/OFF: Allows testing the EDAC mechanism in a loop method.

### 2.5.3 Running the Design

The following steps describe how to run the design:

- 1. Switch **ON** the supply switch, **SW7**.
- 2. Program the SmartFusion2 Security Evaluation kit board with the job file provided as part of the design files (\Programming\_job\eSRAM\_0\eSRAM0.job or \Programming\_job\eSRAM1.job) using FlashPro Express software, refer to Appendix: Programming the Device Using FlashPro Express, page 12.
- 3. Press SW6 switch to reset the board after successful programming.
- 4. Launch the EDAC\_eSRAM Demo GUI executable file available in the design files (\GUI Executable\ EDAC eSRAM.exe). The GUI window is displayed, as shown in Figure 6, page 9.
- 5. Select the appropriate COM port (to which USB to UART Bridge drivers are pointed) from the COM Port drop-down list.
- 6. Select the **Baud Rate** as 57600 and click **Connect**. After establishing the connection, **Connect** changes to **Disconnect**.
- 7. Select eSRAM 0 or eSRAM 1 depending upon the programming file selected in step 2.
- 8. Select the 1-bit **Error Correction** tab or 2-bit **Error Detection** tab, as shown in Figure 7, page 10. and Figure 8, page 11.
- 9. Two types of tests can be performed: Manual and Loop.



## 2.5.3.1 Performing Loop Test

Click **Loop Test ON**. It runs in loop mode where continuous correction and detection of errors is done. The loop runs for 200 iterations. All actions performed in SmartFusion2 are logged in the **Serial Console** section of the GUI. The 2-bit error detection loop test prints the error affected eSRAM address offset in Serial Console. Click **Loop Test OFF** after 200 iterations are completed.

Memory	1-Bit Error Correction	2-Bit Error Detection
eSRAM0	0x20000000	0x20002000
eSRAM1	0x20008000	0x2000A000

### 2.5.3.2 Performing Manual Test

In this method, errors are introduced manually using GUI. Use the following steps to execute 1-bit error correction or 2-bit error detection:

- 1. Input Address and Data fields (use 32-bit Hexadecimal values).
- 2. Click EDAC ON.
- 3. Click Write.
- 4. Click EDAC OFF.
- 5. Just change 1-bit (in case of 1-bit error correction) or 2 bits (in case of 2-bit error detection) in Data field (introducing error).
- 6. Click Write.
- 7. Click EDAC ON.
- 8. Click Read.
- 9. Observe Error Count display and Data field in the GUI. The error count value increases by 1.

All the actions performed in SmartFusion2 are logged in Serial Console section of GUI.

**Note:** To switch from **1-bit Error Correction** tab to **2-bit Error Detection** tab or vice versa in EDAC\_eSRAM Demo GUI, reset the hardware board.

#### Figure 7 • 1-Bit Error Correction Tab

Serial Port Configuration         COM Port       COM20       Baud Rate       57600       Disconnect         1-bit Error Correction       2-bit Error Detection            • eSRAM 0         • eSRAM 1        eSRAM Memory        Error Count          Address       20000000        Data       F0F0F0F0        Error Count          Manual Test       EDAC ON       Write       Read       Loop Test OFF	Serial Console           Disabling eSRAM EDAC           Data (x00000000) is written to corrupt the data at Address           (A2000000)           Enabling eSRAM EDAC           Data (x0000001) is read from Address (x20000000)           On-Board LED is OFF           Clearing Status Register           On-Board LED is ON           Enabling eSRAM EDAC           Data (x00000002) is written to Address (x2000004           Data (x00000002) is written to corrupt the data at Address           (Ac00000002) is written to corrupt the data at Address           (Ac00000002) is written to corrupt the data at Address           (Ac00000002) is ofF           Data (x00000002) is ofF           Data (x00000002) is ofF           Clearing SRAM EDAC           Data (x00000002) is ofF           Clearing Status Register           On-Board LED is OF           Data (x00000004 is written to Address (x20000008           Disabl
SmartFusion® 2	Exit



#### Figure 8 • 2-Bit Error Detection Tab

COM Port COM20    Baud Rate 57600    Disconnect	Affected eSRAM Address Offset is 0x000020AC Enabling eSRAM EDAC Data 0x00001000 is written to Address 0x200020B0
1 bit Error Correction       2-bit Error Detection            • eSRAM 0         • eSRAM 1           • eSRAM 1          eSRAM Memory           • error Count          Address       20000000          Data       E0E0E0E0          Manual Test           • ead          EDAC ON       Write       Read	Distalling eSNAW EDAC Data 6x00001003 is written to corrupt the last 2 bits of data(LSB) at Address 0x200020B0 Enabling eSRAM EDAC 2-bit error is detected Affected eSRAM Address Offset is 0x000020B0 Enabling eSRAM EDAC Data 0x00002000 is written to Address 0x200020B4 Disabling eSRAM EDAC Data 0x00002003 is written to corrupt the last 2 bits of data(LSB) at Address 0x200020B4 Enabling eSRAM EDAC 2-bit error is detected Affected eSRAM Address Offset is 0x000020B4 Enabling eSRAM EDAC Data 0x00004000 is written to Address 0x200020B4 Disabling eSRAM EDAC Data 0x00004000 is written to Address 0x200020B8 Disabling eSRAM EDAC Data 0x00004003 is written to corrupt the last 2 bits of data(LSB) at
SMARTFUSION <sup>®</sup> 2	Exit

## 2.6 Conclusion

This demo shows SmartFusion2 SECDED capabilities of the eSRAM.



# 3 Appendix: Programming the Device Using FlashPro Express

This section describes how to program the SmartFusion2 device with the programming job file using FlashPro Express.

To program the device, perform the following steps:

- 1. Ensure that the jumper settings on the board are the same as those listed in Table 2, page 7.
- Note: The power supply switch must be switched off while making the jumper connections.
  - 2. Connect the power supply cable to the **J6** connector on the board.
  - 3. Power **ON** the power supply switch **SW7**.
  - 4. On the host PC, launch the FlashPro Express software.
  - 5. Click **New** or select **New Job Project from FlashPro Express Job** from **Project** menu to create a new job project, as shown in the following figure.

#### Figure 9 • FlashPro Express Job Project

DProjects			
		New Job Project from FlashPro Express Job	Ctrl+N
N		🚔 Open Job Project	Ctrl+0
en		× Close Job Project	
cont Duoiosta		🔛 Save Job Project	Ctrl+Shift+A
cent projects	or	Set Log File	•
		Export Log File	
		Preferences	
		Execute Script	Ctrl+U
		Export Script File	
		Recent Projects	•
		<b>5</b> .4	011.0

- 6. Enter the following in the New Job Project from FlashPro Express Job dialog box:
- **Programming job file:** Click **Browse**, and navigate to the location where the .job file is located and select the file. The default location is:

<download\_folder>\m2s\_dg0388\_df\Programming\_Job

 FlashPro Express job project name: Click Browse and navigate to the location where you want to save the project.



#### Figure 10 • New Job Project from FlashPro Express Job

gramming job file.			
			Browse
shPro Express job project r	name:		
top		1	
shPro Express job project l	location:	_	
			Browse

- 7. Click **OK**. The required programming file is selected and ready to be programmed in the device.
- 8. The FlashPro Express window appears as shown in the following figure. Confirm that a programmer number appears in the Programmer field. If it does not, confirm the board connections and click **Refresh/Rescan** Programmers.

Figure 11 • Programming the Device

Project View Tools Help							
Refresh/Rescan Programmers							
Programmer	<ul> <li>М2S090Т</li> <li>Ф тво</li> <li>ты Ф</li> </ul>						
1 🕑 🖻 🏂 94435 IDLE	IDLE						
PROGRAM		IDI F					
RUN		IDEE					

9. Click **RUN**. When the device is programmed successfully, a **RUN PASSED** status is displayed as shown in the following figure.



## Figure 12 • FlashPro Express—RUN PASSED

Project view loois help			
Refresh/Rescan Programmers			
Programmer	🚯 M2S090T 🕮 Ф тро трі Ф		
1 🔁 🖻 🏂 194435 RUN PASSED	PASSED		
PROGRAM			
RUN	1 PRC	OGRAMMER(S) PASSED	
.og			8 ×
🗏 Messages 🛛 Errors 🔺 Warnings 🕕 Info			
programmer '94435' : device 'M2S09 00:01:28)	90T' : Finished: W	ed Apr 7 17:30:51 2021 (Elapsed time	<b>_</b>
programmer '94435' : device 'M2S09 programmer '94435' : Chain program Chain Programming Finished: Wed Ag	00T' : Executing a mming PASSED. or 7 17:30:51 202	ction PROGRAM PASSED. 1 (Elapsed time 00:01:28)	
0-0-0	- 0 - 0 - 0		

10. Close FlashPro Express or in the Project tab, click Exit.